OPERATION AND PARTS MANUAL



MODEL JS36/30H55DE CONVERTIBLE EDGING WALK-BEHIND TROWEL (Honda GX160 GASOLINE ENGINE)

Revision #0 (05/02/16)

Original Version

To find the latest revision of this publication, visit our website at:

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THIS MANUAL MUST ACCOMPANY THE EQUIPMENT AT ALL TIMES.

P/N 24421

A WARNING

Gasoline engine exhaust and some of its constituents, and some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling and other construction activities contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- Lead from lead-based paints.
- Crystalline silica from bricks.
- Cement and other masonry products.
- Arsenic and chromium from chemically treated lumber.

Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: <u>ALWAYS</u> work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles.

SILICOSIS/RESPIRATORY WARNINGS

AWARNING



SILICOSIS WARNING

Grinding/cutting/drilling of masonry, concrete, metal and other materials with silica in their composition may give off dust or mists containing crystalline silica. Silica is a basic component of sand, quartz, brick clay, granite and numerous other minerals and rocks. Repeated and/or substantial inhalation of airborne crystalline silica can cause serious or fatal respiratory diseases, including silicosis. In addition, California and some other authorities have listed respirable crystalline silica as a substance known to cause cancer. When cutting such materials, always follow the respiratory precautions mentioned above. **A**WARNING



RESPIRATORY HAZARDS

Grinding/cutting/drilling of masonry, concrete, metal and other materials can generate dust, mists and fumes containing chemicals known to cause serious or fatal injury or illness, such as respiratory disease, cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. If you are unfamiliar with the risks associated with the particular process and/or material being cut or the composition of the tool being used, review the material safety data sheet and/or consult your employer, the material manufacturer/supplier, governmental agencies such as OSHA and NIOSH and other sources on hazardous materials. California and some other authorities, for instance, have published lists of substances known to cause cancer, reproductive toxicity, or other harmful effects.

Control dust, mist and fumes at the source where possible. In this regard use good work practices and follow the recommendations of the manufacturers or suppliers, OSHA/NIOSH, and occupational and trade associations. Water should be used for dust suppression when wet cutting is feasible. When the hazards from inhalation of dust, mists and fumes cannot be eliminated, the operator and any bystanders should always wear a respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for the materials being used.

JS36/30H55DE WALK-BEHIND TROWEL

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NOTICE

Specifications and part numbers are subject to change without notice.

TRAINING CHECKLIST

| | Training Checklist | | | | |
|-----|---|-----|------|--|--|
| No. | Description | OK? | Date | | |
| 1 | Read operation manual completely. | | | | |
| 2 | Machine layout, location of components, checking of engine oil level. | | | | |
| 3 | Fuel system, refueling procedure. | | | | |
| 4 | Operation of controls (machine not running). | | | | |
| 5 | Safety controls, safety stop switch operation. | | | | |
| 6 | Emergency stop procedures. | | | | |
| 7 | Startup of machine, engine choke. | | | | |
| 8 | Maintaining a hover. | | | | |
| 9 | Maneuvering. | | | | |
| 10 | Pitching. | | | | |
| 11 | Concrete finishing techniques. | | | | |
| 12 | Shutdown of machine. | | | | |
| 13 | Lifting of machine (lifting bale). | | | | |
| 14 | Machine transport and storage. | | | | |

DAILY PRE-OPERATION CHECKLIST

| Daily | Daily Pre-Operation Checklist | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
|-------|-------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Engine oil level | | | | | | |
| 2 | Gearbox oil level | | | | | | |
| 3 | Condition of blades | | | | | | |
| 4 | Blade pitch operation | | | | | | |
| 5 | Safety stop switch operation | | | | | | |

Do not operate or service the equipment before reading the entire manual. Safety precautions should be followed

at all times when operating this equipment. Failure to read and understand the safety messages and operating instructions could result in injury to yourself and others.



SAFETY MESSAGES

The four safety messages shown below will inform you about potential hazards that could injure you or others. The safety messages specifically address the level of exposure to the operator and are preceded by one of four words: **DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION** or **NOTICE.**

SAFETY SYMBOLS

DANGER

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, WILL result in **DEATH** or **SERIOUS INJURY**.

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, COULD result in DEATH or SERIOUS INJURY.

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, COULD result in MINOR or MODERATE INJURY.

NOTICE

Addresses practices not related to personal injury.

Potential hazard associated with the operation of this equipment will be referenced with *hazard symbols* which may appear throughout this manual in conjunction with safety messages.

| SYMBOL | SAFETY HAZARD | |
|--------|---|--|
| * | WARNING Lethal Exhaust Gas Hazard • Inhaling exhaust fumes can result in severe injury or death. • Only operate equipment in well ventilated areas. • DO NOT inhale exhaust gases/fumes. | |
| Mr. | WARNING Explosive Fuel Hazard • Gasoline fuel can cause fire or explosion. Stop engine before refueling. • Keep cigarettes, sparks and flames away from hot surfaces. | |
| | CAUTION Burn Hazard •HOT PARTS can burn skin. •DO NOT touch hot parts. Allow machine a sufficient amount of time to cool before performing maintenance | |

Warning decals associated with the operation of this equipment are defined below:

| DECAL | SAFETY HAZARD |
|-------|--|
| X | WARNING Rotating Blade Hazard • Keep hands and feet clear of guard rings. • Stop engine before servicing. |
| | WARNING Read Manual To avoid injury you must read and understand operator's manual before using this machine. |
| | WARNING Lifting Crush Hazard • NEVER allow any person to stand underneath the trowel while lifting. • DO NOT lift trowel with pans attached. • ALWAYS make sure handle is securely attached. • On Quick Pitch™ models make sure T-Handle latch is locked (engaged). |
| | ALWAYS wear protective clothing when operating this equipment |
| | WARNING Training This machine to be operated by qualified personnel. Ask for training as needed. |
| | WARNING Guard Hazard NEVER operate this equipment with guards removed. Keep hands clear. |

SAFETY INFORMATION

GENERAL SAFETY

NEVER operate this equipment without proper protective clothing, shatterproof glasses, respiratory protection, hearing protection, steel-toed boots and other protective devices required by the job or city and state regulations.



- Avoid wearing jewelry or loose fitting clothes that may snag on the controls or moving parts as this can cause serious injury.
- NEVER operate this equipment when not feeling well due to fatigue, illness or when under medication.



NEVER operate this equipment under the influence of drugs or alcohol.







- ALWAYS clear the work area of any debris, tools, etc. that would constitute a hazard while the equipment is in operation.
- No one other than the operator is to be in the working area when the equipment is in operation.
- DO NOT use the equipment for any purpose other than its intended purposes or applications.

NOTICE

- This equipment should only be operated by trained and qualified personnel 18 years of age and older.
- Whenever necessary, replace nameplate, operation and safety decals when they become difficult read.
- Manufacturer does not assume responsibility for any accident due to equipment modifications. Unauthorized equipment modification will void all warranties.
- NEVER use accessories or attachments that are not recommended by Multiquip for this equipment. Damage to the equipment and/or injury to user may result.
- ALWAYS know the location of the nearest fire extinguisher.



- ALWAYS know the location of the nearest first aid kit.
- ALWAYS know the location of the nearest phone or keep a phone on the job site. Also, know the phone numbers of the nearest ambulance, doctor and fire department. This information will be invaluable in the case of an emergency.



SAFETY INFORMATION

TROWEL SAFETY

DANGER

- Engine fuel exhaust gases contain poisonous carbon monoxide. This gas is colorless and odorless, and can cause death if inhaled.
- The engine of this equipment requires an adequate free flow of cooling air. NEVER operate this equipment in any

enclosed or narrow area where free flow of the air is restricted. If the air flow is restricted it will cause injury to people and property and serious damage to the equipment or engine.



NEVER operate the equipment in an explosive atmosphere or near combustible materials. An explosion or fire could result causing severe bodily harm or even death.



WARNING

ALWAYS keep clear of rotating or moving parts while operating the trowel.



■ DO NOT start or operate the trowel if the drive train will not disengage. Centrifugal

force between the trowel and surface when starting can cause uncontrolled handle movement that can cause serious injury. The handle must not move while pulling the engine recoil starter.

NEVER disconnect any emergency or safety devices. These devices are intended for operator safety. Disconnection of these devices can cause severe injury, bodily harm or even death. Disconnection of any of these devices will void all warranties.

- NEVER stand on trowel during operation.
- NEVER lubricate components or attempt service on a running machine.
- NEVER place your feet or hands inside the guard rings while starting or operating this equipment.

ALWAYS keep work area clear around the trowel. Make sure it is free of debris and objects.



- ALWAYS keep the machine in proper running condition.
- Fix damage to machine and replace any broken parts immediately.
- ALWAYS store equipment properly when it is not being used. Equipment should be stored in a clean, dry location out of the reach of children and unauthorized personnel.
- A safety manual for operating and maintenance personnel of concrete power trowels produced by the Association of Equipment Manufacturers (AEM) can be obtained for a fee by ordering through their website at www.aem.org.

Order FORM PT-160

ENGINE SAFETY

WARNING

- **DO NOT** place hands or fingers inside engine compartment when engine is running.
- NEVER operate the engine with heat shields or guards removed.
- Keep fingers, hands hair and clothing away from all moving parts to prevent injury.



DO NOT remove the engine oil drain plug while the engine is hot. Allow the oil to cool before performing maintenance. This will prevent scalding of personnel.

NEVER touch the hot exhaust manifold, muffler or cylinder. Allow these parts to cool before servicing equipment.



SAFETY INFORMATION

NOTICE

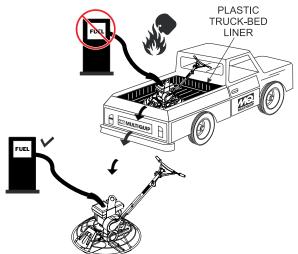
- NEVER run engine without an air filter or with a dirty air filter. Severe engine damage may occur. Service air filter frequently to prevent engine malfunction.
- NEVER tamper with the factory settings of the engine or engine governor. Damage to the engine or equipment can result if operating in speed ranges above the maximum allowable.



FUEL SAFETY

DANGER

DO NOT add fuel to equipment if it is placed inside truck bed with plastic liner. Possibility exists of explosion or fire due to static electricity.



- DO NOT start the engine near spilled fuel or combustible fluids. Fuel is extremely flammable and its vapors can cause an explosion if ignited.
- ALWAYS refuel in a well-ventilated area, away from sparks and open flames.
- ALWAYS use extreme caution when working with flammable liquids.
- **DO NOT** fill the fuel tank while the engine is running or hot.
- DO NOT overfill tank, since spilled fuel could ignite if it comes into contact with hot engine parts or sparks from the ignition system.

- Store fuel in appropriate containers, in well-ventilated areas and away from sparks and flames.
- NEVER use fuel as a cleaning agent.
- DO NOT smoke around or near the equipment. Fire or explosion could result from fuel vapors or if fuel is spilled on a hot engine.



TRANSPORTING SAFETY

NEVER allow any person or animal to stand underneath the equipment while lifting.



NOTICE

- Some walk-behind trowels can be lifted or moved by two people utilizing lifting tubes or other special attachments. Generally, however, they must be lifted using lifting bales and cranes, hoists, or forklifts.
- NEVER transport trowel with float pans attached unless safety catches are used and are specifically cleared for such transport by the manufacturer.
- NEVER hoist the trowel more than three feet off the ground with float pans attached.
- Before lifting, make sure that the lifting bales are not damaged.
- Always make sure crane or lifting device has been properly secured to the lifting bales of the equipment.
- ALWAYS shutdown engine before transporting.
- NEVER lift the equipment while the engine is running.
- Tighten fuel tank cap securely and close fuel cock to prevent fuel from spilling.
- Use adequate lifting cable (wire or rope) of sufficient strength.
- **DO NOT** lift machine to unnecessary heights.
- ALWAYS tie down equipment during transport by securing the equipment with rope.

ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY/DECOMMISSIONING

NOTICE

Decommissioning is a controlled process used to safely retire a piece of equipment that is no longer serviceable. If the equipment poses an unacceptable and unrepairable safety risk due to wear or damage or is no longer cost effective to maintain (beyond life-cycle reliability) and is to be decommissioned (demolition and dismantlement),be sure to follow rules below.

- DO NOT pour waste or oil directly onto the ground, down a drain or into any water source.
- Contact your country's Department of Public Works or recycling agency in your area and arrange for proper disposal of any electrical components, waste or oil associated with this equipment.



- When the life cycle of this equipment is over, remove battery and bring to appropriate facility for lead reclamation. Use safety precautions when handling batteries that contain sulfuric acid.
- When the life cycle of this equipment is over, it is recommended that the trowel frame and all other metal parts be sent to a recycling center.

Metal recycling involves the collection of metal from discarded products and its transformation into raw materials to use in manufacturing a new product.

Recyclers and manufacturers alike promote the process of recycling metal. Using a metal recycling center promotes energy cost savings.

EMISSIONS INFORMATION

NOTICE

The gasoline engine used in this equipment has been designed to reduce harmful levels of carbon monoxide (CO), hydrocarbons (HC) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) contained in gasoline exhaust emissions.

This engine has been certified to meet US EPA Evaporative emissions requirements in the installed configuration.

Attempting to modify or make adjustments to the engine emmission system by unauthorized personnel without proper training could damage the equipment or create an unsafe condition.

Additionally, modifying the fuel system may adversely affect evaporative emissions, resulting in fines or other penalties.

Emission Control Label

The emission control label is an integral part of the emission system and is strictly controlled by regulation(s).

The label must remain with the engine for its entire life.

If a replacement emission label is needed, please contact your authorized engine distributor.

TROWEL SPECIFICATIONS/DIMENSIONS

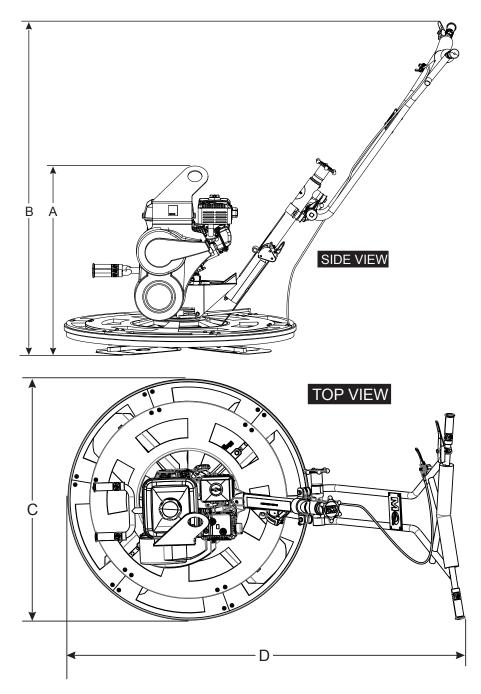


Figure 1. Dimensions

| Table 1. Trowel Specifications | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---|-----------|--|
| A-Height (Lifting Bale) -mm (in.) | 938 (28.6) | Path Width – mm (in.) | 914 (36) | |
| B-Height (Handle) - mm (in.) Standard | 950 (37.4) | Rotor – RPM (Dry Concrete) | 60-115 | |
| C-Width (Ring Diameter) - mm (in.) | 950 (37.3) | Gear Box Oil Capacity – ml (oz.) | 828 (28) | |
| D–Width – mm (in.) | 1,880 (74) | Shipping Weight – kg (lbs.) Folding Handle | 32 (14.5) | |

ENGINE AND NOISE AND VIBRATION SPECIFICATIONS

| Table 2. JS36/30H55DE Noise and Vibration Emissions | | | | |
|---|--------------|--|--|--|
| Model | JS36/30H55DE | | | |
| Guaranteed Sound Pressure Level at Op | 90 | | | |
| Guaranteed Sound Power Level in dB(A) | 105 | | | |
| Hand-Arm Vibration $[m/s^2 \Sigma A(8)]^{3,4}$ | 2.24 | | | |

NOTES:

- 1. Sound Pressure is an "A" weighted value per ISO 12100:2010 and was measured at the operator's ear position while the walk-behind trowel was operating at full throttle, with blades partially pitched, on a test fixture per Annex A of ISO 13105-2:2015. The reported value includes the required added uncertainty of 2.5 dB.
- 2. Sound Power is an "A" weighted value per ISO 3744:2010 and was measured at the operator's ear position while the walk-behind trowel was operating at full throttle, with blades partially pitched, on a test fixture per Annex A of ISO 13105-2:2015. The reported value includes the required added uncertainty of 1.5 dB.
- 3. The indicated vibration levels was obtained while the walk-behind trowel was operating at full throttle, with blades partially pitched, on a test fixture per Annex A of ISO 13105-2:2015.
- Per EU Directive 2002/44/EC, the daily exposure action value for hand-arm vibration is 2.5 m/s²ΣA(8) and the daily exposure limit value is 5.0 m/s²ΣA(8).

| Table 3. Engine Specifications/Dimensions | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Model | Honda GX160UT2QX2 [*] Engine (JS36/30H55DE) | | |
| Туре | Air-cooled 4 stroke, Single Cylinder, OHV, Horizontal Shaft Gasoline Engine | | |
| Bore X Stroke | 68 mm x 45 mm (2.70 in. X 1.8 in.) | | |
| Displacement | 163 cc (9.9 cu-in.) | | |
| Max. Output | 4.8 H.P. @ 3600 RPM | | |
| Fuel Tank Capacity | Approx. 3.6 Liters (0.95 U.S. Gallons) | | |
| Fuel | Unleaded Gasoline | | |
| Lube Oil Capacity | 0.6 liters (0.63 qt.) | | |
| Oil Type | 4-Stroke API, SF or SG SAE 10W-30 General Use | | |
| Speed Control Method | Centrifugal Flyweight Type | | |
| Cooling System | Forced Air | | |
| Starting Method | Recoil Start | | |
| Spark Plug Type | BPR6ES NGK | | |
| Spark Plug Gap | 0.70 - 0.80 mm (0.028-0.031 in.) | | |
| Dimensions (L x W x H) | 312 X 362 X 335 mm (12.3 x 14.3 X 13.2 in.) | | |
| Dry Net Weight | 15 Kg. (33.1 lbs.) | | |

INTENDED USE

Operate this trowel, tools and components in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Use of any other tools for stated operation is considered contrary to designated use. The risk of such use lies entirely with the user. The manufacturer cannot be held liable for damages as a result of misuse

TROWEL FAMILIARIZATION

This walk-behind trowel is designed for the floating and finishing of concrete slabs.

Take a walk around the trowel. Take notice of all the major components (Figure 2) like the engine, blades, steering handle, kill switch, gearbox, etc. Check that there is always oil in the engine.

Read all the safety instructions carefully. Safety instructions will be found throughout this manual and on the trowel. Keep all safety information in good, readable condition. Operators should be well trained on the operation and maintenance of the trowel.

Before using your trowel, test it on a flat watered down section of finished concrete that is free of any debris and other objects.

This trial test run will increase your confidence in using the trowel and at the same time it will familiarize you with the trowel's controls. In addition you will understand how the trowel handles under actual conditions.

ENGINE

This trowel is equipped with either a HONDA 4.8 HP gasoline engine. Refer to the engine owner's manual for instructions regarding the operation and maintenance of your engine. Please contact your nearest Multiquip Dealer for a replacement should the original manual disappear or otherwise become unusable.

DRIVE SYSTEM

Power is transferred from the engine to the gearbox input shaft via a V-belt pulley drive system. The pulley engages using a centrifugal clutch. See parts section of this manual for a breakdown of the drive system.

GEARBOX

The *gearbox* is located beneath the engine and transfers power to the *spider* assembly. The gearbox controls the rotational speed of the trowel and is equipped with two shafts (input and output).

SPIDER

The vertical output shaft of the gearbox connects to a cast hub called the *spider*. The spider has 4 arms that extend outward that are used for attachment of blades or other accessories. Remember as the gearbox output shaft rotates so does the spider assembly.

ROTATING GUARD RING

This unit is equipped with a rotating safety guard ring. It is designed allow the trowel to ride correctly along a wall to help protect items from coming into contact with the rotating blades while the trowel is in operation.

BLADES

The blades of the trowel finish the concrete as they are rotated around the surface. This trowel comes equipped with four *combination blades* (8 in./203 mm wide) per rotor equally spaced in a radial pattern and attached to a vertical rotating shaft by means of a spider assembly.

CENTRIFUGAL SAFETY STOP SWITCH

In the event of a trowel runaway condition (operator releases handlebars during operation), the centrifugal safety stop switch will stop the engine and bring the trowel to a halt

NEVER attempt to lift the trowel by yourself. **ALWAYS** get the assistance of another person to help lift the trowel.

TRAINING

For proper training, please use the "**TRAINING CHECKLIST**" form located in the front of this manual. This checklist will provide an outline for an experienced operator to provide training to a new operator.

TROWEL COMPONENTS

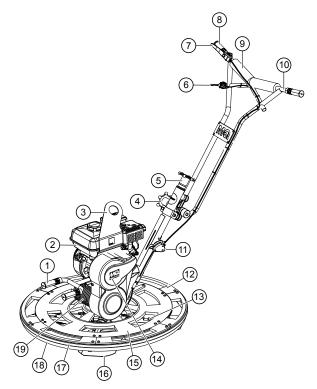


Figure 2. Trowel Control and Components

Figure 2 shows the location of the basic controls or components, for the trowel. Listed below is a brief explanation of each control or component.

- 1. Lift Bracket Safety hand holds to be grasped when lifting the trowel with two persons.
- 2. Engine Honda 4.8 HP gasoline engine.
- 3. Lifting Bale Attach a suitable lifting device to lifting bale whenever lifting of the trowel is required.
- 4. **Handlebar Adjuster** Change the angle/height of the handle bars by loosening star wheel, adjust handlebars to desired location, tighten starwheel firmly to hold handlebars in that position.
- Pitch Control Star Wheel— To adjust the pitch of the blades, rotate the star wheel clockwise to pitch blades upwards. Rotate star wheel counterclockwise to pitch blades flat (no pitch).
- 6. **Throttle Lever** Controls engine speed. Returns engine to idle when released.
- 7. **Operator Presence Lever (Optional)** This lever must be engaged (squeezed), when starting the engine. Releasing the lever will stop the engine.

- Hand Grips When maneuvering of the trowel is required ALWAYS place both hands on each grip to operate the trowel. Replace hand grips when they become worn or damaged.
- 9. **Handle Bar Pad** Foam rubber pad that protects the body when coming in contact with handle bar.
- 10. Vibratory Handle Bar Installed rubber shock mounts/isolators reduces vibration when the trowel is operating.
- 11. **Centrifugal Stop Switch** In the event the operator loses control of the trowel, this switch will shut down the engine.
- 12. **36" Guard Ring Segments (6)** Six segements fastened together to support 36" bumper and bumper ring. Also covers trowel blade edges.
- 13. Trowel Arm NEVER operate the trowel with a bent, broken or out of adjustment trowel arm. If the blades show uneven wear patterns or some blades wear out faster than others, the trowel arm may need to be adjusted. Use the trowel arm adjustment tool P/N 1817 to adjust the trowel arms.

TROWEL COMPONENTS

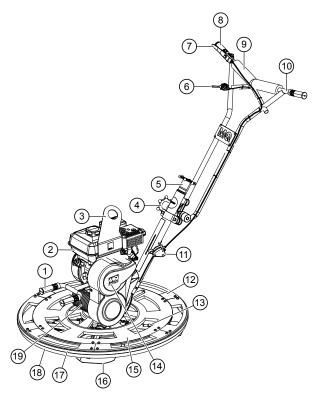
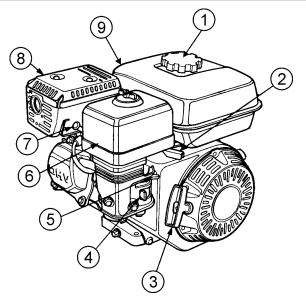
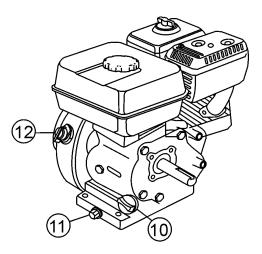


Figure 3. Trowel Control and Components

- V-Belt Cover Remove this cover to gain access to the V-belt. NEVER operate the trowel with this cover removed.
- 15. **30" Guard Ring NEVER** put hands or feet inside guard ring while the machine is running.
- 16. Blades This trowel is equipped with combination blades. These blades are versatile and should take care of most troweling needs. In addition float discs can be attached to the trowel arms that will allow the trowel to float on "wet" concrete.
- 17. **30"/36" Bumper** Allows the trowel to come closer to troweling surface boundaries (i.e. walls) without damaging the trowel blades.
- 30"/36" Bumper Ring Allows the trowel to come closer to troweling surface boundaries (i.e. walls) without damaging the trowel blades.
- Gearbox Helical worm gear drive gearbox. Provides rotation of blades via engine interface. ALWAYS check gearbox oil level (sight glass) prior to each use. Fill with recommended type gearbox oil.

ENGINE COMPONENTS





INITIAL SERVICING

Figure 4. Engine Controls and Components

The engine (Figure 4) must be checked for proper lubrication and filled with fuel prior to operation. Refer to the manufacturer's engine manual for instructions and details of operation and servicing.

 Fuel Filler Cap – Remove this cap to add unleaded gasoline to the fuel tank. Make sure cap is tightened securely. DO NOT over fill.

DANGER



Add fuel to the tank only when the engine is stopped and has had an opportunity to cool down. In the event of a fuel spill, **DO NOT** attempt to start the engine until the fuel residue has been completely wiped up and the area surrounding the engine is dry.

- Throttle Lever Used to adjust engine RPM speed. This lever is connect to the throttle lever cable located on the handle bars. Reference throttle cable installation procedure in this manual.
- Recoil Starter (pull rope) Manual-starting method. Pull the starter grip until resistance is felt, then pull briskly and smoothly.
- 4. Fuel Valve Lever **OPEN** to let fuel flow, **CLOSE** to stop the flow of fuel.
- 5. **Choke Lever** Used in the starting of a cold engine, or in cold weather conditions. The choke enriches the fuel mixture.

 Air Cleaner – Prevents dirt and other debris from entering the fuel system. Remove wing-nut on top of air filter canister to gain access to filter element.

NOTICE

Operating the engine without an air filter, with a damaged air filter, or a filter in need of replacement will allow dirt to enter the engine, causing rapid engine wear.

- 7. **Spark Plug** Provides spark to the ignition system. Set spark plug gap according to engine manufacturer's instructions. Clean spark plug once a week.
- 8. **Muffler** Used to reduce noise and emissions. **NEVER** touch when *hot!*
- 9. **Fuel Tank** Fill with unleaded gasoline. Reference Table 3 for fuel tank capacity. For additional information refer to Honda engine owner's manual.
- 10. **Dipstick/Oil Filler Cap** Remove this cap to determine if the engine oil is low. Add oil through this filler port as recommended in Table 4.
- 11. **Oil Drain Plug** Remove this plug to remove oil from the engine's crankcase.
- 12. Engine ON/OFF Switch ON position permits engine starting, OFF position stops engine operation.

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

Before the trowel can be put into operation there are some components that must be installed before the trowel can be used. This section provides general instructions on how to install those components. Instruction sheet P/N 20485 provides further details for the handle assembly.

Handle Tube Installation

1. Attach the main handle (tube) to the gearbox as shown in (Figure 5). The mounting hardware should be contained in the shipping container.

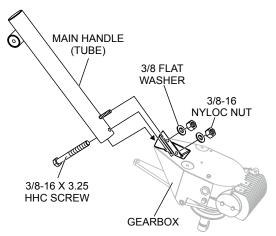


Figure 5. Handle Tube Installation

Vibratory T-Handle Bar Placement

- 1. The vibratory T-handle bar is already attached to the main handle tube.
- 2. To adjust the height of the T-bar, loosen the star wheel (Figure 6) and position T-handle bar in the desired position.

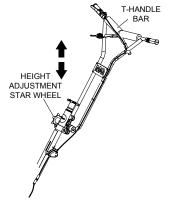


Figure 6. T-Handle Bar Adjustment

3. Tighten star wheel firmly.

Throttle Cable Installation (Engine)

- 1. Uncoil the throttle cable and housing.
- 2. Feed the throttle cable through the cable housing.
- 3. Connect the *trowel throttle cable* to the engine throttle linkage (Figure 7). There should be a piece of wire installed on the trowel to show where to route the throttle cable.
- Route *cable end* through the *idle control spring* and *swivel stop*. When connecting the *cable housing*, make sure that no more than 1/4" (6.4 mm) of the *cable housing* protrudes past the *housing clamp* on the engine.

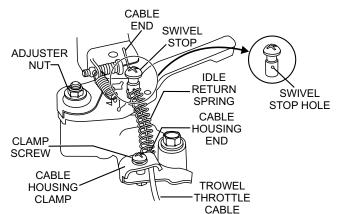


Figure 7. Throttle Cable Installation (Engine)

- 5. Tighten *cable clamp* screw and *swivel stop screw*.
- 6. After the trowel throttle cable has been connected to the engine throttle linkage, adjust and tighten operator position of the T-bar handle to lock the throttle cable at the proper length.
- Adjustment of the throttle cable tension may be required. If so, loosen the *adjusting nut* (top nut) on the throttle cable receiver (Figure 8) and loosen or tighten the *locking nut* (bottom nut). Retighten *adjusting nut*.

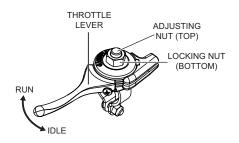


Figure 8. Throttle Cable Receiver Adjustment

NOTICE

If the throttle lever does not return to the "neutral" position with throttle backed off, loosen adjuster nut 1/2 turn at a time, tighten and recheck. Readjust throttle tension as necessary.

Safety Stop Switch Connection

1. Connect the black tail wire from the engine to the *top* black safety stop wire from the centrifugal stop switch as shown in in Figure 9.

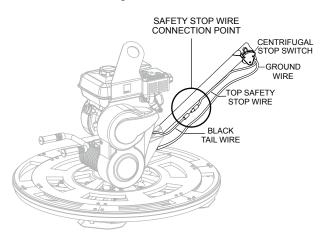


Figure 9. Safety Stop Switch Connection

 Remove the existing bottom mounting screw on the recoil starter cover (Figure 10) and connect the *bottom* wire from the centrifugal stop switch to this engine ground point.

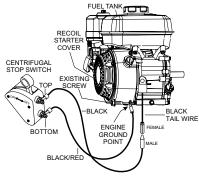


Figure 10. Engine Ground Point

Pitch Cable Installation

1. Expose the pitch cable to maximum by turning the blade pitch star wheel (Figure 11) fully counterclockwise for no pitch (blades flat).

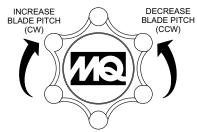


Figure 11. Blade Pitch Star Wheel

2. Remove brass set nuts #1 and #2 from the blade pitch cable end as shown in (Figure 12).

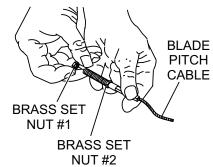


Figure 12. Blade Pitch Cable

3. Insert the cable end through the yoke eyelet (Figure 13). Tighten conical nut #1 by hand to remove all the slack from the cable.

NOTICE

Nut #1 has a chamfer (taper) on the top. Put the nut on with the chamfer (taper) against the yoke.

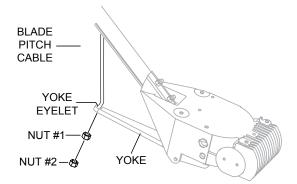


Figure 13. Pitch Cable Yoke Attachment

ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION/INSPECTION

4. Using a wrench, tighten the brass set nut up against the conical nut and yoke boss. This will lock the cable in place.

Before Starting

- 1. Read all safety instructions at the beginning of manual.
- 2. Clean the trowel, removing dirt and dust, particularly the engine cooling air inlet, carburetor and air cleaner.
- 3. Check the air filter for dirt and dust. If air filter is dirty, replace air filter with a new one as required.
- 4. Check carburetor for external dirt and dust. Clean with dry compressed air.
- 5. Check fastening nuts and bolts for tightness.

Engine Oil Check

- 1. To check the engine oil level, place the trowel on secure level ground with the engine stopped.
- 2. Remove the dipstick from the engine oil filler hole (Figure 14) and wipe clean.

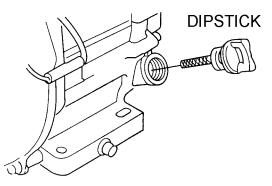


Figure 14. Engine Oil Dipstick Removal

3. Insert and remove the dipstick without screwing it into

the filler neck. Check the oil level shown on the dipstick.

4. If the oil level is low (Figure 15), fill to the edge of the oil filler hole with the recommended oil type as listed in Table 4. Reference Table 3 for maximum engine oil capacity.

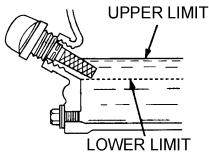
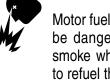


Figure 15. Engine Oil Dipstick (Oil Level)

| Table 4. Oil Type | | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Season | Temperature | Oil Type | | | |
| Summer | 25°C or Higher | SAE 10W-30 | | | |
| Spring/Fall | 25°C~10°C | SAE 10W-30/20 | | | |
| Winter | 0°C or Lower | SAE 10W-10 | | | |

🚺 DANGER

EXPLOSIVE FUEL!



Motor fuels are highly flammable and can be dangerous if mishandled. **DO NOT** smoke while refueling. **DO NOT** attempt to refuel the trowel if the engine is hot! or running.

Fuel Check

- 1. Visually inspect to see if fuel level is low. If fuel is low, replenish with unleaded fuel.
- When refueling, be sure to use a strainer for filtration. DO NOT top-off fuel. Wipe up any spilled fuel immediately.

Gearbox Oil

 Determine if the gearbox oil is low by removing the oil plug located on the side of the gearbox. (Figure 16) This plug will be marked by the "check" decal. The correct level of the lubrication oil should be to the bottom of the fill plug.

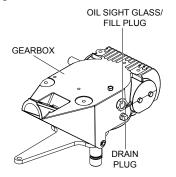


Figure 16. Gearbox

- 2. If lubrication oil begins to seep out as the drain plug is being removed, then it can be assumed that the gearbox has a sufficient amount of oil.
- If lubrication oil does not seep out as the drain plug is being removed, fill with type ISO 680 (P/N 10139) gearbox lubricant oil until the oil filler hole overflows.

V-Belt Check

A worn or damaged V-belt can adversely affect the performance of the trowel. If a V-belt is defective or worn simply replace the V-belt as outlined in the maintenance section of this manual.

Belt Guard Check

Check for damage, loose or missing hardware.

Blade Check

Check for worn or damaged blades. Check to see if one blade is worn out while the others look new. If this is the case there could be a blade pitch problem. Refer to the maintenance section of this manual for blade pitch adjustment procedure. Replace any worn blades.

WARNING

NEVER disable or disconnect the centrifugal safety "*STOP*" switch. It is provided for operator safety. Injury may result if it is disabled, disconnected or improperly maintained.

Centrifugal Safety "STOP" Switch

This trowel has been equipped with a centrifugal safety "**STOP**" switch (Figure 17). This switch should be tested every time the engine is started.

The switching mechanism of this switch should operate freely and should always be kept in this condition. With the switch in the **OFF** position, the engine should not start or run. The purpose of this switch is to stop the engine in a runaway situation, (i.e. the operator releasing the handle during operation).

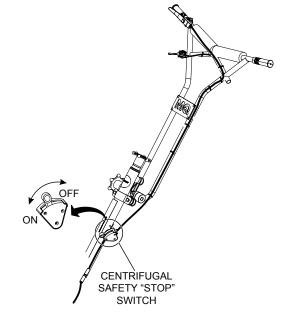


Figure 17. Centrifugal Safety "STOP" Switch

Operation

This section is intended to assist the operator with the initial start-up of the walk-behind trowel. It is extremely important that this section be read carefully before attempting to use the trowel in the field. **DO NOT** use your trowel until this section is thoroughly understood.

Lifting the Trowel Onto a Slab

Extra care should be taken when lifting the trowel off the ground. Serious damage to the machine or personal injury could be caused by dropping a trowel.

WARNING

NEVER attempt to lift this machine alone. **NEVER** lift the trowel by the guard ring as it may rotate and cause injury.

ALWAYS make certain the handle is secure and use only the manufacturer's approved lifting point. The trowel may be lifted at the center lifting bale by crane or other lifting device of adequate capacity.

NOTICE

DO NOT attempt to operate the trowel until the Safety, General Information and Inspection sections of this manual have been read and thoroughly understood.

NOTICE

The trowel is heavy and awkward to move around. Use proper heavy lifting procedures and **DO NOT** lift the trowel by the guard rings.

Lifting Bale

The lift bale provides an optimal lift point for lifting the trowel. When lifting the trowel onto a concrete slab, attach a chain or rope to the lifting bale. Make sure the lifting device has adequate lifting capacity to lift the trowel.

Using a crane or forklift (Figure 18) to lift the trowel is highly recommended, and is perfectly safe for the trowel. **ALWAYS** use extra care when lifting the trowel off the ground.

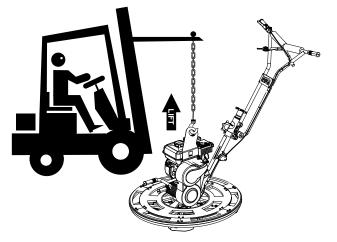


Figure 18. Lifting the Trowel

NEVER lift the trowel to unnecessary heights. **DO NOT** stand underneath the trowel while it is being lifted. Serious damage to the machine or personal injury could be caused by dropping a trowel.

Starting the Engine

1. Place the engine fuel valve lever (Figure 19) in the "ON" position.

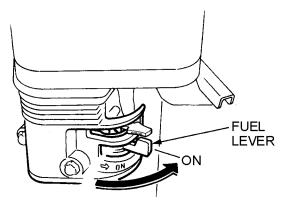


Figure 19. Engine Fuel Valve Lever (ON)

2. Pull the *throttle lever* (Figure 20) backwards and place in the "idle" position.

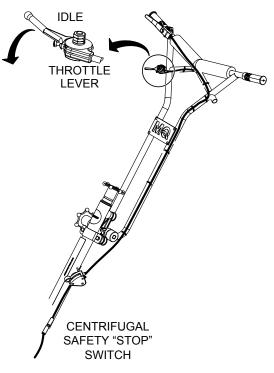


Figure 20. Throttle (Idle Position)

3. Place the *centrifugal safety "STOP" switch* (Figure 21) in the "**ON**" position.

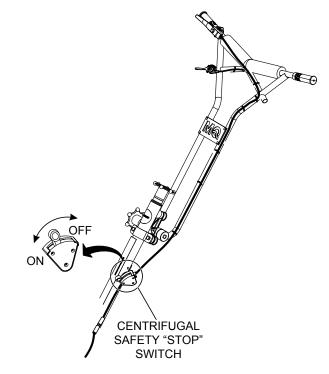


Figure 21. Centrifugal Safety"Stop" Switch (ON)

NEVER disable or disconnect the centrifugal "STOP" switch. It is provided for the operator's safety and injury may result if it is disabled, disconnected or improperly maintained.

4. Place the *choke lever* (Figure 22) in the "**OPEN**" position.

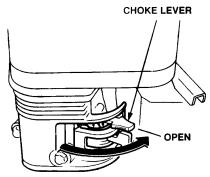


Figure 22. Choke Lever Open

5. Grasp the starter grip (Figure 23) and slowly pull it out. The resistance becomes the hardest at a certain position, corresponding to the compression point. Pull the starter grip briskly and smoothly for starting.

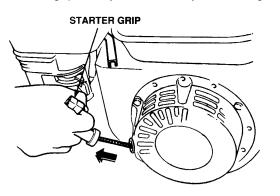


Figure 23. Starter Grip

6. If the engine has started, slowly return the choke lever (Figure 24) to the **CLOSED** position. If the engine has not started repeat steps 1 through 5.

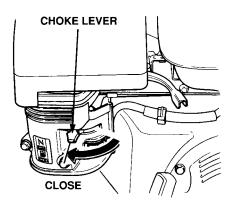


Figure 24. Choke Lever Closed

 Before the trowel is placed into operation, run the engine for several minutes. Check for fuel leaks, and noises that would associate with a loose guard ring and/or covers.

Testing the Centrifugal Safety Stop Switch

1. With the engine running at idle, place the safety stop switch lever in the **"OFF"** position (Figure 25). Verify that the engine shuts off. If the engine continues to run, replace centrifugal safety stop switch.

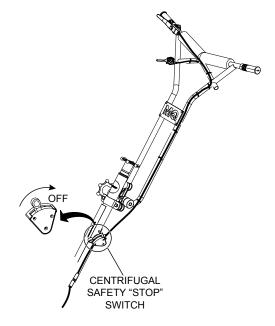


Figure 25. Testing Safety Stop Switch

2. Before performing this test, clear the area around the trowel. Make sure it is free of debris and objects. Move the safety stop switch lever to the "**ON**" position, restart the engine and let idle.

Stand behind the handle and spin the handle to the right, simulating a runaway situation. (See Figure 26). Centrifugal force should throw the safety switch outward to the "**OFF**" position thus shutting off the engine.

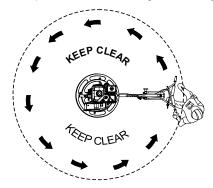
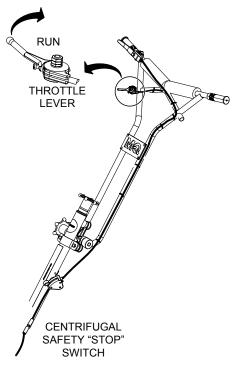


Figure 26. Testing Safety Stop Switch Runaway Situation

To Begin Troweling

1. To begin troweling, push the throttle lever (Figure 27) forward to the "*RUN*" position.



Pitching the Blades (Standard Handle)

To pitch the blades upwards using the "*Standard*" handle, (Figure 28) simply turn the *star-wheel* clockwise. Turning the star wheel counter clockwise will cause the blades to lay flat.

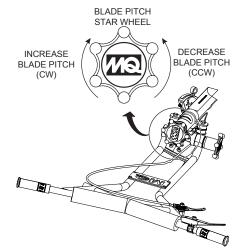


Figure 28. Blade Pitch Star Wheel

Figure 27. Throttle Lever (Run)

Concrete Finishing Techniques

The following steps are intended as a basic guide to machine operation, and are not to be considered a complete guide to concrete finishing. We suggest that all operators (experienced and novice) read "*Slabs on Grade*" published by the *American Concrete Institute, Detroit, Michigan*. Read the "Training" section of this manual for more information.

OPERATION

Maneuvering the Trowel

Remember! that if you let go of the trowel, just <u>step away</u> and let the trowel come to a complete **STOP** before trying

to recover the trowel

- 1. Get into the operator's position behind the handle. With a secure foothold and a firm grasp on the handle, slowly increase the engine speed until the desired blade speed is obtained.
- 2. Figure 29 below illustrates a typical walk-behind trowel application. Practice maneuvering the trowel. The trick is to let the trowel do the work.
- 3. Continue to practice maneuvering the trowel. Try to practice as if you were finishing a slab of concrete. Practice edging and covering a large area.

Remember a good finishing technique is to work backwards. Be careful when moving backwards so that hazards can be avoided. The best way to get accustomed to the trowel is repeated use.

To move the trowel to the operator's left, *lift up* on the handle, to move the trowel to the right *push down* on the handle.

BACKWARDS

The best method for finishing concrete is to slowly walk **backwards** with the trowel, guiding the trowel from side to side. This will cover all footprints on wet concrete.

Figure 29. Maneuvering the Trowel



NEVER place your *feet* or *hands* inside the guard rings while starting or operating this equipment.

ALWAYS keep clear of *rotating* or *moving* parts while operating this equipment.

Stopping The Engine

1. Move the throttle lever to the (Figure 30) "IDLE" position and run the engine for three minutes at low speed.

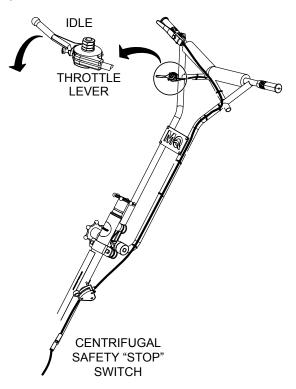
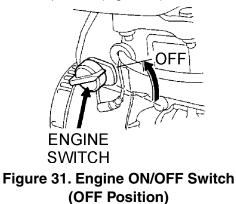


Figure 30. Throttle Lever (Idle)

2. After the engine cools, turn the engine start/stop switch to the "**OFF**" position (Figure 31).



3. Place the safety stop switch (Figure 32) in the "**OFF**" position.



Figure 32. Safety Stop Switch (OFF)

4. Close the fuel shut- off valve (Figure 33) by moving the fuel valve lever to the **OFF** position.

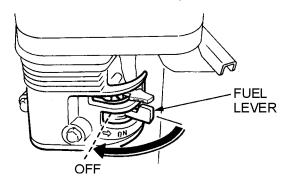


Figure 33. Fuel Valve Lever (OFF)

36" Edger Configuration to 30" Edger Configuration

Upon shipping of the trowel, a bag containing M8-1.25 x 45 BHC screws (6) is provided to assist in the 36" to 30" edger configuration.

 Remove the 8" x 14" trowel blades (4) from the spider assembly (Figure 34) using a socket wrench to remove the 5/16-18 x 1-1/4" HHFS screws (4) and 5/16-18 x 1-1/2" HHFS screws (4).

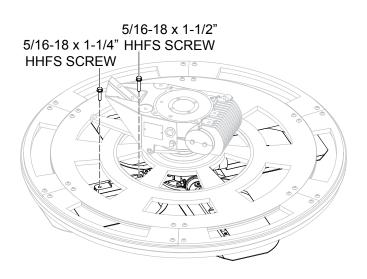


Figure 34. Trowel Blade Removal

 Use either a 5mm hex wrench to remove the inner M8-1.25 x 25 BHC screws (12) and inner M8-1.25 nyloc nuts (12) to free the 36" guard-bumper ring assembly (Figure 35) from the 30" guard ring base.

NOTICE

The 36" guard-bumper ring assembly is intended to be removed without having to diassemble the entire assembly except for the blades. The 36" guard-bumper ring assembly consists of: guard ring segments (6), bumper ring (1), and bumper (1).

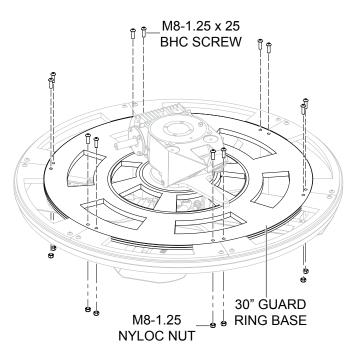


Figure 35. 36" Guard-Bumper Ring Disassembly

 Retain M8-1.25 nyloc nuts (12) and M8-1.25 x 25 BHC screws (6). Remove and retain the provided M8-1.25 x 45 BHC screws (6) from the packaging.

NOTICE

Retain and **DO NOT** discard the other removed M8-1.25 x 25 BHC screws (6) as they will be needed when converting the trowel from the 30" edger configuration back to the 36" edger configuration.

- 4. Orientate the 30" bumper with its internal "T" towards the top. Orientate the 30" guard ring with the welded bushings extending towards the top.
- To secure the 30" bumper-ring assembly to the 30" guard ring base (Figure 36), use a 5mm hex wrench to secure the provided M8-1.25 x 45 BHC screws (6) through the bushings on the guard ring and retained M8-1.25 nyloc nuts (6).
- Using a 5mm hex wrench, fill the unused 30" guard ring screw holes (Figure 36) with retained M8-1.25 x 25 BHC screws (6) and M8-1.25 nyloc nuts (6).

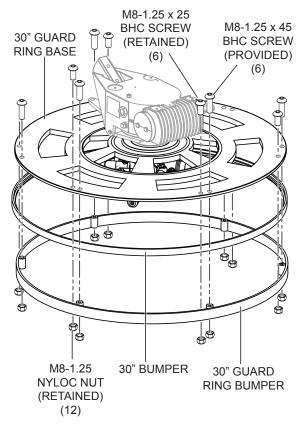


Figure 36. 30" Bumper-Ring Installation

 Secure the 8" x 10.5" trowel blades (4) to the spider assembly (Figure 37) using a socket wrench to install the 5/16-18 x 1-1/4" HHFS screws (4) and 5/16-18 x 1-1/2" HHFS screws (4).

NOTICE

DO NOT install trowel blades (4) that extend beyond the outermost diameter of the guard ring bumper.

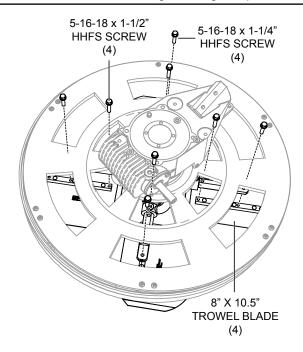


Figure 37. Trowel Blade Installation

36" Edger Configuration to 30" Edger Configuration

 Remove the 8" x 10.5" trowel blades (4) from the spider assembly (Figure 38) using a socket wrench to remove the 5/16-18 x 1-1/4" HHFS screws (4) and 5/16 x 1-1/2" HHFS screws (4).

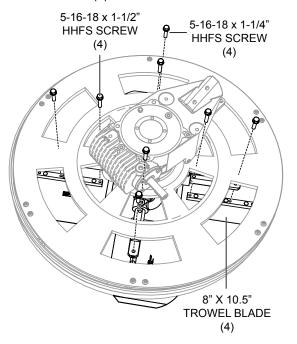


Figure 38. Trowel Blade Removal

 Use either a 5mm hex wrench to remove the M8-1.25 x 25 BHC screws (6), M8-1.25 x 45 BHC screws (6), and M8-1.25 nyloc nuts (12) securing the 30" bumper-ring assembly to the 30" guard ring base.

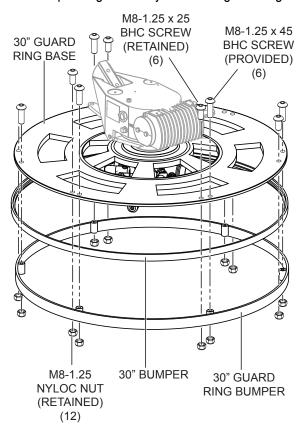


Figure 39. 30" Bumper-Ring Disassembly

 Retain M8-1.25 x 25 BHC screws (6) and M8-1.25 nyloc nuts (12). Locate the M8-1.25 x 25 BHC (6) screws retained from the 36" edger configuration to the 30" edger configuration.

OPTIONS

4. Using either a 5mm hex wrench, secure the 36" guardbumper ring assembly to the 30" guard ring base (Figure 40) using M8-1.25 x 25 BHC screws (12) and M8-1.25 nyloc nuts (12).

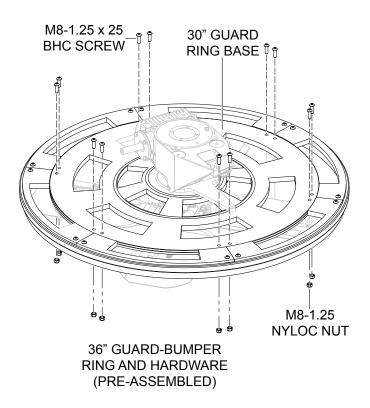


Figure 40. 36" Guard-Bumper Ring Installation

5. Secure the 8" x 14" trowel blades (4) to the spider assembly (Figure 41) using a 5/32" hex wrench to install the 5/16-18 x 1-1/4" HHFS screws (4) and 5/16-18 x 1-1/2" HHFS screws (4).

NOTICE

DO NOT install trowel blades (4) that extend beyond the outermost diameter of the guard ring bumper.

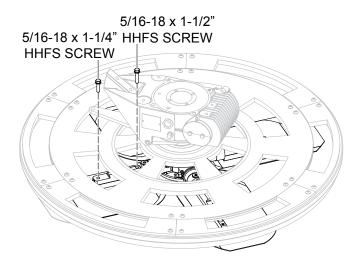


Figure 41. Trowel Blade Installation

TROWEL BLADE AND PAN OPTIONS

NOTICE

Trowel blades should be changed when they fail to finish concrete in a satisfactory manner.

Blades are a vital part of finishing concrete. This trowel, or finisher, has been designed to finish concrete and the blades are built to stringent quality standards out of the finest steel.

If you need replacement blades, consult the parts list in this manual for part numbers and order them from your Multiquip parts dealer or importer.

Combo Blades

This trowel is equipped with combination float/finish (Figure 42) blades as original equipment. These blades have been designed for optimum performance in both the floating and finishing operations. These blades are versatile and should take care of most troweling needs.

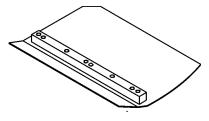


Figure 42. Combination Blade

Finish Blades (Optional)

These blades (Figure 43) have been specifically designed for finish operations with this trowel. They will provide a premium surface finishing capability from your trowel. They should only be used after the concrete has set to the point where the trowel does not sink into the concrete when placed on it.

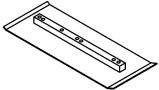


Figure 43. Finish Blade

Clip-On Float Blades (Optional)

These blades will clip (Figure 44) onto an existing installed blade, allowing your finisher to float on "wet" concrete so that the troweling operation can begin as early as possible. These blades are easily removable, so that after the floating operation, when the concrete is sufficiently cured, they can be removed to expose the finish blades for continued troweling.

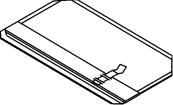


Figure 44. Clip-On Float Blade

Float Discs (Optional)

These round discs (Figure 45) attach to the spiders and allow the machine to "float" on "wet" concrete. The disc design allows early floating and easy movement from wet to dry areas. They are also very effective in embedding large aggregates and surface hardeners.

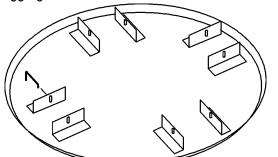


Figure 45. Float Disk/Pan

NOTICE

For optimum panning performance blade speed must be changed. Use Low Speed Kit. Reference Engine Assembly in parts section of this manual.

TROWEL ARM ADJUSTMENT TOOL (OPTIONAL)

If blades show uneven wear patterns or some tend to wear out faster than others, the trowel arms may need to be adjusted. A special tool is available (Figure 46) that will adjust all of the trowel arms consistently. The Trowel Arm Fixture P/N is 1817.

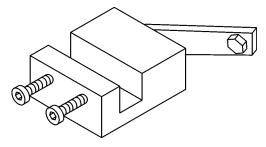


Figure 46. Trowel Arm Adjustment Fixture

MAINTENANCE

| Table 5. Engine Maintenance Schedule | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| DESCRIPTION (3) | OPERATION | BEFORE EACH USE | FIRST MONTH OR 20 HRS. | EVERY 6 MONTHS OR 100 HRS. | EVERY YEAR OR 300 HRS. | EVERY 2 YEARS OR 500 HRS. | | | |
| Engine Oil | Check | Х | | | | | | | |
| | Change | | Х | Х | | | | | |
| Engine Oil Filter | Replace | Every 200 Hrs. | | | | | | | |
| Air Cleaner | Check | Х | | | | | | | |
| | Clean | | | X (1) | | | | | |
| | Change | | | | | X (*) | | | |
| Spark Plugs | Check/Adjust | | | Х | | | | | |
| | Replace | | | | Х | | | | |
| Spark Arrester | Clean | | | Х | | | | | |
| Fuel Filter | Replace | | | | X (2) | | | | |
| Fuel Tube | Check | Every 2 years (replace if necessary) (2) | | | | | | | |

* - Replace the paper filter element only.

(1) Service more frequently when used in **DUSTY** areas.

(2) These items should be serviced by your service dealer, unless you have the proper tools and are mechanically proficient. Refer to the HONDA Shop Manual for service procedures.

(3) For commercial use, log hours of operation to determine proper maintenance intervals.

| Table 6. Trowel Maintenance Schedule | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | DAILY | Periodic Maintenance Interval | | | | | | |
| ITEM | OPERATION | | Every 50-60 Hrs | Every 200-300 Hrs | Every 2000-2500 Hrs | | | | |
| V-Belt | Check/Replace | Х | | | | | | | |
| Relube Trowel Arms | Grease | | Х | | | | | | |
| Blades | Check/Replace | | Х | | | | | | |
| Trowel Arms | Remove/Clean | | | Х | | | | | |
| Thrust Collar/Bushing | Remove/Clean | | | Х | | | | | |
| Blade Arms | Adjust | | | Х | | | | | |
| Arm Bushing | Remove/Replace | | | | Х | | | | |
| Wear Ring | Remove/Replace | | | | Х | | | | |
| Thrust Collar Bearing | Remove/Replace | | | | Х | | | | |
| Pitch Control Cable | Check | | | | Х | | | | |
| Clutch | Remove/Clean | | | Х | | | | | |

General maintenance practices are crucial to the performance and longevity of your trowel. This equipment requires routine cleaning, blade and trowel arm inspection, lubrication and V-belt inspection for wear and damage. Reference Table 5 and Table 6 for scheduled engine and trowel maintenance.

The following procedures, devoted to maintenance, can prevent serious trowel damage or malfunctioning.

NOTICE

Reference **HONDA** engine manual supplied with your trowel for more detailed engine maintenance and troubleshooting.



ALWAYS allow the engine to cool before servicing. **NEVER** attempt any maintenance work on a hot engine.

ALWAYS disconnect the spark plug wire from the spark plug and secure away from the engine before performing maintenance or adjustments on the machine.



Some maintenance operations may require the engine to be run. Ensure that the maintenance area is well ventilated. Gasoline engine exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas that can cause unconsciousness and may result in **DEATH**

GENERAL CLEANLINESS

Clean the trowel daily. Remove all dust and slurry buildup. If the trowel is steam-cleaned, ensure that lubrication is accomplished **AFTER** steam cleaning.

ENGINE CHECK

Check daily for any oil and/or fuel leakage, thread nut and bolt tightness, and overall cleanliness.

Engine Air Cleaner

A DANGER



DO NOT use gasoline or low flash point solvents for cleaning the air cleaner, the possibility exists of fire or explosion which can cause damage to the equipment and severe bodily harm or even **DEATH**!



Wear protective equipment such as approved safety glasses or face shields and dust masks or respirators when cleaning air filters with compressed air.

This engine is equipped with a replaceable, high-density paper air cleaner element. See Figure 47 for air cleaner components.

- 1. Remove the air cleaner cover and foam filter element.
- Tap the paper filter element several times on a hard surface to remove dirt, or blow compressed air not exceeding 30 psi (207 kPa, 2.1 kgf/cm2) through the filter element from the inside out. NEVER brush off dirt. Brushing will force dirt into the fibers. Replace the paper filter element if it is excessively dirty.
- 3. Clean foam element in warm, soapy water or nonflammable solvent. Rinse and dry thoroughly. Dip the element in clean engine oil and completely squeeze out the excess oil from the element before installing.

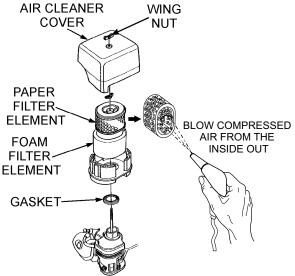


Figure 47. Engine Air Cleaner

MAINTENANCE

NOTICE

Operating the engine with loose or damaged air cleaner components could allow unfiltered air into the engine causing premature wear and failure.

ENGINE OIL

- 1. Drain the engine oil when the oil is warm as shown in Figure 48.
- 2. Remove the oil drain bolt and sealing washer and allow the oil to drain into a suitable container.
- 3. Replace engine oil with recommended type oil as listed in Table 4. For engine oil capacity, see Table 3 (engine specifications). **DO NOT** overfill.
- 4. Reinstall drain bolt with sealing washer and tighten securely.

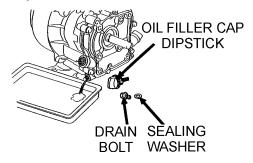


Figure 48. Draining Engine Oil

SPARK PLUG

NOTICE

NEVER use a spark plug of incorrect heat range.

- 1. Remove and clean spark plug (Figure 49) with a wire brush if it is to be reused. Discard spark plug if the insulator is cracked or chipped.
- Using a feeler gauge adjust spark plug gap to 0.028 ~0.031 inch (0.7~0.8 mm).
- 3. Thread spark plug into cylinder hole by hand to prevent cross-threading, then tighten securely.

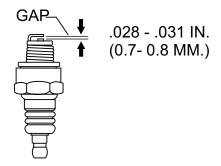


Figure 49. Spark Plug Gap

V-BELT

Visually examine the V-belt (Figure 50) and determine if it is full of tiny cracks, frayed, has pieces of rubber missing, is peeling or otherwise damaged.

Also, examine the belt and determine if it is *oil soaked* or "*glazed*" (hard shiny appearance on the sides of the belt). Either of these two conditions can cause the belt to run hot, which can weaken it and increase the danger of it breaking.

If the V-belt exhibits any of the above wear conditions replace the V-belt immediately.

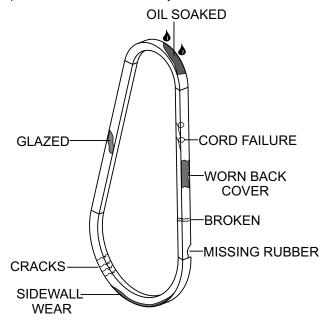


Figure 50. V-Belt Inspection

SPARK ARRESTER CLEANING

Clean the spark arrester every 6 months or 100 hours.

- 1. Remove the 4 mm screw (3) from the exhaust deflector, then remove the deflector. See Figure 51
- 2. Remove the 5 mm screw (4) from the muffler protector, then remove the muffler protector.
- 3. Remove the 4 mm screw from the spark arrestor, then remove the spark arrester.

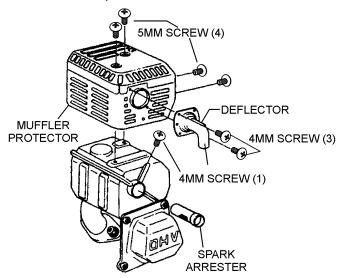


Figure 51. Spark Arrester Removal

4. Carefully remove carbon deposits from the spark arrester screen (Figure 52) with a wire brush.

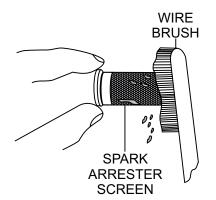


Figure 52. Cleaning The Spark Arrester

- 5. If the spark arrester is damaged and has breaks or holes, replace with a new one.
- 6. Reinstall the spark arrester and muffler protector in reverse order of disassembly.

BLADE PITCH ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

The maintenance adjustment of blade pitch is an adjustment that is made by a bolt (Figure 53) on the arm of the trowel arm lever. This bolt is the contact point of the trowel arm lever to the lower wear plate on the thrust collar. The goal of the adjustment is to promote consistent blade pitch and finishing quality. Adjustments are made by tightening or loosening the blade pitch adjustment bolt.

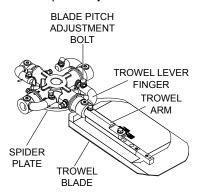


Figure 53. Blade Pitch Adjustment Bolt

Watch for the following indications when determining if blade pitch adjustments are necessary:

- Is the machine wearing out blades unevenly, (i.e. one blade is completely worn out while the others look new)?
- Does the machine have a perceptible rolling or bouncing motion when in use?
- Look at the machine while it is running, do the guard rings "rock up and down" relative to the ground?

If it is determined that blade pitch adjustments are required do the following:

NOTICE

Before any blade pitch adjustments can be made it is essential to have a clean level area free of dirt and debris to test the trowel. Any unlevel spots in the floor or debris under the trowel blades will give an incorrect perception of adjustment. Ideally, a 5 x 5 ft. (1.5 x 1.5 meter), three-quarter inch (19 mm) thick **FLAT** steel plate should be used for testing.

- 1. Place the trowel on a flat, level area free of dirt and debris.
- Pitch the blades as flat as possible. The pitch adjustment bolts (Figure 54) should all barely make contact (0.10 inch max. clearance) with the *lower wear plate* on the spider. All pitch alignment bolts should be spaced the same distance from the lower wear plate. If one is not making contact, adjustment will be necessary.

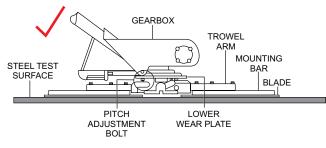


Figure 54. Correct Blade Pitch (Flat)

- 3. Adjust the "**high**" bolts down to the level of the one that is not touching, or adjust the "**low**" bolt up to the level of the higher ones. If possible, adjust the low bolt up to the level of the rest of the bolts. This is the fastest way, but may not always work. Verify after adjustment the blades pitch correctly.
- 4. Blades that are incorrectly adjusted often will not be able to pitch flat. This can occur if the adjusting bolts are raised too high. Conversely, adjusting bolts that are too low will not allow the blades to be pitched high enough for finishing operations.
- 5. If, after making blade pitch adjustments the machine is still finishing poorly, blades, trowel arms, and trowel arm bushings may be suspect and should be looked at for adjustment, wear, or damage.
- 6. Figure 55 illustrates, "incorrect alignment", worn spider bushings or bent trowel arms.

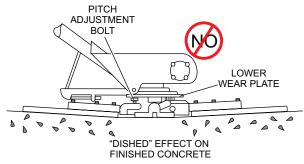


Figure 55. Incorrect Spider Plate Alignment

SPIDER REMOVAL

Remove the spider assembly from the gearbox shaft as follows:

- 1. Locate the cone point square head set screw (Figure 56) and attached jam nut found on the side of the spider assembly.
- 2. Loosen the jam nut and cone point square head set screw.
- Carefully lift the upper trowel/gearbox assembly off of the spider assembly. A slight tap with a rubber mallet may be necessary to dislodge the spider from the main shaft of the gearbox.

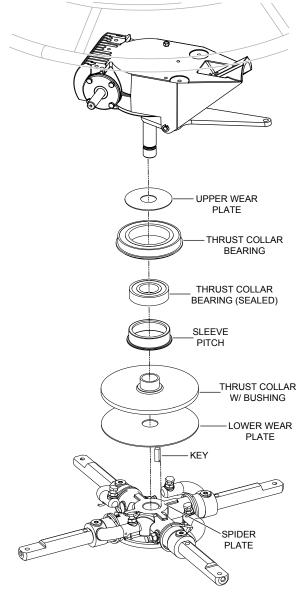


Figure 56. Spider Removal

CHANGING BLADES

It is recommended that **ALL** the blades on the trowel are changed at the same time. If only one or some of the blades are changed, the machine will not finish concrete consistently and the machine may wobble or bounce.

Perform the following procedure when changing blades: Please note the blade orientation on the trowel arm before removing.

- 1. Lift the trowel up, placing blocks under the main guard ring to support it.
- 2. Remove the bolts and lock washers from all the towel arms, and then remove the blades as shown in Figure 57.

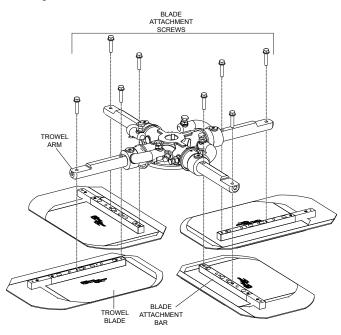


Figure 57. Blade Removal

- 3. Wire brush and remove all concrete and debris from all surfaces of each of the four trowel arms. This is important to properly seat the new blades.
- 4. Install the new blades, maintaining the proper blade orientation for direction of rotation.
- 5. Reinstall the bolts and lock washers.

TROWEL ARM REMOVAL

- Each trowel arm is held in place at the spider plate by a hex head bolt (zerk grease fitting) and a roll pin. Remove both the hex head bolt and the roll pin (Figure 58) from the spider plate.
- 2. Remove the trowel arm from the spider plate.
- 3. Should the trowel arm inserts (bushing) come out with the trowel arm, remove the bushing from the trowel arm and set aside in a safe place. If the bushing is retained inside the spider plate, carefully remove the bushing
- 4. Examine the trowel arm bushing insert (Figure 58), clean if necessary. Replace bushing if out of round or worn.

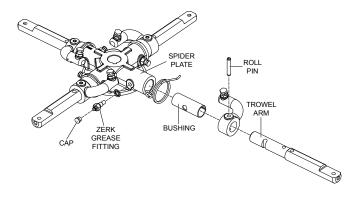


Figure 58. Trowel Arm Removal

CHECKING TROWEL ARM STRAIGHTNESS

Trowel arms (Figure 59) can be damaged by rough handling, such as dropping the trowel on the pad, or by striking exposed plumbing, forms, or rebar while in operation. A bent trowel arm will not allow the trowel to operate in a smooth fluid rotation. If bent trowel arms are suspect, check for flatness as follows:

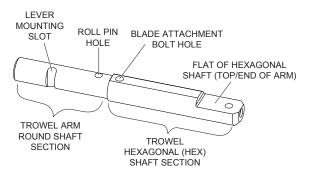


Figure 59. Trowel Arm

- 1. Use a thick steel plate, granite slab or any surface which is true and flat, to check all six sides of each trowel arm for flatness (Figure 60).
- 2. Check each of the six sides of the trowel arm (hex section). A feeler gauge of .004 inch (0.10 mm) should not pass between the flat of the trowel arm and the test surface along its length on the test surface.

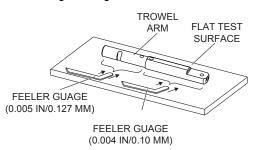


Figure 60. Checking Trowel Arm Flatness

- 3. Next, check the clearance between the round shaft and the test surface as one of the flat hex sections of the arm rests on the test surface. Rotate the arm to each of the flat hex sections and check the clearance of the round shaft. Use a feeler gauge (Figure 61) of .005 inch (0.127 mm). Each section should have the same clearance between the round of the trowel arm shaft and the test surface.
- 4. If the trowel arm is found to be uneven or bent, replace the trowel arm.

TROWEL ARM LEVER ADJUSTMENT

The easiest and most consistent way to adjust the trowel arm lever is to use the Trowel Arm Adjustment Fixture (P/N 1817).

As each trowel arm is locked into the fixture, the arm bolt is adjusted to where it contacts a stop on the fixture. This will consistently adjust all of the trowel arms, keeping the finisher as flat and evenly pitched as possible.

This fixture will allow consistent adjustment of the trowel arm lever. It comes with all the hardware necessary to properly accomplish this maintenance and instructions on how to properly utilize this tool. Adjusting the trowel arm lever without a fixture requires a special talent.

Perform the following procedure when adjusting the trowel arm lever:

- 1. Unscrew the locking bolts on the adjustment fixture and place the trowel arm (lever attached) into the fixture channel as shown in Figure 61.
- 2. Ensure the fixture arm is in the up position.
- 3. A thin shim may be required to cover the blade holes on the trowel arm. Make sure to align the trowel adjustment bolt with the fixture adjustment bolt.

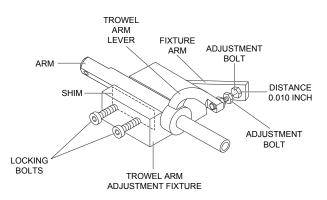


Figure 61. Trowel Arm Adjustment Fixture

- 4. Use an allen wrench to tighten the locking bolts securing the trowel arm in place.
- 5. Adjust the bolt distance shown in Figure 61 to match one of the arms. The other arms will be adjusted to match this distance.

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- 6. Loosen the locking nut on the trowel arm lever, then turn the trowel arm adjusting bolt until it barely touches (.010") the fixture adjusting bolt.
- 7. Once the correct adjustment is made, tighten the lock nut on the trowel arm to lock in place.
- 8. Loosen locking nuts on the adjustment fixture, and remove trowel arm.
- 9. Repeat steps for the remaining trowel arms.

REASSEMBLY

- 1. Clean and examine the upper/lower wear plates and thrust collar. Examine the entire spider assembly. Wire brush any concrete or rust buildup. If any of the spider components are found to be damaged or out of round, replace them.
- Make sure that the bronze trowel arm bushing is not damage or out of round. Clean the bushing if necessary. If the bronze bushing is damaged or worn, replace it.
- 3. Reinstall bronze bushing onto trowel arm.
- 4. Repeat steps 2 -3 for each trowel arm.
- 5. Make sure that the spring tensioner is in the correct position to exert tension on the trowel arm.
- 6. Insert all trowel arms with levers into spider plate (with bronze bushing already installed) using care to align grease hole on bronze bushing with grease hole fitting on spider plate.
- 7. Lock trowel arms in place by tightening the hex head bolt with zerk grease fitting and jam nut.
- 8. Reinstall the blades onto the trowel arms.
- 9. Install stabilizer ring onto spider assembly.
- 10. Reinstall lower wear plate, thrust collar and upper wear ring in the reverse order that they were disassembled onto the spider shaft. Make sure that there is little or no lateral movement between the thrust collar and the spider shaft.
- 11. Carefully lift the upper trowel assembly, line up the keyway on gear box main shaft and insert into spider assembly.

- 12. Reinstall square head cone point into spider plate and tighten in place. Tighten jam nut. Use care in making sure point of set screw engages groove in gear box main shaft.
- Lubricate all grease points (zerk fittings) with premium "Lithum 12" based grease, conforming to NLGI Grade #2 consistency.

INSTALLING PANS ONTO FINISHER BLADES

These round discs, sometimes referred to as "pans", attach to the spiders arms and allow early floating on wet concrete and easy movement from wet to dry areas. They are also very effective in embedding large aggregates and surface hardeners.

Refer to Figure 62 when installing pans onto finisher blades.

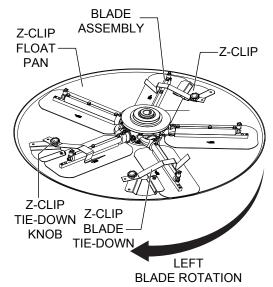


Figure 62. Z-Clip Finisher Pan Installation

- 1. Lift trowel just enough to slide pan under blades. Lower finisher onto pan with blades adjacent to Z-Clips.
- 2. Rotate blades into position under Z-Clips. Ensure that the blades are rotated in the direction of travel when the machine is in operation or use the engine to rotate the blades into position.
- 3. Attach the blade tie-downs to the far side of the Z-Clip brackets with tie-down knobs as shown in Figure 62.
- 4. Check to make certain that the blade edges are secured under the Z-Clips and the tie-downs are secured completely over the edges of the blade bar before the machine is put back into operation.

LONG-TERM STORAGE

For storage of the trowel for over 30 days, the following is required:

- Drain the fuel tank completely, or add STA-BIL to the fuel.
- Run the engine until the gasoline in the carburetor is completely consumed.
- Completely drain the oil from the crankcase and refill with fresh oil.
- Remove the spark plug. Pour 5 to 10 cc of SAE 30 oil into the cylinder. Turn the engine switch to the START position for a few seconds to distribute the oil. Reinstall the spark plug.
- Clean all external parts of the trowel with a cloth.
- Cover the trowel and store in a clean, dry place.

| | Troubleshooting (Engine) | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Symptom Possible Problem Solution | | | | | | | |
| | Spark plug bridging? | Check gap, insulation or replace spark plug. | | | | | |
| | Carbon deposit on spark plug? | Clean or replace spark plug. | | | | | |
| | Short circuit due to deficient spark plug insulation? | Check spark plug insulation, replace if worn. | | | | | |
| | Improper spark plug gap? | Set to proper gap. | | | | | |
| | Fuel reaching carburetor? | Check fuel line. | | | | | |
| | Water in fuel tank? | Flush or replace fuel tank. | | | | | |
| | Fuel filter clogged? | Replace fuel filter. | | | | | |
| Difficult to start, fuel is available, but no spark at spark plug. | Stuck carburetor? | Check float mechanism. | | | | | |
| at spark plug. | Spark plug is red? | Check transistor ignition unit. | | | | | |
| | Spark plug is bluish white? | If insufficient compression, repair or replace engine. If injected air leaking, correct leak. If carburetor jets clogged, clean carburetor. | | | | | |
| | No spark present at tip of spark plug? | Check transistor ignition unit is broken, and replace defective unit. Check if voltage cord cracked or broken and replace. Check if spark plug if fouled and replace. | | | | | |
| | No oil? | Add oil as required. | | | | | |
| | ON/OFF switch is shorted? | Check switch wiring, replace switch. | | | | | |
| | Ignition coil defective? | Replace ignition coil. | | | | | |
| Difficult to start, fuel is available, and spark is present at the spark plug. | Improper spark gap, points dirty? | Set correct spark gap and clean points. | | | | | |
| present at the spark plug. | Condenser insulation worn or short circuiting? | Replace condenser. | | | | | |
| | Spark plug wire broken or short circuiting? | Replace defective spark plug wiring. | | | | | |
| | Wrong fuel type? | Flush fuel system, and replace with correct type of fuel. | | | | | |
| Difficult to start, fuel is available, spark is | Water or dust in fuel system? | Flush fuel system. | | | | | |
| present and compression is normal. | Air cleaner dirty? | Clean or replace air cleaner. | | | | | |
| | Choke open? | Close choke. | | | | | |
| | Suction/exhaust valve stuck or protruded? | Reseat valves. | | | | | |
| Diffic the start for the scale is | Piston ring and/or cylinder worn? | Replace piston rings and/or piston. | | | | | |
| Difficult to start, fuel is available, spark is present and compression is low. | Cylinder head and/or spark plug not tightened properly? | Torque cylinder head bolts and spark plug. | | | | | |
| | Head gasket and/or spark plug gasket damaged? | Replace head and spark plug gaskets. | | | | | |
| | No fuel in fuel tank? | Fill with correct type of fuel. | | | | | |
| | Fuel cock does not open properly? | Apply lubricant to loosen fuel cock lever, replace if necessary. | | | | | |
| No fuel present at carburetor. | Fuel filter/lines clogged? | Replace fuel filter. | | | | | |
| | Fuel tank cap breather hole clogged? | Clean or replace fuel tank cap. | | | | | |
| | Air in fuel line? | Bleed fuel line. | | | | | |

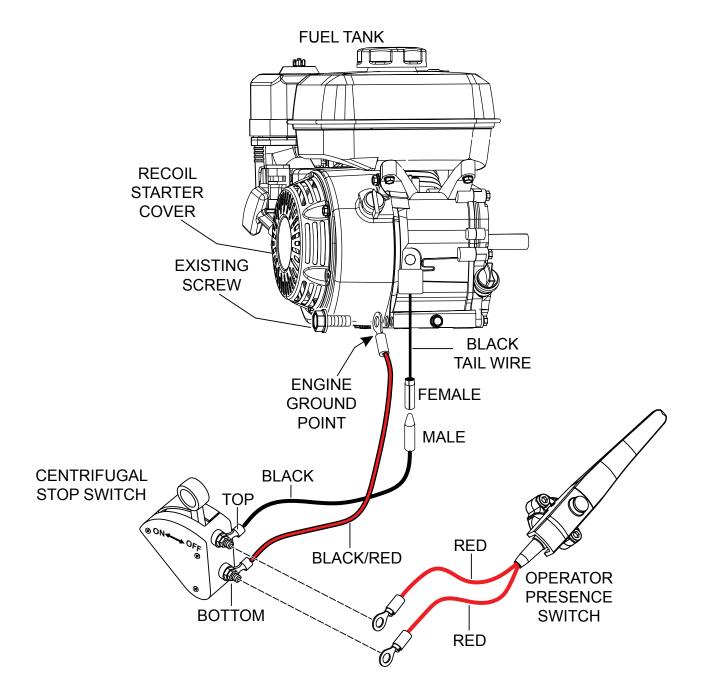
| | Troubleshooting (Engine) - continued | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Symptom Possible Problem Solution | | | | | | |
| | Air cleaner dirty? | Clean or replace air cleaner. | | | | |
| Weak in power, compression is proper and | Improper level in carburetor? | Check float adjustment, rebuild carburetor. | | | | |
| does not misfire. | Defective spark plug? | Clean or replace spark plug. | | | | |
| | Improper spark plug? | Set to proper gap. | | | | |
| Weak in power, compression is proper but | Water in fuel system? | Flush fuel system and replace with correct type of fuel. | | | | |
| misfires. | Dirty spark plug? | Clean or replace spark plug. | | | | |
| | Ignition coil defective? | Replace ignition coil. | | | | |
| | Spark plug heat value incorrect? | Replace with correct type of spark plug. | | | | |
| | Wrong type of fuel? | Replace with correct type of fuel. | | | | |
| Engine querbacto | Cooling fins dirty? | Clean cooling fins. | | | | |
| Engine overheats. | Intake air restricted? | Clear intake of dirt and debris. Replace air cleaner elements as necessary. | | | | |
| | Oil level too low or too high? | Adjust oil to proper level. | | | | |
| | Governor adjusted incorrectly? | Adjust governor. | | | | |
| Rotational speed fluctuates. | Governor spring defective? | Replace governor spring. | | | | |
| | Fuel flow restricted? | Check entire fuel system for leaks or clogs. | | | | |
| Recoil starter malfunctions. | Recoil mechanism clogged with dust and dirt? | Clean recoil assembly with soap and water. | | | | |
| | Spiral spring loose? | Replace spiral spring. | | | | |
| Burns too much fuel. | Over-accumulation of exhaust products? | Check and clean valves. Check muffler and replace if necessary. | | | | |
| Burns too much luel. | Wrong spark plug? | Replace spark plug with manufacturer's suggested type. | | | | |
| Exhaust color is continuously "white". | Lubricating oil is wrong viscosity? | Replace lubricating oil with correct viscosity. | | | | |
| Exhaust color is continuously write . | Worn rings? | Replace rings. | | | | |
| | Air cleaner clogged? | Clean or replace air cleaner. | | | | |
| | Choke valve set to incorrect position? | Adjust choke valve to correct position. | | | | |
| Exhaust color is continuously "black". | Carburetor defective, seal on carburetor broken? | Replace carburetor or seal. | | | | |
| | Poor carburetor adjustment, engine runs too rich? | Adjust carburetor. | | | | |
| | ON/OFF switch not activated ON? | Turn on ON/OFF Switch. | | | | |
| Will not start, no power with ON/OFF switch | ON/OFF switch/wiring defective? | Replace ON/OFF switch. Check wiring. | | | | |
| in "ON" position. | Centrifugal stop switch not activated ON? | Turn on centrifugal stop switch. | | | | |
| | Centrifugal stop switch/wiring defective? | Replace centrifugal stop switch. Check wiring. | | | | |
| | Operator Presence Switch not being held down when starting? | Hold Operator Presence Switch when starting trowel engine. | | | | |
| | Operator Presence Switch held down but no engine starting. | Reconnect/Tighten Operator Presence Switch wire connections to centrifugal stop switch | | | | |

| Troubleshooting (Walk-Behind Trowel) | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Symptom | Possible Problem | Solution | | |
| | Engine ON/OFF Switch in "OFF" position or malfunctioning? | Make sure that the Engine ON/OFF Switch is ON or replace switch if necessary. | | |
| | Centrifugal ON/OFF Switch in "OFF" position or malfunctioning? | Place centrifugal stop switch in "ON" position. Check wiring. Replace switch if necessary. | | |
| Engine running rough or not at all. | Fuel? | Look at the fuel system. Make sure there is fuel being supplied to the engine. Check to ensure that the fuel filter is not clogged. | | |
| | Ignition? | Check to ensure that the ignition switch has power and is functioning correctly. | | |
| | Loose wire connections | Check wiring. Replace or repair as necessary. | | |
| | Bad contacts in ON/OFF switch? | Replace ON/OFF switch. | | |
| | Blades? | Make certain blades are in good condition, not excessively worn. Finish blades should measure no less than 2"" (50mm) from the blade bar to the trailing edge, combo blades should measure no less that 3.5"" (89mm). Trailing edge of blade should be straight and parallel to the blade bar. | | |
| | Pitch adjustment? | Check that all blades are set at the same pitch angle as measured at the spider. A field adjustment tool is available for height adjustment of the trowel arms. (Contact Parts Dept.) | | |
| Trowel bounces, rolls concrete, or makes | Bent trowel arms? | Check the spider assembly for bent trowel arms. If one of the arms is even slightly bent, replace it immediately. | | |
| uneven swirls in concrete. | Spider? | Check fit of arms in spider. This can be done by moving the trowel arms up and down. If there is more than 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) of travel at the tip of the arm, the spider and arms should be replaced. | | |
| | Thrust collar? | Check the flatness of the thrust collar by rotating it on the spider. If it varies by more than 0.02 inch (0.5 mm) replace the thrust collar. | | |
| | Thrust collar bushing? | Check the thrust collar by rocking it on the spider. If it can tilt more than 3/32 inch (2.4 mm) - as measured at the thrust collar O.D., replace the thrust collar. | | |
| | Thrust bearing worn? | Check the thrust bearing to see that it is spinning freely. Replace if necessary. | | |

| Troubleshooting (Walk-Behind Trowel) - continued | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Symptom | Possible Problem | Solution | | |
| | Main shaft? | The main output shaft of the gearbox assembly should be checked for straightness. The main shaft must run straight and cannot be more than 0.003"" (0.08 mm) out of round at the spider attachment point. | | |
| Machine has a perceptible rolling motion while running. | Yoke? | Check to make sure that both fingers of the yoke press evenly on the wear cap. Replace yoke as necessary. | | |
| | Blade Pitch? | Check to ensure that each blade is adjusted to have the same pitch as all other blades. Adjust per maintenance section in manual. | | |
| | Worn V-belts? | Replace V-belt. | | |
| | Worn or defective centrigugal clutch components. | Replace weights and/or spring. | | |
| Clutch slipping or sluggish response to engine speed change. | Worn bearings in gearbox? | Rotate input shaft by hand. If shaft rotates with difficulty, check the input and output shaft bearings. Replace as necessary. | | |
| | Worn or broken gears in gearbox? | Verify that the gearbox shaft rotates when the input shaft is rotated. Replace both the worm and worm gear as a set. | | |
| | Defective clutch? | Replace clutch. | | |
| | Broken V-belt? | Replace V-belt. | | |
| Trowel blades do not rotate. | Defective ON/OFF switch? | Check and replace ON/OFF switch if necessary. | | |
| | Defective centrifugal ON/OFF switch? | Check and replace centrifugal ON/OFF switch if necessary. | | |

NOTES

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EXPLANATION OF CODE IN REMARKS COLUMN

The following section explains the different symbols and remarks used in the Parts section of this manual. Use the help numbers found on the back page of the manual if there are any questions.

NOTICE

The contents and part numbers listed in the parts section are subject to change **without notice**. Multiquip does not guarantee the availability of the parts listed.

SAMPLE PARTS LIST

| <u>NO.</u> | <u>Part no.</u> | PART NAME | QTY. | <u>REMARKS</u> |
|------------|-----------------|----------------|------|---------------------|
| 1 | 12345 | BOLT | 1 | INCLUDES ITEMS W/% |
| 2% | | WASHER, 1/4 IN | ۱ | NOT SOLD SEPARATELY |
| 2% | 12347 | WASHER, 3/8 IN | l1 | MQ-45T ONLY |
| 3 | 12348 | HOSE | A/R | MAKE LOCALLY |
| 4 | 12349 | BEARING | 1 | S/N 2345B AND ABOVE |

NO. Column

Unique Symbols — All items with same unique symbol (@, #, +, %, or) in the number column belong to the same assembly or kit, which is indicated by a note in the "Remarks" column.

Duplicate Item Numbers — Duplicate numbers indicate multiple part numbers, which are in effect for the same general item, such as different size saw blade guards in use or a part that has been updated on newer versions of the same machine.

NOTICE

When ordering a part that has more than one item number listed, check the remarks column for help in determining the proper part to order.

PART NO. Column

Numbers Used — Part numbers can be indicated by a number, a blank entry, or TBD.

TBD (To Be Determined) is generally used to show a part that has not been assigned a formal part number at the time of publication.

A blank entry generally indicates that the item is not sold separately or is not sold by Multiquip. Other entries will be clarified in the "Remarks" Column.

QTY. Column

Numbers Used — Item quantity can be indicated by a number, a blank entry, or A/R.

A/R (As Required) is generally used for hoses or other parts that are sold in bulk and cut to length.

A blank entry generally indicates that the item is not sold separately. Other entries will be clarified in the "Remarks" Column.

REMARKS Column

Some of the most common notes found in the "Remarks" Column are listed below. Other additional notes needed to describe the item can also be shown.

Assembly/Kit — All items on the parts list with the same unique symbol will be included when this item is purchased.

Indicated by:

"INCLUDES ITEMS W/(unique symbol)"

Serial Number Break — Used to list an effective serial number range where a particular part is used.

Indicated by:

"S/N XXXXX AND BELOW" "S/N XXXX AND ABOVE" "S/N XXXX TO S/N XXX"

Specific Model Number Use — Indicates that the part is used only with the specific model number or model number variant listed. It can also be used to show a part is NOT used on a specific model or model number variant.

Indicated by:

"XXXXX ONLY" "NOT USED ON XXXX"

"Make/Obtain Locally" — Indicates that the part can be purchased at any hardware shop or made out of available items. Examples include battery cables, shims, and certain washers and nuts.

"Not Sold Separately" — Indicates that an item cannot be purchased as a separate item and is either part of an assembly/kit that can be purchased, or is not available for sale through Multiquip.

JS36/30H55DE WALK-BEHIND TROWELS WITH HONDA GX160UT2QX2/GX270UT2QA2 GASOLINE ENGINES

1 to 3 Units

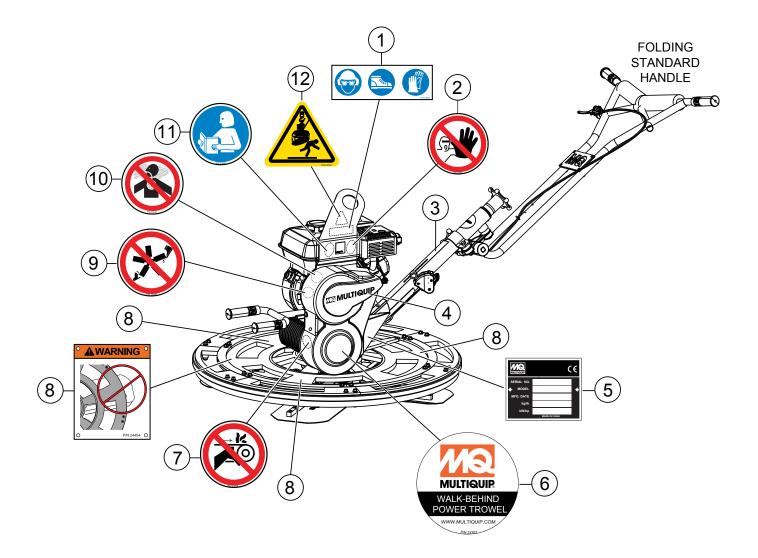
| | P/N | |
|---|-------------|------------------------|
| 2 | 20478 | . GRIP, HANDLE |
| 1 | 24422 | .GASKET/SEAL KIT |
| 1 | 24426 | .BEARING KIT |
| 1 | 24072 | . PITCH CABLE (FXHS) |
| 1 | 21172 | .THROTTLE CABLE |
| 1 | 10968 | . THRUST BEARING KIT |
| 1 | 10793 | .THRUST COLLAR |
| 1 | 1154 A | .WEAR PLATE |
| 2 | 24420-A26.5 | . V-BELT A26.5 |
| 2 | 10139 | . GEARBOX LUBRICANT |
| 1 | 22732 | . THROTTLE LEVER ASSY. |

HONDA GX160UT2QX2

| Qty. | P/N | Description |
|------|-------------|---------------------|
| 3 | 9807955876 | SPARK PLUG |
| 1 | 17620Z4H020 | TANK CAP |
| 3 | 17210ZE1822 | AIR CLEANER ELEMENT |
| 3 | 17218ZE1821 | FILTER OUTER |
| 1 | 28462ZH8003 | ROPE, RECOIL |

NOTICE

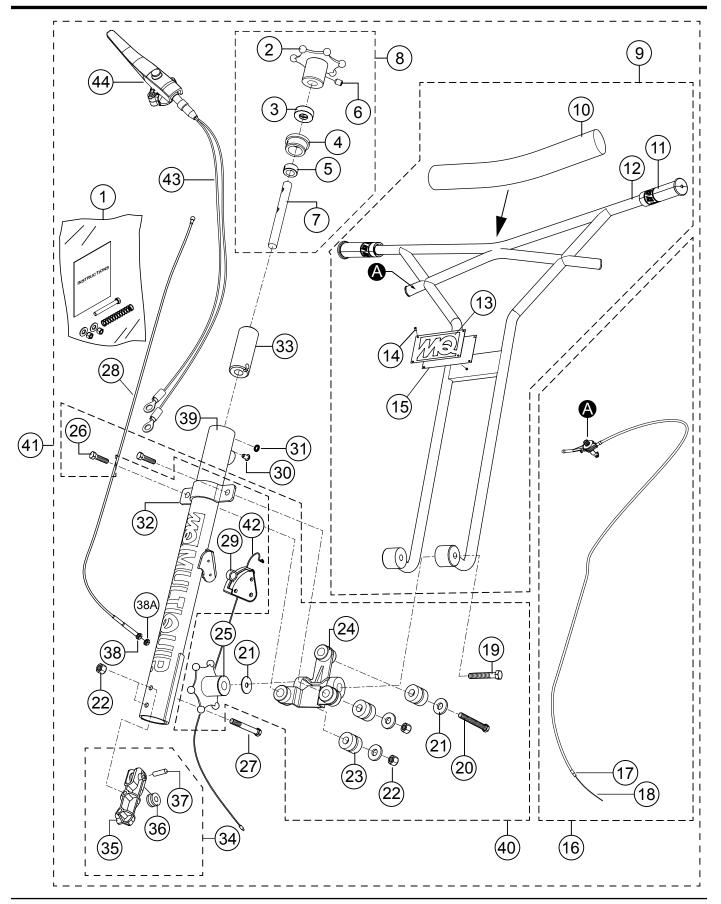
Part numbers on this Suggested Spare Parts list may supersede/replace the part numbers shown in the following parts lists.



NAMEPLATE AND DECALS

| <u>NO.</u> | PART NO. | PART NAME | <u>QTY.</u> | REMARKS |
|------------|----------|---|-------------|----------------|
| 1# | 36099 | ISO DECAL, PROTECTIVE CLOTHING, 3.50" X 1.13" | 1 | |
| 2# | 23701 | ISO DECAL, ASK FOR TRAINING, 2.00" DIA. | 1 | |
| 3 | 23702 | DECAL, MQ LOGO 12.30" X 1.457" | 1 | |
| 4# | 20816 | DECAL, MQ LOGO 6.78" X .80" | 1 | |
| 5 | | DECAL, SERIAL PLATE, WBT- CHINA | 1 | CALL MQ PARTS |
| | | | | DEPT. |
| 6# | 23703 | DECAL, MQ MULTIQUIP ROUND 3.78" DIA. | 1 | |
| 7# | 23704 | ISO DECAL, GUARD WARNING 2.00" DIA. | 1 | |
| 8# | 24454 | DECAL, WARNING, NO EXPOSED BLADE | 3 | |
| 9# | 23698 | ISO DECAL, ROTATING BLADE HAZARD, 2.00" DIA. | 1 | |
| 10# | 23810 | ISO DECAL, INHALATION HAZARD, 2.00" DIA | 1 | |
| 11# | 23699 | ISO DECAL, READ MANUAL, 2.00" DIA. | 1 | |
| 12# | 23700 | ISO DECAL, LIFTING/CRUSH, 2.4" X 2.0" | 1 | |
| 13 | 24380 | DECAL KIT. J AND B FINISHERS | 1 | INCLUDES ITEMS |
| | | | | W/# |

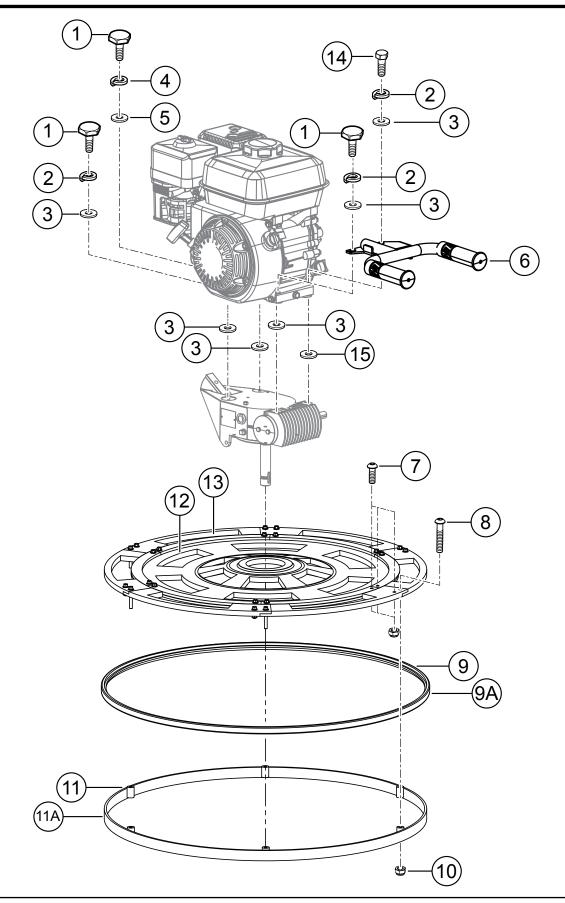
FXHSE FOLDING HANDLE ASSY.



PAGE 54 — JS36/30H55DE SERIES WALK-BEHIND TROWEL • OPERATION AND PARTS MANUAL — REV. #0 (5/02/16)

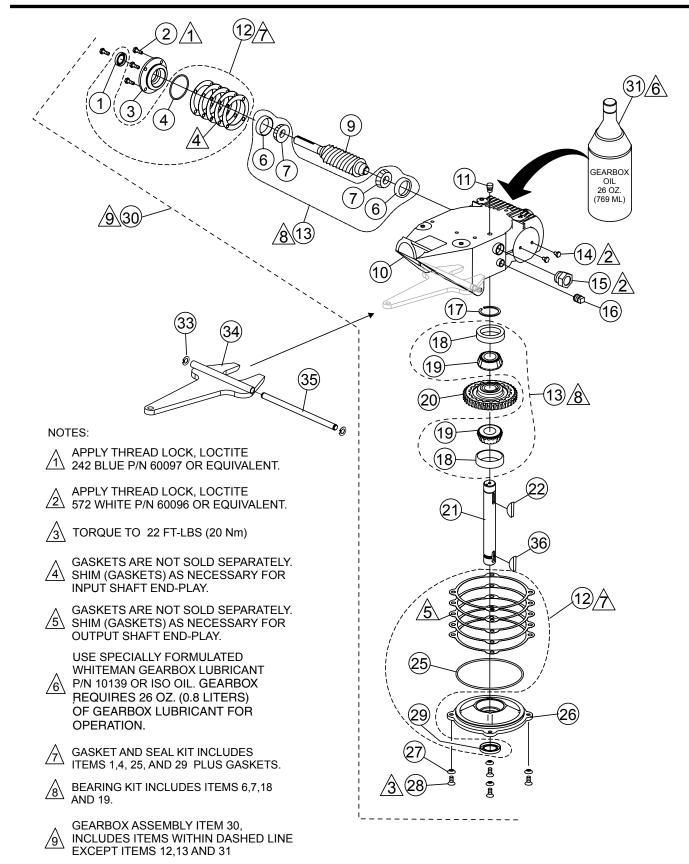
FXHSE FOLDING HANDLE ASSY.

| | | PART NAME | ΟΤΥ | DEMADKG |
|------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| <u>NO.</u> 1# | <u>PART NO.</u> 22100 | KIT, VIBE CTRL. HANDLE INSTALLATION | <u>QTY.</u> 1 | <u>REMARKS</u> |
| 2#@ | 20817 | WHEEL, HAND | 1 | |
| 2#@ 3#@ | 0281 | BEARING, THRUST NICE, 607 | 1 | |
| 3#@ 4#@ | | BEARING, TROWEL CONTROL | 1 | |
| | 20282 | | 1 | |
| 5#@ 6#@ | 3615 | COLLAR, SET 3/4" ID W/ SET SCREW | 1 | |
| 6#@ 7#@ | 0122 C | SCREW, SHS 3/8-16 x 1/2" | 1 | |
| 7#@ | 1478 | SHAFT, TROWEL CONTROL | 1 | |
| 8# 0# | 20819 | HAND WHEEL ASSY., PITCH CONTROL | | |
| 9# | 24081 | | I | INCLUDES ITEMS W/% |
| | 22166 | COVER, VIBE CONTROL HANDLE PAD | 1 | |
| 11#% | 30174 | | 2 | |
| 12#% | 24078 | HANDLE, UPPER, FOLDING | 1 | |
| 13#% | 24080 | LOGO PLATE, MQ | 1 | |
| 14#% | 24084 | | 4 | |
| | 24079 | PLATE, BACKUP | 1 | |
| 16# | 22732 | THROTTLE LEVER ASSY. | 1 | INCLUDES ITEMS W/& |
| | 21173 | HOUSING, MAGURA THROTTLE CABLE | 1 | |
| 18#& | 21172 | CABLE, THROTTLE | 1 | |
| 19#+ | 22167 | SCREW, HHC 3/8-16 X 6.5" GRD 5 | 1 | |
| 20#+ | 9154 | SCREW, HHC 3/8-16 X 1-3/4" | 1 | |
| 21#+ | 3233 | WASHER, FENDER, 1.5" OD X 3/8" ID | 4 | |
| 22#+ | 10133 | NUT, NYLOC 3/8-16 | 4 | |
| 23#+ | 22059 | ISOLATOR, VIB. 80 DUROMETER SHORE | A 3 | |
| 24#+ | 22206 | CHASSIS, CAST VIBRATION ISOLATOR | 1 | |
| 25#+ | 20439 | WHEEL ASSY. HAND | 1 | |
| 26#+ | 1665 | SCREW, HHC 3/8-16 X 2" | 2 | |
| 27# | 21017 | SCREW, HHC 3/8-16 X 3-1/4" FULL THRD. | 1 | |
| 28# | 24072 | CABLE, PITCH CONTROL | 1 | |
| 29# | 20856 | SWITCH, ASSY., SAFETY STOP | 1 | |
| 30# | 0786 | SCREW, BHC 1/4-20 X 3/8" NYL PATCH, N | P 1 | |
| 31# | 0786 A | SPACER, SLIDE BLOCK GUIDE | 1 | |
| 32# | 24075 | HANDLE, MAIN, FOLDING | 1 | |
| 33# | 20287 | SLIDE BLOCK, TROWEL CONTROL | 1 | |
| 34# | 20280 | BLOCK, PITCH CONTROL | 1 | INCLUDES ITEMS W/\$ |
| 35#\$ | 20275 | BLOCK, SUPPORT | 1 | |
| 36#\$ | 1118 | PULLEY, PITCH CABLE HANDLE | 1 | |
| 37#\$ | 20279 | PIN, SUPPORT BLOCK 3/8" X 1.59" | 1 | |
| 38# | 1116 | NUT, BRASS JAM 5/16-18 | 1 | |
| 38A# | 10698 | NUT, HEX, CONICAL 5/16-18 | 1V | |
| 39# | 24055 | HANDLE ASSY, LOWER | 1 | |
| 40# | 30206 | VIBE CHASSIS ASSY | 1 | INCLUDES ITEMS W/+ |
| 41 | FXHSe | FOLDING HANDLE ASSY, EDGER | 1 | INCLUDES ITEMS W/# |
| 42# | 24310 | HARNESS, CENTRIFUGAL SWITCH | 1 | |
| 43 | 24379* | HARNESS, PRESENCE SWITCH | 1 | |
| 44 | 21912* | PRESENCE SWITCH, OPERATOR | 1 | |
| 45 | 24083 | KIT, OPERATOR PRESENCE, FXHS(e) | 1 | INCLUDES ITEMS W/* |



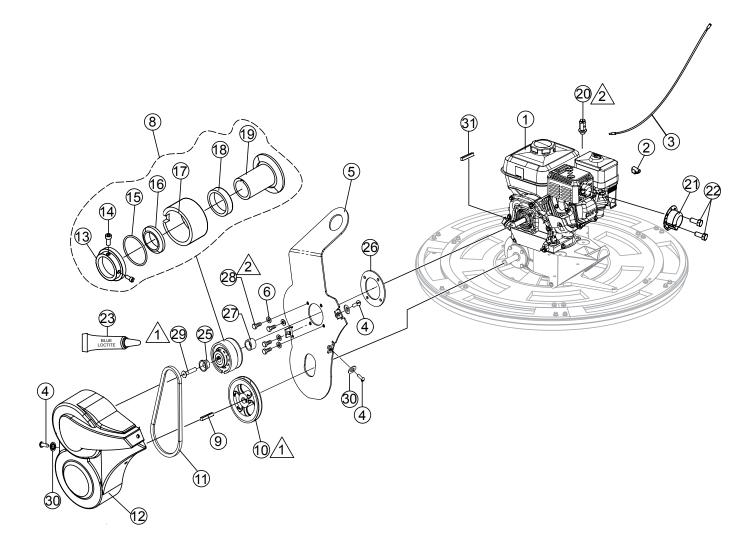
GUARD ASSY.

| NO. | PART NO. | PART NAME | QTY. | REMARKS |
|-----|----------|--|------|----------------|
| 1 | 1207 | SCREW, HHC 5/16-18 X 1 3/4" | 3 | |
| 2 | 0161 C | WASHER, LOCK 5/16 MED | 3 | |
| 3 | 0300 B | WASHER, FLAT SAE 5/16 | 6 | |
| 4 | 0166 A | WASHER, LOCK 3/8 MED | 1 | |
| 5 | 10136 | WASHER, FLAT SAE 3/8 | 1 | |
| 6 | 24397 | LIFT BRACKET ASSEMBLY | 1 | |
| 7 | 24452 | SCREW, BHC, M8-1.25 x 25, BLACK OXIDE | 18 | |
| 8 | 24453 | SCREW, BHC, M8-1.25 x 45, BLACK OXIDE | 6 | |
| 9 | 24394 | BUMPER 36" | 1 | |
| 9A | 24393 | BUMPER 30" | 1 | |
| 10 | 42344 | NUT,NYLOC, M8-1.25, CLASS 8.8 | 24 | |
| 11 | 24392 | RING, BUMPER 36" | 1 | |
| 11A | 24391 | RING, BUMPER 30" | 1 | |
| 12 | 24389 | GUARD RING 30" | 1 | |
| 13 | 24390 | GUARD RING SEGMENT 36" | 6 | |
| 14 | 1665 | SCREW, HHC, 3/8-16 x 2" | 1 | |
| 15 | 13351 | WASHER, FLAT, 3/8 EXT. THICK HIGH STRENGTH | 1 | |



GEARBOX ASSY.

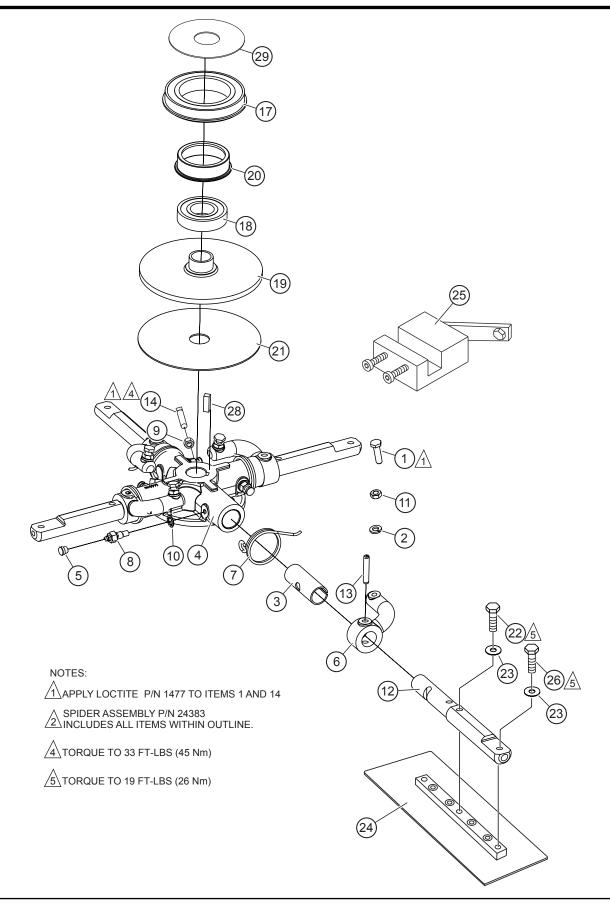
| | <u>PART NO.</u> | PART NAME | <u>QTY.</u> | REMARKS |
|-------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| | 24323 | SEAL, OIL | 1 | |
| | 0131 A | SCREW, HHC 1/4-20 X 3/4" | 4 | |
| | 12876 | FLANGE, INPUT SHAFT | 1 | |
| | 20395 | O-RING, 2" 8032 N | 1 | |
| | 24060 | BEARING, CUP #LM11910 | 2 | |
| | 24061 | BEARING, CONE #LM11949 | 2 | |
| 9% | 1851 | GEAR, WORM "B" INPUT SHAFT | 1 | |
| 10% | 12874 | CASE, WORM GEAR MACHINED | 1 | |
| 11% | 21218 | VENT, AIR | 1 | |
| 12# | 24422 | GASKET/SEAL KIT | | |
| 13 | 24423 | BEARING KIT | 1 | INCLUDES ITEMS W/# |
| 14% | 20476 | SCREW, HHC 1/4-28 X 3/8" | 2 | |
| 15% | 21033 | SIGHT GLASS, 3/4 M PIPE STEEL | 1 | |
| 16% | 0121 A | FITTING, PLUG 3/8 MP SQ HEAD | 1 | |
| 17% | 1138 | RING, SNAP, TRUARC 5100-112 | 1 | |
| 18%# | 24286 | BEARING, CUP | 2 | |
| 19%# | 24287 | BEARING, CONE | 2 | |
| 20% | 1140 | GEAR, WORM, COMPOSITE | 1 | |
| 21% | 24378 | SHAFT, OUTPUT | 1 | |
| 22% | 24399 | KEY | 1 | |
| 25%\$ | 20396 | O-RING, 254 BUNA N | 1 | |
| 26% | 12875 | COVER, GEARBOX | 1 | |
| 27% | 10235 | WASHER, C/S EXT. SHKP | 4 | |
| 28% | 20875 | SCREW, FHSC 5/16-18 X 3/4" | 4 | |
| 29%\$ | 24254 | SEAL, OIL | 1 | |
| 30 | 24411 | GEARBOX ASSEMBLY | 1 | INCLUDES ITEMS W/% |
| 31 | 60073 | GEARBOX OIL ISO 640, 26 OZ. (769 ML) | 2 | |
| 33 | 20802 | RING, SNAP TRUARC 5100-37 | 2 | |
| 34 | 21477 | YOKE ARM | 1 | |
| 35 | 20801 | PIN, YOKE | 1 | |
| 36 | 24400 | KEY, .3125 SQ x 1.00" | 1 | |



NOTES: APPLY BLUE LOCTITE 246, ITEM 23. APPLY RED LOCTITE 262, ITEM 23.

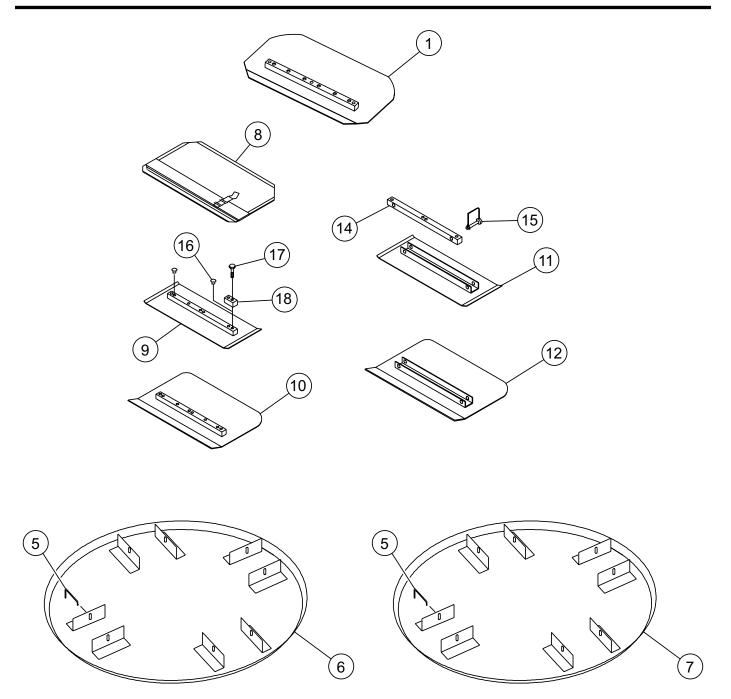
ENGINE CLUTCH ASSY.

| NO. | PART NO. | PART NAME | <u>QTY.</u> | REMARKS |
|-----|-------------|--|-------------|------------------|
| 1 | 22901 | ENGINE, HONDA GX160 TIER 3 | 1 | 4.8 HP |
| 2 | 1475 | CONNECTOR, SPLICE TAP | 1 | |
| 3 | 1488 | WIRE, SAFETY SWITCH | 1 | |
| 4 | 12287 | SCREW, THP 1/4- 20 X 3/4" SS | 3 | |
| 5 | 21988 | LIFTING BALE ASSEMBLY J FIN | 1 | |
| 6 | 933241 | WASHER, FLAT SAE 5/16 RD 9 YZ | 4 | |
| 8 | 0255 | CLUTCH ASSEMBLY 3/4" CENTRIFUGAL, 5.5 HP | 1 | INCLUDESITEMSW/@ |
| 9 | 0627 | KEY, 3/16 X 1-1/4" | 1 | |
| 10 | 21994 | PULLEY AK-59 X 3/4, 60-130 RPM | 1 | |
| 11% | 24420-A26.5 | V-BELT, OPTIEBELT VB A26.5 | 1 | |
| 12 | 21970 | BELT GUARD | 1 | |
| 13@ | 0253 | CLUTCH PLATE | 1 | |
| 14@ | 1868 | SCREW, SHS 3/8-24 X 3/4", NP | 2 | |
| 15@ | 0855 | SPRING, CLUTCH .156 X 5.375 X .025 | 1 | |
| 16@ | B1766 | WEIGHT, AUTOMATIC CLUTCH | 4 | |
| 17@ | 0251 | DRUM, CENTRIFUGAL CLUTCH | 1 | |
| 18@ | 0456 | BEARING, SHIELDED 6007 ZZ E | 1 | |
| 19@ | 21307 | CLUTCH SPINDLE 3/4" BORE | 1 | |
| 20 | 20845 | SWIVEL ASSEMBLY | 1 | |
| 21 | 1834 | DEFLECTOR | 1 | |
| 22 | 1273 | SCREW, HHST 8-32 X 3/8" | 1 | |
| 23 | 60097 | LOCTITE ™ #246, BLUE | 1 | |
| 25 | 1406 | PLUG, END (CLUTCH) | 1 | |
| 26 | 21915 | SPACER PLATE, LIFTING BAIL | 1 | |
| 27 | 21679 | SPACER, 1 X .78 X .69L | 1 | |
| 28 | 10229 | SCREW, HHC 5/16-24 X 1" | 4 | |
| 29 | 21678 | SCREW, FHSC 5/16-24 X 1-3/4" | 1 | |
| 30 | 0300 B | WASHER, FLAT SAE 5/16 | 6 | |
| 31 | | KEY | 1 | INCLUDEDW/ENGINE |



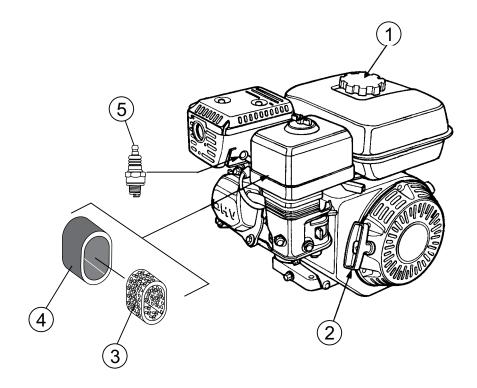
SPIDER ASSY.

| NO. | PART NO. | PART NAME | QTY. | REMARKS |
|-----|----------|--|------|--------------------|
| 1% | 0164 B | RADIUS HEAD 3/8-16, FULL THREAD | 4 | |
| 2% | 0166 A | LOCK WASHER 3/8 MED | 4 | |
| 3% | 1157 A | BUSHING, TROWEL ARM | 4 | |
| 4% | 24381 | SPIDER PLATE, 1-1/8 SHAFT 4 BLD 30/36 | 1 | |
| 5% | 1162 A | CAP, GREASE ZERK #2 YELLOW | 4 | |
| 6% | 1163 | LEVER, TROWEL ARM RIGHT HAND | 4 | |
| 7% | 1316 | SPRING, LS ARM RETURN | 4 | |
| 8% | 1322 | RETAINING SCREW ASSEMBLY | 4 | |
| 9% | 1456 | NUT, HEX FINISH 3/8-16 | 1 | |
| 10% | 1875 | WASHER, INT. SHKP. 3/8" | 4 | |
| 11% | 1876 | NUT, HEX JAM 3/8 - 16 CLASS 2B | 4 | |
| 12% | 24418 | ARM, TROWEL, 2826 MODIFIED | 4 | |
| 13% | 4164 | ROLL PIN 5/16 x 1-3/4" | 4 | |
| 14% | 12097 | SCREW, SQHS 3/8 -16 X 1-3/4 CONE GRD 8 | 1 | |
| 15 | 24383 | SPIDER W/ ARMS ASSEMBLY | 1 | INCLUDES ITEMS W/% |
| 17 | 21441 | BEARING, 2.9375 ID, 4.527 OD W/RING | 1 | |
| 18 | 10607 | THRUST BEARING | 1 | |
| 19 | 10567 | THRUST COLLAR | 1 | |
| 20 | 21434 | SLEEVE PITCH | 1 | |
| 21 | 10639 | WEAR PLATE, THRUST COLLAR | 1 | |
| 22 | 21906 | SCREW, HHCS 5/16-18 X 1-1/2" | 4 | |
| 23 | 0161 | WASHER, LOCK 5/16" | 8 | |
| 24 | C844 | BLADE ASSEMBLY | 4 | 36" CONFIGURATION |
| 25 | 1817 | TOOL, TROWEL ARM ADJUST. FIXTURE | 1 | |
| 26 | 42036 | SCREW, HHCS 5/16-18 X 1-1/4" | 4 | |
| 27 | C334 | BLADE ASSEMBLY | 4 | 30" CONFIGURATION |
| 28 | 24400 | KEY 0.3125 SQ X 1.0" | 1 | |
| 29 | 24386 | WEAR PLATE, UPPER | 1 | |



BLADE ASSY.

| <u>NO.</u> | PART NO. | PART NAME | <u>QTY.</u> | REMARKS |
|------------|----------|--------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|
| 1 | 0334 | TROWEL BLADE, 8"X10.5", COMBO | 4 | |
| 2 | F900 | TROWEL BLADE, 8"X14", FINISH | 4 | |
| 3 | 21906 | SCREW, HHFS 5/16 - 18 X 1-1/2" GR5 | 8 | ALL BLADES |
| 5 | 20646 | FLOAT DISC LATCH PIN | 4 | |
| 6 | 2870 | FLOAT PAN, 36-INCH | 1 | |
| 7 | 11032 | FLOAT PAN, 36-INCH SUPER FLAT | 1 | |
| 8 | CL945 | FLOAT BLADE, 10"X14" CLIP-ON | 4 | |
| 9 | F10900 | ENDURO FINISH BLADE 6"X14" | 4 | |
| 10 | C10844 | ENDURO COMBO BLADE 8"X14" | 4 | |
| 11 | QF1872 | QUICK CHANGE BLADE, 6"X14" | 4 | |
| 11 | QF10872 | ENDURO QUICK CH.FINISH BLADE, 6"X14" | ' 4 | |
| 12 | QC1871 | QUICK CHANGE COMBO BLADE, 8"X14" | 4 | |
| 12 | QC10871 | ENDURO QK CHNG.COMBO BLADE, 8"X14 | -"4 | |
| 14 | QB1857 | UNIVERSAL MOUNTING BAR | 4 | |
| 15 | QS1869 | SNAP PIN 1/4"X1-3/4" | 8 | |
| 16 | 1434 | TROWEL LUG (FINISH BLADE ONLY) | 4 | |
| 17 | 0202 | SCREW, HHCS 5/16-18X1" RING | 4 | |
| 18 | 0201 | GUARD RING LUG | 4 | |



ENGINE SERVICE PARTS

| <u>NO.</u> | PART NO. | PART NAME | QTY. | REMARKS |
|------------|-------------|---------------------|------|----------------|
| 1 | 17620Z4H020 | TANK CAP | 1 | |
| 2 | 28462ZH8003 | ROPE, RECOIL | | GX160UT2QX2 |
| 2 | 28462ZE2W11 | ROPE, RECOIL | | GX270UT2QA2 |
| 3 | 17210ZE1822 | AIR CLEANER ELEMENT | | GX160UT2QX2 |
| 3 | 17210ZE2822 | AIR CLEANER ELEMENT | | GX270UT2QA2 |
| 4 | 17218ZE1821 | FILTER OUTER | | GX160UT2QX2 |
| 4 | 17218ZE2821 | FILTER OUTER | | GX270UT2QA2 |
| 5 | 9807955876 | SPARK PLUG | 1 | |



EC Declaration Of Conformity

| This Declaration | Of Conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer | |
|------------------|--|--|
| Manufacturer: | MULTIQUIP MQ (SHANGHAI) CO.,LTD | |
| Address: | No1355, Hengcang Road, | |
| | Jiading District, | |
| | Shanghai, China | |
| Telephone: | +86-21-59512076 | |
| Website: | www.multiquipsh.com.cn | |
| Email: | xshi@multiquip.com | |
| Authorized EU F | Representative to compile the technical file on behalf of manufacturer | |
| Name: | Kevin Cassell | |
| Address: | Unit 2, Northpoint Industrial Estate Globe Lane, Dukinfield, Cheshire SK16 | |
| | 4UJ | |

Object of Declaration

Product name: Walk-Behind Trowel

Models/Types: JS36 Series; BS46 Series

The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with the relevant Community

Harmonization Directives:

2006/42/EC Machinery Directive

and are in conformity with the following harmonized standards:

EN ISO 12100: 2010 Safety of machinery - General principles for design - Risk assessment and risk reduction.

EN 12649: 2008+A1: 2011 Concrete compactors and smoothing machines-Safety Year of CE marking: 2013

CE

Signed for and on behalf of:

Company:

MULTIQUIP MQ (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD

General Manager:

Place & Date:

Mr. Shi xiwen Shanghai, 5th May, 2013

OPERATION AND PARTS MANUAL

HERE'S HOW TO GET HELP

PLEASE HAVE THE MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBER ON-HAND WHEN CALLING

CHINA

MQ Shanghai, China

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