# **OPERATION MANUAL**



# RAMMAX MODEL RX1575 TRENCH ROLLER

S/N 3069933 AND ABOVE
(YANMAR 3TNV80F-SPAMM DIESEL ENGINE)

Revision #1 (06/27/24)

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THIS MANUAL MUST ACCOMPANY THE EQUIPMENT AT ALL TIMES.

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## NOTICE

Specifications are subject to change without notice.



#### **SYMBOLS OF THE SAFETY NOTICES:**



The notice warns of a serious risk of personal injury or other personal hazards



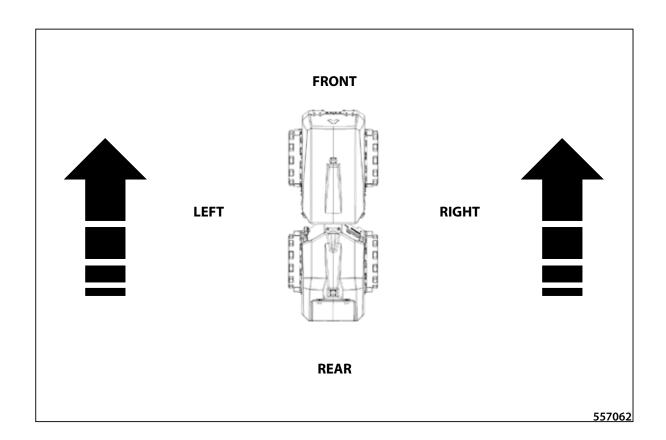
The notice warns of possible damages to the machine or its parts.



The notice warns of the necessity of environmental protection.

#### ! NOTICE!

As used in this operating manual, the terms "right", "left", "front" and "rear" indicate the sides of the machine moving forward.



## PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

#### **Machine description**

The RAMMAX 1575 trench roller is a roller specially designed for trench compacting. The unlimited side clearance of the roller drums allows compacting in very narrow, tight trenches right up to the trench walls.

#### **Machine application**

The wet, clayey soils found in sewer construction, pipeline construction, road foundations and construction backfilling, etc., are the areas of application for this modern trench roller. In hazardous construction site applications, it is possible for the operator to control the machine from a safe distance with no personal risk.

Only use the RAMMAX 1575 roller for driving on and compacting of non-cohesive (loose) materials.

The machines are designed for operation in arid, temperate and cold climates according to EN 60721-2-1:2014 with a limited temperature range from -15 °C (5 °F) to +45 °C (113 °F) and a maximum absolute humidity of 25 g.m $^{-3}$ .

Please fill in the following data: (see Pin label, Label of the Yanmar engine)
Type of machine
Product Identification Number
Production year
Type of engine
Serial number of the engine

Please refer to the data in the table below always when approaching the dealer or the manufacturer.

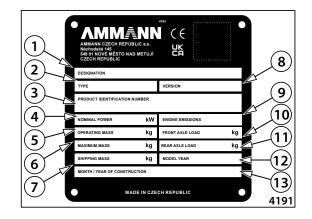
## NAMEPLATE DATA TAG

The machine that complies with the requirements as to health protection and safety is identified with a name plate with CE marking.

- 1. Name always mentioned only in the English version
- 2. Type
- 3. Product identification number
- 4. Rated power
- 5. Operating weight
- 6. Maximum weight
- 7. Shipping weight
- 8. Version
- 9. Engine emissions
- 10. Front axle load
- 11. Rear axle load
- 12. Model year
- 13. Month/year of manufacture

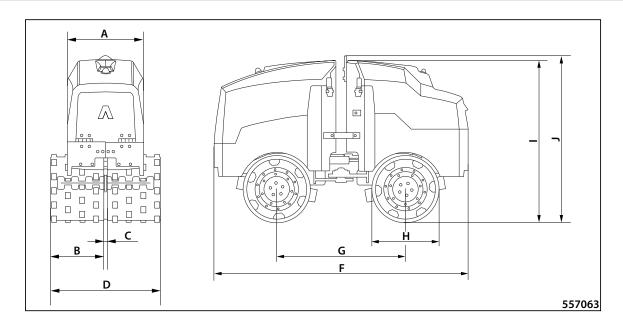
Name plate location

Engine name plate location









mm (in)		А	В	c	D	F	G	н	I	J
640  RAMMAX 1575 T4 final  850	640	601	302	36	640	1980	1000	525	1282	1317
	640	(23.7)	(11.9)	(1.4)	(25.2)	(78.0)	(39.4)	(20.7)	(50.5)	(51.9)
	050	601	407	36	850	1980	1000	525	1282	1317
	(23.7)	(16.0)	(1.4)	(33.5)	(78.0)	(39.4)	(20.7)	(50.5)	(51.9)	

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

		RAMMAX 1575		
		EU Stage V / U.S. EPA Tier 4f		
		640	850	
Dimension				
Drum width	(mm)	640	850	
Weight				
Operating weight of EN 500-1+A1 (CECE)	kg (lb)	1340 (2950)	1440 (3170)	
Operating load of EN 500-1+A1 (CECE) on front axis	kg (lb)	730 (1610)	780 (1720)	
Operating load of EN 500-1+A1 (CECE) on rear axis	kg (lb)	610 (1340)	660 (1460)	
Weight of half fluid capacities	kg (lb)	10 (20)	10 (20)	
Operating weight of ISO 6016	kg (lb)	1350 (2980)	1450 (3200)	
Maximum weight with accessories	kg (lb)	1450 (3200)	1450 (3200)	
Driving characteristics				
Maximum transport speed	km/h (MPH)	2,8 (1,7)	2,8 (1,7)	
Working speed		1,4 (0,9)	1,4 (0,9)	
Climbing ability without vibration	%	30	30	
Climbing ability with vibration	%	25	25	
Lateral static stability	%	80	80	
Lateral stability during driving without vibration	%	25	25	
Lateral stability during driving with vibration	%	15	15	
Turning radius inner (edge)	mm (in)	1540 (60,6)	1440 (56,7)	
Turning radius outer (contour)	mm (in)	2190 (86,2)	2290 (90,2)	
Type of drive	-	Hydrostatic		
Number of driving axles	-	2		
Oscillation angle	0	±7		
Angle of steering	0	± 30		
Steering				
Type of steering	-	Jo	int	
Steering control	-	Hydr	aulic	
Linear hydraulic motors	-		2	
Engine				
Manufacturer	-	YAN	MAR	
Туре	-	3TNV80F	-SPAMM	
Power according to ISO 3046-1	kW (HP)	14,6	(20)	
Number of cylinders	-			
Cylinder capacity	cm³ (cu in)	1266 (77)		
Nominal speed	min <sup>-1</sup> (RPM)	2400		
Maximum torque	Nm (ft lb)/rpm	68,4/1800		
Average fuel consumption	l/h (gal US/h)	3,2 (0,8)		
Engines complies with emission regulations	-	EU Stage V, U.S. EPA Tier 4 Final		
Cooling system of engine	-	Liquid		
Brakes				
Operating	-	Hydro	ostatic	
Parking	-	•	multiple-disc	
Emergency	_		multiple-disc	

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

		RAMMAX 1575 EU Stage V / U.S. EPA Tier 4f			
		640	850		
Vibration					
Frequency I	Hz (VPM)	40 (2400)			
Amplitude I	mm (in)	0,6 (0	),024)		
Amplitude II	mm (in)	1,1 (0	),043)		
Fluid capacities					
Fuel	l (gal US)	28 (	(7,4)		
Engine (oil filling)	l (gal US)	3,4 (	(0,9)		
Cooling system	l (gal US)	1,2 (	(0,3)		
Hydraulic system	l (gal US)	16 (	(4,2)		
Wiring					
Voltage	V	12			
Battery capacity	Ah	77			
Noise and vibration emissions					
Measured sound power level A, L <sub>pA</sub> at the operator's position *	dB	70			
Uncertainty K <sub>pA</sub> *	dB		1		
Guaranteed sound power level A, L <sub>wa</sub> **	dB	10	01		
Optional equipment					
Drum extension set					
Scrapers					
Filter set 250 operating hours					
Filter set 500 operating hours					
Filter set 1000 operating hours					
Cover tarpaulin					
* measured according the EN 500-4					
** measured according the DIRECTIVE 2000/14/EC					

## **MAJOR SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

# 2.1.1 Safety Measures during Machine Operation

Safety measures given in the individual chapters of Enginering Documentation supplied with the Machine shall be added with Safety Precautions in force within a respective country that uses the Machine at workplace with regard to work organization, work process and personnel involved.

#### 2.1.1.1 Compaction Work Commencement

- Constructional Supplier (Machine User) is liable to issue instructions for driver and maintenance before compaction work is started, that will include requirements on work safety provision during Machine operation.
- He must verify and mark:
  - utility lines,
  - underground areas (direction, depth),
  - seepage or escape of hazardous materials,
  - soil bearing capacity, slope of travelling plane,
  - other obstractions incl. their removal.
- He must make Machine driver, who will carry out earth work, familiar with these conditions.
- He must specify Code of Practice (C.O.P.) part of which is work procedure for a given work operation and this work procedure will specify inter alia:
  - measures when working under extraordinary conditions (work within protective zones, within extreme slopes, etc.),
  - precautions for any natural disaster hazards,
  - requirements on work performance while observing job safety principles,
  - technical and organizational measures to secure safety of personnel, workplace and environment.
- He must make Machine driver evidently familiar with the Code of Practice.

#### 2.1.1.2 Work Safety Secured by User

- User shall promptly communicate any damage to the utility lines to their operator, and at same time he make measures to prevent unauthorized persons from entering endangered area.
- He must ensure an employee does not work alone at a workplace. Another worker must always be in sight and within an ear-shot, who in case of accident will provide or call for help unless another effective form of monitoring or communication exists.

## **MAJOR SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

# 2.1.1.3 Assurance of safety measures by the operator

- The operator must ensure that the machine is operated only under conditions and only for purposes it is technically capable of according to the conditions set by the manufacturer and the respective standards.
- The operator must ensure using the machine in such a way and in such worksites where there is no risk of hazardous transmitting of vibrations and damage to nearby buildings etc.
- The operator must ensure regular inspection of operation and technical conditions, regular maintenance of the machine in intervals specified in the manuals for lubrication and maintenance. If the technical condition of the machine does not meet requirements to such an extent that it poses a risk to safety of operations, persons and property, or damages and harms the environment, the machine must be put out of service until the defects are removed.
- He must specify who is allowed to carry out operation, maintenance and repairs of the machine as well as what activities can be carriedpout out during the operation, maintenance and repair of the machine.
- Every person who drives the machine or performs maintenance and service of the machine must be familiarised with instructions stipulated in the operation manual of the machine.
- The operator must ensure that the fire extinguisher is checked on regular basis.
- The operator must ensure that the "Operation manual" is available at the designated place in the machine.
- The operator must ensure continuous supervision by an appointed person during machine operation on public roads, and he is especially liable for releasing instructions to ensure health protection and work safety.
- The operator must ensure removal of spilled hazardous materials (fuel, oil, cooling liquid, brake fluid, etc.) from the places of spillage, depending on their nature, so as to avoid their adverse impact on the environment, safety of operation and human health

# 2.1.2 Requirements on qualification of operating personnel

 The machine can only be driven by a person who has been trained according to ISO 7130 and other local and national instructions and standards specified for drivers of this group of machines

## **MAJOR SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

#### 2.1.3 Driver's obligations

- Prior to start of the machine operation, the driver is obliged
  to study instructions stated in the documentation supplied
  together with the machine, especially with safety precautions. The driver is obliged to observe such instructions very
  strictly. The same applies to personnel appointed with maintenance, adjustment and repairs of the machine. (In case
  you do not understand some parts of the manuals, contact
  the nearest dealer or the manufacturer.)
- Do not drive the machine unless you are fully familiar with all the machine functions, working and operating elements and know exactly how to operate the machine.
- The driver is obliged to follow the safety symbols placed on the machine and keep them legible.
- Before starting the work, the driver must get familiar with the worksite environment, i.e. with obstructions, gradients, utility lines, with necessary types of workplace protections with respect to the surroundings (noise, vibrations, etc.).
- When a risk to health or life of persons or a risk to property
  is detected, or in the case of defect of the technical equipment or if symptoms of such risks are found during operation, the driver, unless he is able to remove such risks on his
  own, must stop the work and secure the machine against
  incidental start, report the case to the person in charge and
  notify all persons exposed to the detected risk.
- Prior to starting the machine operation, the driver is obliged to acquaint himself with records and operational deviations found during the previous working shift.
- The driver must take extra care due to the delay and delayed reaction time caused by the remote control.
- Prior to starting work, the driver is obliged to inspect the
  machine and accessories, to check its controls, communication and safety equipment and to make sure that they are
  functional in accordance with the manual. When the driver
  detects a defect that might endanger the safety of work and
  that he is not able to repair, he must not put the machine
  into operation and must report such defect to the worker
  in charge.
- When the driver detects a defect during operation, he must stop the machine immediately and secure it against incidental start.
- During operation, the driver must observe the function of the machine and to record any detected defects into the log of operation.
- The driver must maintain the log of operation, which is designed for keeping records on the machine take-over and hand-over between individual drivers and on defects occurring and repairs carriedpout out during operation as well as for recording major events occurring during a working shift.
- Prior to starting the machine operation, the driver must check the function of the brakes and the steering.
- Before the engine is started, the controls must be in their zero positions and no persons are allowed to stay within dangerous reach of the machine.
- The driver must signal every machine start with the acoustic or light signal, always before the engine is started.

- After issuing the warning alarm, the driver may only start
  the machine when all workers have left the endangered
  area. During operation of the machine it is necessary to follow safety instructions and not to carry out any activity that
  might jeopardise work safety. The driver must be fully engaged in driving the machine.
- The driver must comply with technological procedures of works or instructions of the worker in charge.
- Ensure direct visual contact between the operator with the remote control and the machine.
- Make sure to use the remote control correctly.
- Avoid running over the remote control cable with the machine.
- Prevent the remote control from being pulled out due to excessive cable stretching.
- When rolling the machine on the worksite, the driver must adjust the driving speed to terrain conditions, to the type of work performed and to weather conditions. The driver must always watch the passage clearance to prevent collision with any obstacle.
- In case the driver finishes or interrupts the machine operation and leaves the machine, he must take safety measures to prevent any unauthorized use of the machine and incidental start. The driver must remove the key from the ignition box, lock the cab and disconnect the wiring using the disconnector.
- When the operation is completed, park the machine at a suitable parking place (flat with sufficient bearing capacity) to ensure stability of the machine; the machine must not interfere with traffic roads, must not be exposed to falling objects (rocks), and must be protected against any natural risks of another kind (floods, landslides, etc.).
- When the machine is abandoned on traffic roads, measures must be taken according to corresponding traffic rules. The machine must be marked properly.
- After finishing the work with the machine, all defects, damage to the machine and any repairs made must be recorded in the log of operations. When drivers take turns, the driver is obliged to inform the following driver about any observed issues.
- The driver must use personal protective equipment fit for the work performed - work clothes, working shoes, helmet, gloves and safety glasses.
- The driver must keep the machine equipped with specified accessories and equipment.
- · Keep the machine clean.
- Keep the machine free of oil contaminants and inflammable materials.
- If the machine comes into contact with high voltage, observe the following principles:
  - try to leave the hazardous zone with the machine,
  - warn the others to keep off and not touch the machine.

#### 2.1.4 Forbidden activities - safety and guarantee

#### It is prohibited:

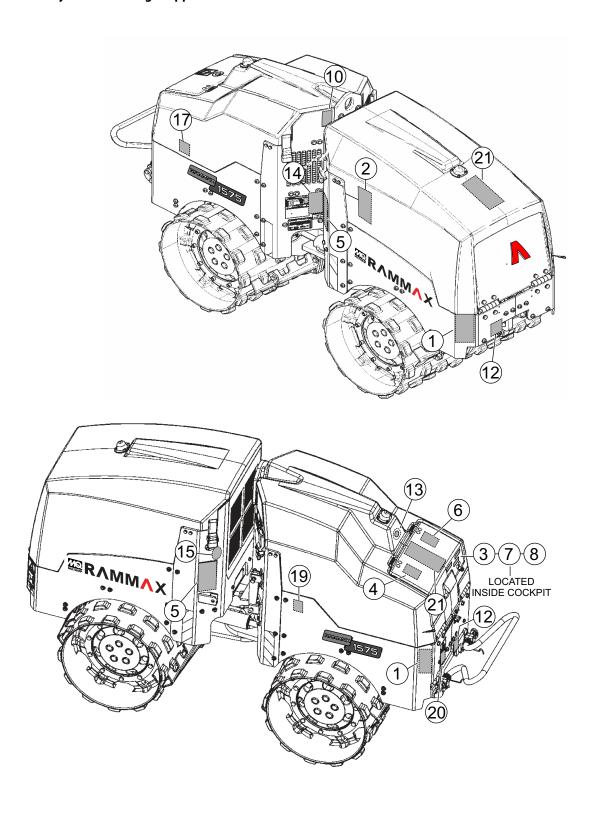
- · To use the machine in a case of an obvious defect.
- To use the machine when the level of any operating fluid is low.
- To repair the engine without authorization except common changes of operating fluids and filters, only an authorized service organization is allowed to intervene in the engine, including the peripheral components of the engine (for example, the alternator, the starter, the thermostat, the electrical installation of the engine.
- Operate the machine in potentially explosive atmospheres (ATEX) and underground areas.
- To use the machine under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
- To use the machine if its operation might pose risk to its technical condition, to safety (life, health) of persons, to facilities or objects or to road traffic and its fluency.
- To put the machine into operation and use it when other persons are within its hazardous reach – the exception is training of a driver by an instructor.
- Operate or use the machine if any safety device is removed or damaged.
- Operate the machine from outside the safe zone. The sense
  of the controls does not correspond to the movement of the
  machine.
- To drive the machine and use it for compacting at such slopes where the machine stability would be breached (overturning). The stated machine static stability is reduced by dynamic effects of driving.
- To drive the machine and use it for compacting at such slope angles where there is hazard of soil breaking off under the machine or a risk of a loss of adhesion and uncontrolled skidding.
- To control the machine in any other way than stated in operation manual.
- Drive and compact with vibration according to the loadbearing capacity of the soil at a distance from the edge of a slope or trenches in which there would be a risk of landslide or shoulder breaking off (dropping) with the machine.
- Drive and compact with vibration in such a distance from walls, cuts and slopes where there is a risk of landslide and the machine could be covered up with soil.
- Drive with vibration on a hard (frozen, concrete, overcompacted) surface or on a bedrock. There is a risk of damaging the machine.
- To compact with vibration in such a distance from buildings, facilities or equipment, within which risk of their damage due to vibration could occur due to the transmission of vibrations
- · To move and transport persons on the machine.
- To operate the machine with the bonnet lifted off.
- To operate the machine if there are other machines or means of transport within its hazardous reach, except those that operate in mutual cooperation with the machine.
- To operate the machine at a place that is not seen from the driver's stand and where hazard to people or property could occur unless work safety is ensured by another way, e.g. with mediate signalling by a duly instructed person.

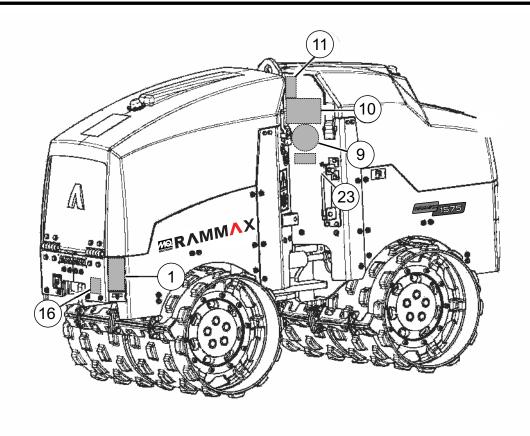
- To operate the machine in a protected zone of electric lines or substations.
- Do not cross electric cables if they are not properly protected against mechanical damage.
- Work with the machine above the level of the machine operator.
- To operate the machine at reduced visibility or at night, unless the machine's working area and the workplace are sufficiently illuminated.
- · Sitting on external parts of the machine while driving.
- To leave the machine unattended to move away from the machine without having prevented its misuse.
- To disable safety, protective or locking systems or alter their parameters.
- To use the machine with leaking oil, fuel, cooling liquid or other fillings.
- To start the engine in a different way than specified in the operation manual.
- To lay materials or other objects on the machine.
- · To remove dirt while the machine is running.
- To perform maintenance, cleaning or repairs when the machine is not secured against spontaneous move or accidental start and when contact of a person with moving parts of the machine is not excluded.
- To touch moving parts of the machine with the human body or objects and tools held in hands.
- To smoke or handle a naked flame when checking or pumping fuels, exchanging or refilling oils, lubricating the machine and inspecting or refilling the accumulator.
- To carry rags saturated from inflammable materials and inflammable liquids in unbound/loose vessels on the machine (in the engine space).
- Leave the engine running in enclosed, unventilated areas.
   Exhaust fumes are dangerous to life.
- To perform any adjustments on the machine without the prior consent of the manufacturer.
- · To move electrical conductors.
- To use other than original spare parts.
- To intervene in the electrical and electronic units in any manner.
- To fill the hydraulic circuit during the guarantee period in a different way than using the hydraulic unit.

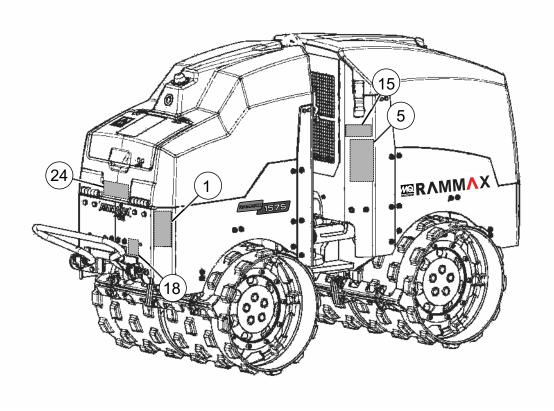


Breaching these provisions can influence the evaluation of a possible complaint and effect of the machine guarantee period.

#### 2.1.5 Safety notices and signs applied on the machine







1 Runover hazard



Keep clear of machine, runover hazard.

2 Injury hazard



Risk of injury: There is a risk of injury! Do not touch rotating parts of the machine while the engine is running. There is a risk of burns. Do not touch hot parts of the machine unless you make sure that they have cooled down sufficiently.

3 Machine overturning



Do not start the machine that has turned over.

4 Read Operation manual



Get familiar with operation and maintenance of the machine from the Operation Manual!

5 Hazardous area



Keep clear of machine, there is a risk of being squeezed between the front and rear frame of the machine.

6 Adjust while at rest



Switch OFF the engine and remove the key from ignition box before carrying out any maintenance or repair.

7 Proper use of the remote control



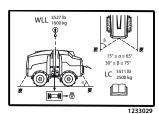
Get perfectly familiar with the machine operation according to the operation manual.

8 Ignition

9 Sets of filters

Get perfectly familiar with the machine operation according to the operation manual.

10 Lifting diagram



3815

To lift the machine, use binding means of sufficient loading capacity according to the Machine loading chapter. Before lifting, lock the articulation of the machine.

11 Lifting lug



To lift, suspend the machine on these lugs only.

12 Tying lug



Use only these lugs to tie the machine during transport.

13 Ear protection



Dangerous noise level! Use ear protection.

14 Guaranteed acoustic power level



15 Washing the machine by water



Dangerous situation. Prevent water from entering the electric and electronic parts of the machine as it could result in damage to the equipment and injury of persons. Read Operation Manual!

16 Engine oil draining plug



17 Hydraulic oil level



18 Hydraulic oil draining plug



19 Fuel tank



20 Fuel draining plug



21 Diagram of the protected and the safe zone



Get perfectly familiar with the machine operation according to the operation manual.

22 Coolant



Use the coolant of required specification according to Chapter 3.2.3.

23 California - Proposition 65 Warning



Exhaust gases and their components, operating fluids, batteries and other machine accessories contain chemicals known in the state of California to be substances which may cause cancer, congenial defects and other reproduction problems.

When handling these substances, abide by relevant safety precautions.

Further information see www.p65warnings.ca.gov

24 Length of the remote control cable



Do not run the infrared remote control cable to a distance more than 5 metres. The remote control may be pulled out of the operator's hand or the cable or remote control may be damaged!

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# **SAFETY DECALS (REMOTE CONTROL UNIT)**

2.1.6 Safety notices and signs used on the remote control



Read Operation manual!





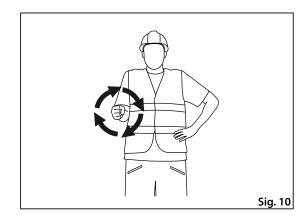
Familiarize yourself thoroughly with the remote control operation according to the operating manual!

#### 2.1.7 Hand signals

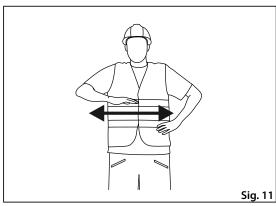
- Signals given by an assistant operator if the driver cannot see the travelling or working area or machine work devices.
- · The following principles must be observed:
  - only a limited number of signals must be used for communication purposes,
  - the signals must be easily distinguishable to prevent
  - hand signals can only be used in case the environmental conditions support clear communication between persons.
  - hand signals must be as similar as possible to intuitive movements,
  - one-hand signals can be given by any hand.

#### **EXAMPLES OF COMMUNICATION SIGNALS:**

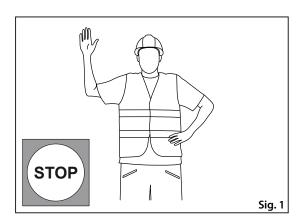
**Engine start** 



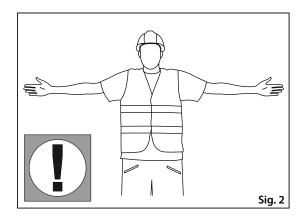
#### **Engine stop**



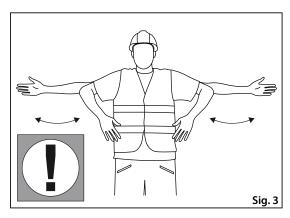
Stop



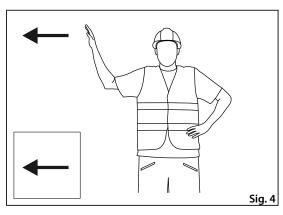
Watch out



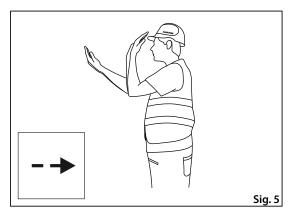
Watch out, danger



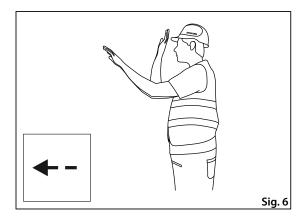
Driving



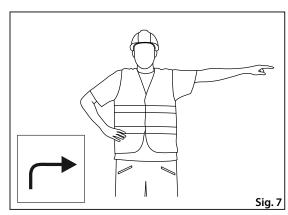
Slow driving forward - towards me



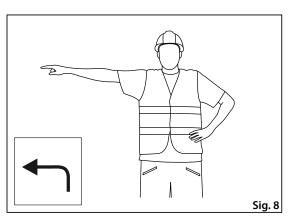
Slow driving backward - away from me



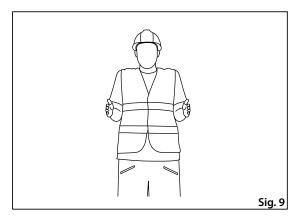
Driving to the right



Driving to the left



**Short-distance driving** 



#### 2.2.1 Hygienic principles



When operating and storing the machines, the user is obliged to observe general principles of health and environmental protection, and laws and regulations relating to the given issues and in force within the territory where the machine is used.

 Petroleum products, cooling system fillings, battery fillings and coating compounds, including solvents, are materials harmful to health. Workers coming into contact with these products during machine operation or maintenance are obliged to follow general principles of their own health protection and comply with safety and hygienic manuals by manufacturers of these products.

In particular we draw your attention to the following:

- protect your eyes and skin while working with the batteries,
- protect your skin while working with petroleum products, coating compositions and coolants,
- wash your hands properly after finishing the work and before the meal, treat the hands with appropriate reparation cream
- when handling cooling systems, please follow the instructions given in the manuals delivered with the machine.
- Always store petroleum products, coolants and batter fluids, coating compounds, incl. organic solvents, as well as cleaning and preserving agents in their original and properly labelled packages. These materials are not allowed to be stored in unlabelled bottles or in any other vessels considering the possible risk of confusion. Possible confusion with foodstuffs or beverages is very dangerous.
- In case of accidental contact with skin, mucosa and eyes or inhalation of vapours, immediately apply the first aid. In case of accidental ingestion of these products, seek medical help immediately.
- When operating the machine that is not provided with a cab or when the cab windows are open, always use ear protectors of suitable type and version.

#### 2.2.2 Ecological principles

 The fillings of individual systems of the machine and some of its parts become hazardous waste for the environment when discarded.

This category of waste products includes in particular:

- organic as well as synthetic lubricating materials, oil or fuels.
- coolants,
- battery media and batteries,
- cleaning and preservative agents,
- all dismounted filters and filter cartridges,
- all used and discarded hydraulic or fuel hoses, rubbermetals and other parts of the machine contaminated by the above mentioned products.



After the stated materials and parts are discarded, they must be handled in accordance with the respective national regulations on environmental protection and in accordance with the health protection regulations.

# 2.3.1 Short-term preservation and storage for a period of 1–2 months

- Wash and clean the entire machine carefully. Before parking the machine for preservation and storage, please warm up the engine to its operating temperature while running. Park the machine on solid, flat surface at a safe place with no risk of natural disaster (floods, landslides, fire, etc.) for the machine.
- In addition:
  - repair damaged coating,
  - lubricate all lubrication points,
  - confirm that water fillings have been drained,
  - check that the coolant has the required antifreezing specification,
  - check charging of the accumulators and recharge them if necessary,
  - place the fully charged remote control in a dry room and fully recharge it regularly at least once every two months.
  - apply preservative grease over the chrome-coated surfaces of piston rods,
  - we recommend you to protect the machine against corrosion by spraying the preservation agent, especially on places with a risk of corrosion.

# 2.3.2 Preservation and storage for a period longer than 2 months

- For machine shutdown, the same principles are applicable as for the short-term preservation.
- In addition it is recommended to:
  - dismantle the accumulators, check their condition, and store in a cool, dry room (recharge the accumulators regularly),
  - place the fully charged remote control in a dry room and fully recharge it regularly at least once every two months,
  - support the drum frame so that the shock-absorbing system shows minimal sag,
  - protect the rubber elements by coating with special preservative agent,
  - blind the suction and exhaust pipe of the engine with double PE foil and tighten it carefully with sealing tape,
  - protect the headlamps, external back mirrors and other elements of external wiring through spraying a special agent and wrapping into PE foil,
  - preserve the engine according to the manufacturer's manual – place a visible mark that the engine is preserved.
- Always move the start/stop switch on the remote control to the stop position.



After 6 months we recommend you to inspect the condition of preservation and renew if required.

Never start the engine during the storage!

When the machine is stored under field conditions, check that the parking place is not exposed to danger of flooding due to floods and that there is no other type of danger in this area (landslip etc.)!

If the remote control is not exposed to light for a long time, it is necessary to charge it up fully at least every two months. Otherwise the battery can get irreversibly damaged.



Before restoring operation of the machine, wash off the preservation agents using high pressure stream of hot water with common degreasers while observing the operation manual and the ecological principles.

Remove the preservation film and wash the machine at places provided with intercepting sumps to trap the rinsing water as well as deconserving agents.

# 2.3.3 Putting the machine into operation after storage

Check that some parts of the machine have not been damaged during storage and are not missing.



Remove preservation agents before putting the machine into operation:

Wash off the preservation agents using high pressure stream of hot water with common degreasers while observing the operation manual and the ecological principles.

Carry out removing of the preservation agents and washing the machine at places provided with intercepting sumps to trap the rinsing water as well as deconserving agents.

• Prepare the engine for operation according to the manual from the manufacturer.



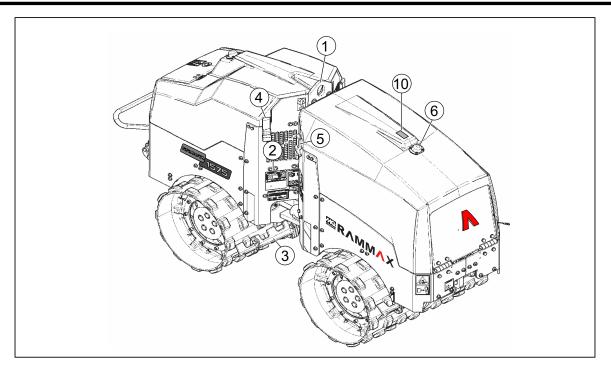
Check the level of operating fluids before you put the machine into operation!

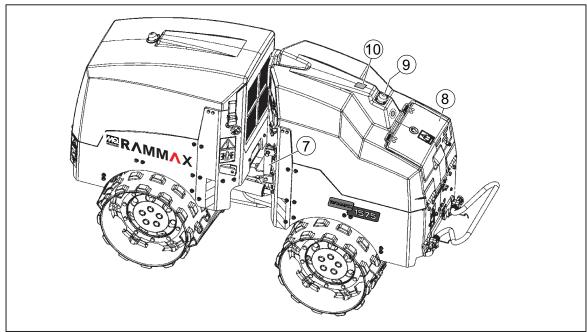
## **DISPOSAL END OF SERVICE LIFE**

- During machine disposal at the end of its service life, the user is obliged to follow national waste treatment and environmental regulations and acts. In these cases, we recommend you to always contact:
  - specialized companies with respective authorization for these activities,
  - the machine manufacturer or manufacturer-appointed accredited contracting service organizations.



The manufacturer Ammann shall not be liable for damage to the health of users or environmental damage caused by non-compliance with the above mentioned



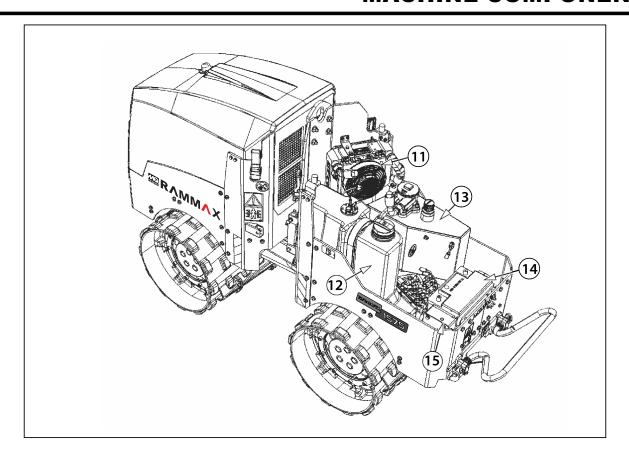


#### View from the right

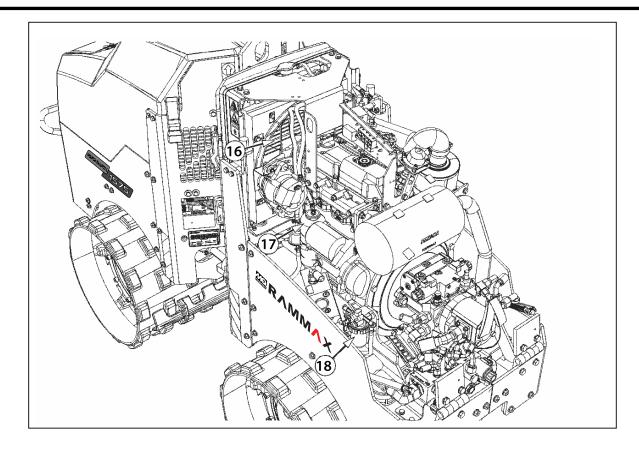
- 1 1-point lifting eye
- 2 Identification plate
- 3 Drum scraper
- 4 Rear bonnet closure
- 5 Front bonnet closure
- 6 Front sensor

## View from left

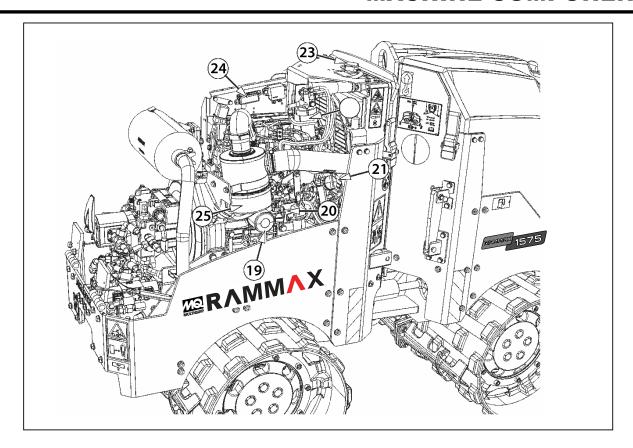
- 7 Articulated joint protection
- 8 Cockpit cover
- 9 Rear sensor
- 10 3D LF sensors (under the bonnet)



- 11 Oil cooler
- 12 Fuel tank
- 13 Hydraulic tank
- 14 Battery
- 15 Controller (machine controller)



- 16 Engine cooler
- 17 Coolant expansion tank
- 18 Water separator



- 19 Oil filter
- 20 Oil gauge
- 21 Oil filling port
- 22 Fuel filter
- 23 Coolant filling port
- 24 Engine fuses
- 25 Air filter

## **ACTUATORS DASHBOARD COMPONENTS**





- 1 Remote control
- 2 Storage area for spiral cable
- 3 Display unit
- 4 Ignition box
- 5 Fuses

#### 2.6.1 Display unit

#### Operating hours counter (1)

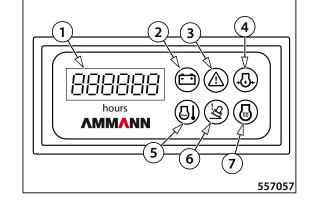


# Control lamp for battery charge level (charge control) (2)

The pilot lamp lights up after the key in the switch box is switched in position "I" and goes out after the engine starts. If the pilot lamp lights up during operation or does not go off after starting, carry out the following check immediately.

- · Stop the engine.
- Check the engine for defective or loose V-belt.

If the battery charging lamp is still on after you have carried pout out this check, contact Ammann authorized service.





#### Control lamp functions (3)

The Error control lamp lights as soon as the controller recognizes an error

The tilt sensor is activated. The compactor is in position with the angle exceeding  $45^\circ$ . Put the machine into vertical position.

Electric installation fault. Check the electric installation for short circuit or broken cable.

If the fault lamp is still on after you have carriedpout out this check, contact Ammann authorized service.

## **DISPLAY UNIT LAMPS**

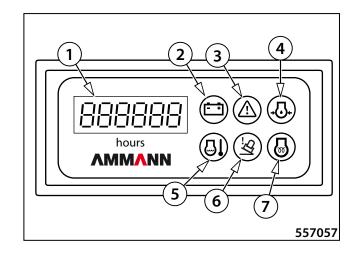


#### Control lamp for engine oil pressure (4)

The pilot lamp lights up after the key in the switch box is switched in position,," and goes out after the engine starts.



If the engine oil pressure control lamp lights up during operation or does not go off after starting, stop the machine and turn off the engine immediately!



- · Check the engine for oil loss and correct oil level.
- If the level of oil is correct, contact Ammann authorized service.

#### Note

The machine is equipped with an automatic shutdown system. If the oil pressure falls below the limit value, the oil pressure warning lamp lights up. After the warning lamp has been lit for 4 seconds, the machine is shut down.



Control lamp for cooling water temperature (5)



Danger of engine overheating. Stop immediately!

If the coolant temperature control lamp lights up during operation of the machine, switch off the engine immediately and top up coolant!

- Check the cooling system for leaks and the radiator/expansion vessel for correct coolant level.
- You have not found a fault: Contact Ammann authorized service.

#### Note

The machine is equipped with an automatic shutdown system. If the cooling water temperature exceeds the limit value, the temperature warning lamp lights up. After the warning lamp has been lit for 4 seconds, the machine is shut down.

## **DISPLAY UNIT LAMPS**



#### Machine overturn indicator lamp (6)

The indicator lamp indicates a dangerous lateral tilt of the machine.

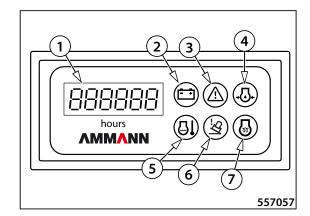
The indicator lamp indicates that the machine is overturned.

It remains lit when the machine is returned to the working position.

You must carry out the machine start-up procedure.



Follow the instructions for machine start-up after overturning.





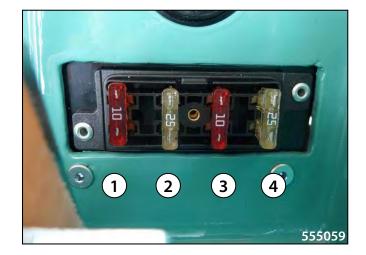
#### Control lamp for pre-heating (7)

The pre-heating time lasts about 6 s. The pre-heating indicator lamp extinguishes when the engine is started.

#### **Cockpit fuses**

The fuses are located under the cowling in the cockpit

1	F11	10 A	Controller, power supply
2	F12	25 A	Controller, outputs
3	F13	10 A	Display unit
4	F14	25 A	Hydraulic oil cooler



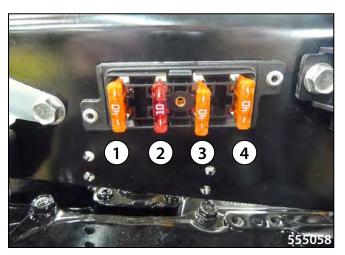
#### **Engine compartment fuses**

The fuses are located above the diesel engine.

1	F21	40 A	Pull-in solenoid
2	F22	10 A	Diesel pump, alternator
3	F23	40 A	Operating speed
4	F24	40 A	Pre-heating coil



Replace fuses only with fuses of identical value!!!



## **INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL UNIT**



#### 2.6.2 Remote control

Forward/reverse travel lever (1)

Left/right steering lever (2)

#### Start/Stop switch (3)

It is used to start the engine, see Chap. 2.7.3.



After the operation of the machine, all control sticks must be in the Stop position.

Switch for working speed (tortoise) – initial position / transport speed (hare) (4)

Warning horn button (5)

#### Vibration switch (6)

- low amplitude,
- vibrations off (initial position),
- high amplitude.



Do not use vibration on steep slopes or in the case of a large tilt angle.

Do not use vibration in buildings and on unstable grounds.



Danger to life caused by machine slipping or falling!

Indicator lamps (7)

# INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL UNIT

#### Machine stop button (8)

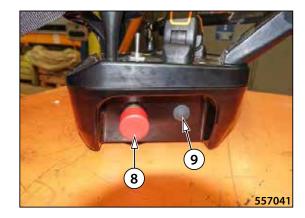
The button is used to immediately stop the machine, switch off the engine and activate the brakes.

The function is not available in case of loss of signal between the remote control and the sensor on the machine.

In case of loss of signal, the machine stops automatically.



Do not use the button for normal machine shutdown. Brake wear may occur.



#### Dead man's buttons (9)

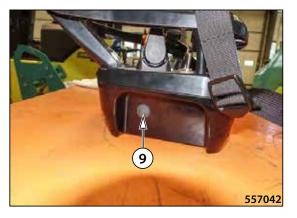
They are used to control the machine in special situations such as loading the machine, working in partially covered trenches.

The buttons are for the operator when they are not in the safe zone. To operate the machine, visual contact between the controller and the operator is required, otherwise no signal transmission will occur.

The function is only active when both buttons are pressed.



Operate the dead man function according to Chap. 2.7.7.



## 2.6.2.1 Indicator lamps

#### Remote control charge indicator lamp (10)

The indicator lamp shows the battery charge status.

During charging, it flashes according to the current charge level.

#### Remote control battery error indicator lamp (11)

### Cable control indicator lamp (12)

When the machine is operated by cable, the indicator lamp is on.

#### Protected zone indicator lamp (13)

This indicator lamp lights up when the machine operator is outside the machine's safe zone.

If the dead man function is activated, the safe zone is deactivated. When approaching within 0.5 m of the machine, the stop zone is activated and the machine stops automatically.

#### Protected zone indicator lamp (14)

This indicator lamp illuminates when the machine operator is in the machine's safe zone.

#### Safe zone deactivation indicator lamp (15)

The indicator lamp lights up when the machine's safe zones are deactivated.

If the machine operator approaches within a distance of less than 0.5 m, the machine stops and switches off the working functions, the indicator lamp starts flashing.



Use extra caution. There is a risk of injury or death by being run over by the machine!

### Error message indicator lamp (16), (17)

It is used to indicate error messages.

#### Note

The indicator lamp (17) flashes during start-up if the controls are not in their initial positions.

# TRANSMITTER STATUS LED'S



# **CHARGING INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL UNIT**

## Charging of the remote control

Charging of the remote control is indicated by an indicator lamp when the remote control is connected to the machine via cable.

Charging the remote control is possible even if the engine is switched off.

Charging is indicated by an indicator lamp on the remote control



Charging of the remote control with the engine switched off is limited to 2 hours only to avoid draining the machine battery. After 2 hours, charging is automatically interrupted.

# INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL UNIT CABLE CONNECTION

#### 2.6.2.2 Cable connection

- Cable connection is used to physically connect the remote control and the machine. Once the remote control is connected, all commands and communications are carriedpout out via the cable. The protected zone is active. Keep visibility between the remote control and the sensor.
- The cable connection is functional even if the battery is removed from the remote control.
- Charging of the remote control is indicated by an indicator lamp when the remote control is connected to the machine via cable. It is possible to operate the machine while the remote control is charging using the cable.
- Charging the remote control is possible even if the engine is switched off.
- Turn the key in the ignition box to the "I" position.



Charging of the remote control with the engine switched off is limited to 2 hours only to avoid draining the machine battery. After 2 hours, charging is automatically interrupted.

#### **Automatic pairing function**

- If you wish to control the machine via the remote control, you must first perform a mutual assignment of addresses.
   This is only necessary when registering a new remote control to the machine.
- · Connect the cable to the remote control.
- Turn the ignition key to the "I" position.
- Activate the remote control by moving the engine start lever to the "I" position.
- After about 3 seconds, you can disconnect the cable.



If more than one machine is operated in parallel at the site, check that the machine is correctly paired with the remote control before starting the engine.

Switch the key of machines within possible range to the "I" position. Then activate the warning horn (5) – machines must be in standby mode 2 and within range of the control signal. The machine that responds to the warning horn command is paired with the controller.

If more than one machine responds to this command, re-pair the remote controls to the appropriate machines and repeat the test.

If the above procedure is still not successful, contact service. Only one machine can continue working, the other must be secured against use.



# HANDLING INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL UNIT

### 2.6.2.3 Handling

The remote control is located under the dashboard cover.

It contains infrared diodes for data transmission and safedistance measurement.

Clean the remote control before use.

#### Proper carrying and use of the remote control

Ensure correct positioning.

Proper function requires direct visual contact between the manual remote control and sensor on the machine.

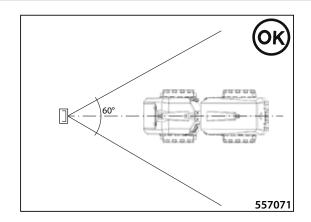


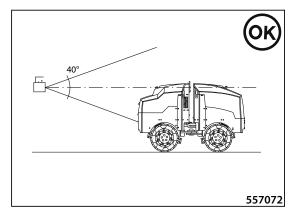
The sensor must always be in the area of effect of the remote control.

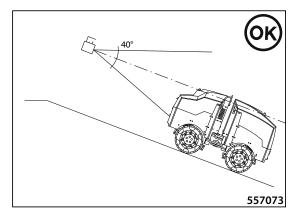


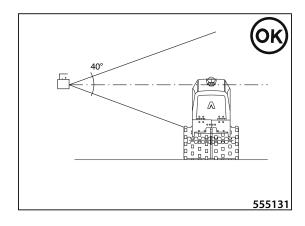
# PROPER USE OF INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL UNIT

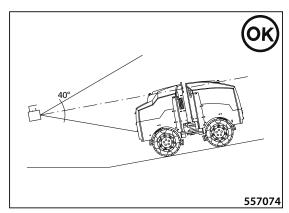
Proper use of the remote control











# IMPROPER USE OF INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL UNIT

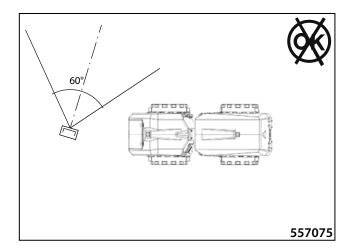
Improper use of the remote control

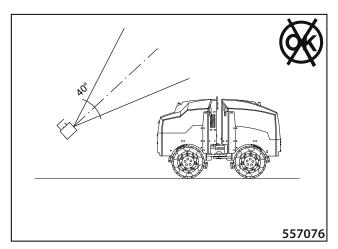


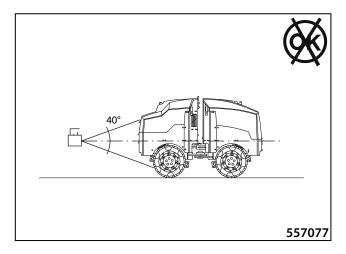
During the operation of the machine, it is forbidden to use the remote control without direct visual contact between the infrared remote control and the infrared sensor on the machine.

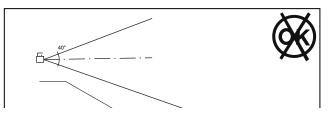
The range of the remote control in the horizontal direction is 60°.

The range of the remote control in the vertical direction is  $40^{\circ}$ .

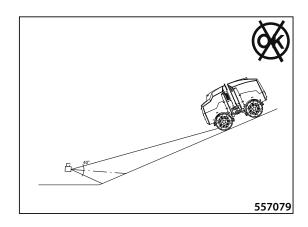


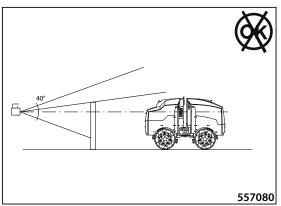


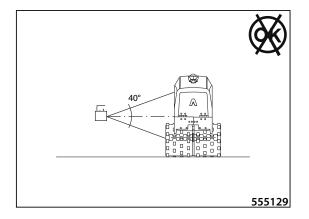




# IMPROPER USE OF INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL UNIT







# **OPERATING INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL UNIT**



During operation, aim the remote control in the direction of the machine only. The cable connector (1) must face forward.

The remote control can lean on the operator's body.



The diodes of the remote control (2) must not be covered, e.g. by fingers, hand, foreign objects or dirt.

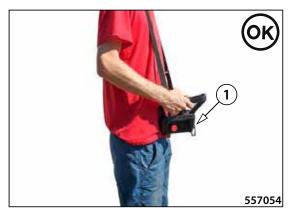


Do not aim the transmitter at reflective objects (large surfaces, light objects, other machinery, etc.).

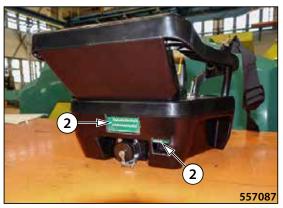
Do not use the remote control in the protected 2-metre zone or if there is insufficient visual contact between the machine and the operator or the remote control, unless stated otherwise.

For optimum comfort, adjust the strap to the correct length.



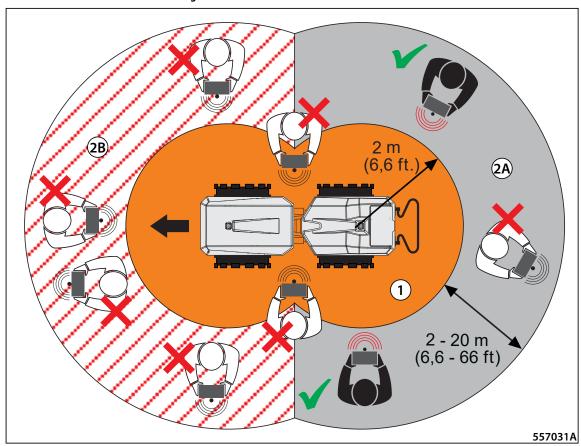




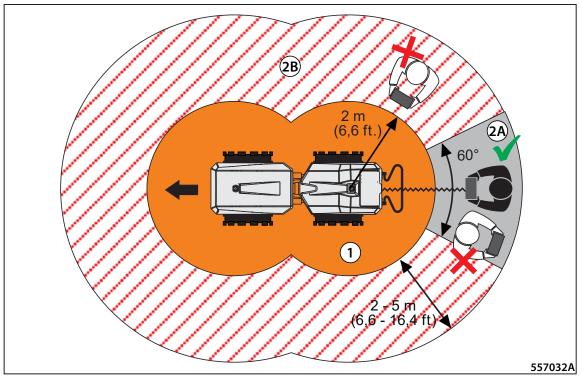


# **OPERATING INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL UNIT**

Protected zone and safe zone when using the remote control



Protected, safe and operating zone during the operation of the remote control and cable



# OPERATING ZONES INFRARED REMOTE CONTROL UNIT

#### 2.6.2.4 Protected zone and maximum range

The protected zone and maximum range function is an electronic safety feature designed to prevent the loss of visual contact between the operator and the machine and excessive proximity of the operator to the machine.

A machine equipped with remote control contains sensors determining the safe distance of the operator from the working machine. This creates a protected zone and a safe zone.

The protected zone is the area marked in orange (1), at a distance of 0–2 m from the sensors located on the bonnet.

The safe zone is the area marked in grey (2A), at a distance of 2–20 m, when using the remote control, see figure 557031A.

The maximum range of the remote control is 20 m. If this distance is exceeded, the machine automatically stops and does not respond to operator commands.

When using the remote control, the operator is allowed to move only within the safe zone.

The safe zone is the area marked in grey (2A), at a distance of 2–5 m, when using the remote control and cable, see figure 557032A. The maximum range of the cable is limited by the cable length (5 m).

When using the remote control and cable, the operator is allowed to move only within the safe zone.

It is forbidden to operate the machine from the striped area (2B). The sense of the controls does not correspond to the movement of the machine.

#### Limits of the protected zone and maximum range

	Remote control and cable	Remote control
Stop zone	0,5	0,5 m
Protected zone (1)	approx. 0-2 m	approx. 0-2 m
Safe zone (2A)	approx. 2-5 m	approx. 2-20 m
Maximum range	approx. 0–2 m	approx. 20 m

If the operator leaves the safe zone, the machine halts. The engine keeps running, but all other functions are disabled. In order to reactivate the machine, the operator must be located in the safe zone according to specific conditions, with the cable connected more than 2 m from the machine and when controlling via the remote control (2–20 m).

The stop zone is the area at a distance of 0–0.5 m from the sensor (10), not from the machine frame! The stop zone is still active regardless of the settings and functions of the machine.



When using the dead man function, the protected zone is deactivated.

Use extra caution. There is a risk of injury or death by being run over by the machine!



The distances of the individual zones are stated from the sensors (10) located on the bonnet, not from the machine frame!

The sensors do not react to people approaching the machine, only to the remote control.

During the operation of the machine, do not enter the protected zone of two metres.

The limit of the two-metre protected zone may be distorted by ±10% from the nominal value.

Do not use the remote control in the protected 2-metre zone or if there is insufficient visual contact between the machine and the operator or the remote control, unless stated otherwise.

Operate the machine exclusively from the area in grey, i.e. from the safe zone. Outside the safe zone, the control switches of control elements do not correspond to directions of machine movements.



When the machine is controlled using the remote control and the cable, the maximum distance from the machine is limited by the cable length.

It is forbidden to extend the remote control cable to a distance longer than 5 metres.

Extending the cable to more than 5 m may pull the remote control out of the operator's hand, or the cable or remote control may be damaged.

# **WARNING LIGHT BEACON**

## 2.6.3 Light indication

The light indication is integrated in sensors on the top of the front and rear bonnet of the machine. The light indication of the machine is enabled when it is controlled with the remote control.

It indicates the following machine conditions by flashing in certain Morse codes.



Machine status	Cause of the condition	Consequence of the condition	Code (Morse)	Light indication	
Stand-by	Machine standing still			0.4 sec ON; 3 sec OFF	
	The machine operator is outside the safe zone more than 20 m from the machine.	The machine automatically stops.	••		
	Signal between remote control and machine lost.	The machine automatically stops.			
Travel	The machine is in motion		••	0.5 sec ON; 0.5 sec OFF	
Warning 1	The machine operator is outside the safe zone of the machine less than 2 m from the machine.	The machine automatically stops.	•-	0.25 sec ON; 0.25 sec OFF	
	Dead man function active.	Deactivation of the safe zone.			
Warning 2	2D ROPS function active.	Vibration switches off; Acoustic signal sounds; Beacon flashing until the ma- chine's tilt angle is reduced.		4 Hz for 3 sec; 5 sec OFF	
Error	Error detected	Beacon illuminated.	• • • • •	Beacon illuminated	

### 2.7.1 Commissioning



Before putting the machine into operation, always read the operating manual and inspect the machine according to the instructions below.

#### Inspection of the machine before putting into operation:

- Check the arm release to secure the joint when transporting or loading the machine.
- · Check the battery level of the remote control.
- Check the function of the automatic pairing of the remote control with the control unit.
- · Check the site with regard to avoiding interference from the electronic ballast (due to external lamps fitted with fluorescent tubes).
- Check the function of the near and remote shut-down of the machine.
- · Check the tightness of the fuel tank and fuel circuit.
- · Check the hydraulic circuit for leaks.
- · Check the tightness of all screw connections.

#### Note

If the remote control does not work and all LED indicators are off, connect the transmitter to the machine via the spiral cable. The battery will recharge.

# **PROTECTIVE COVER**

### 2.7.2 Protective cover

The protective cover protects the display unit and the remote control from:

Weather conditions.

Vandalism.

Third-party actions.

Unauthorized access of third parties to the display unit and the remote control can be prevented by the use of a padlock (not included in the machine equipment).





During operation, the cover must be closed so as not to obstruct the visual contact between the remote control and sensor.





#### 2.7.3 Start-up of the engine

Before starting the engine, check the pairing of the remote control and the machine with the warning horn.

### Starting the engine using the ignition switch

0 Off

All electrical loads are off.

I Ignition on

All electrical consumers can be switched on.

II Pre-heating

III Start

#### **Pre-heating**

If the outside temperature is below 0°C:

Turn the ignition key to position II.

Hold it in this position for max. 6 sec.

Turn the ignition key further to position III.

#### Note

The control lamps for engine oil pressure and charging light up when the ignition is switched on. They extinguish once the engine is running.

If the ignition key remains in the "I" position for more than four hours, the control unit switches off automatically. In order to start the engine again, it is necessary to return the key into the "0" position and then start the engine again.

#### Starting the engine using the remote control

- Turn the ignition key clockwise to the "I" position.
- Hold down the Start switch on the remote control.
- · Engine will start automatically after glowing.
- · Release the switch.



Holding the Start / Stop switch in the ignition position will automatically start the engine after 10 sec.

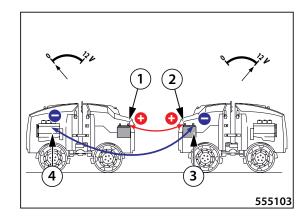




When using auxiliary starting source this power supply shall have starting voltage of 12 V.

#### How to start via starting cables from different machine

- 1 Connect one end (+) of cable pole to (+) pole of discharged battery.
- 2 Connect second end of (+) cable pole to (+) pole of the Machine battery from which starting will be made.
- 3 Connect one end of (-) pole to (-) pole of vehicle battery with the help of which starting will be made.
- 4 Connect second end of (-) cable pole to such part of the Machine being started which is wired in the engine (or eventually in the engine block itself).





Observe unconditionally the sequence of operations given below!

Once started, disconnect the starting cables in reverse sequence.

When having used starting unit with no batteries connected do not disconnect this unit before Machine's battery is connected.



Do NOT connect cable of (-) pole to (-) pole of discharged battery of started Machine! Strong sparking followed by explosion of gas generated by the battery may occur when starting.

Non-insulated parts of starting cable collets may not touch each other!

Starting cable connected to battery (+) pole may not come into contact with electrically conductive parts of the Machine - short-circuit possible.

Do NOT bend over the battery - hazard of acid burn!

Eliminate presence of flammable sources (open fire, burning cigarettes, etc.).

Do NOT check presence of voltage in wires with the use of sparking via Machine frame!

#### 2.7.4 Driving and braking

#### **Overview of functions**

	Remote control and cable	Remote control		
Stop zone	0,5 m	0,5 m		
Protected zone (1)	approx. 0−2 m	approx. 0–2 m		
Safe zone (2A)	2-5 m	approx. 2-20 m		
Maximum range	approx. 5 m	approx. 20 m		
Functions	Forward / reverse			
	Left / right steering			
	Working / transport speed  Vibration – high / low amplitude			



The distances of the individual zones are stated from the sensors (10) located on the bonnet, not from the machine frame!

It is forbidden to extend the remote control cable to a distance longer than 5 metres.

Extending the cable to more than 5 m may pull the remote control out of the operator's hand, or the cable or remote control may be damaged.

After any function requiring machine movement (forward and reverse, left and right steering, vibration), the engine speed is automatically increased to the working speed. If no function is activated for 15 seconds, the engine speed is automatically reduced to idle speed.

### Driving forwards / backwards

- Move the switch:
  - toward the front: The machine moves forward,
  - **toward the rear:** The machine moves backward.



#### Steering left / right

- · Move the switch:
  - toward the left: the compactor turns left,
  - toward the right: the compactor turns right.



# **WORK AND TRANSPORT GEARS**

#### Work gear / Transport gear

The machine is equipped with two gears.

- Move the switch:
  - **to the right (hare):** the hydraulic system switches to the "transport speed" movement level,
  - the machine travels at high speed,
  - to the left (tortoise): the hydraulic system switches to the "working speed" movement level,
  - the machine travels slowly.



When large / small vibration is switched on, it is only possible to drive in the working gear.

When the machine is cold, the difference between high speed and low speed is minimal.

#### High / low amplitude vibration function

- Move the switch:
  - toward the top: The machine vibrates with a large amplitude,
  - to the center: The machine does not vibrate,
  - toward the bottom: The machine vibrates with a small. amplitude.







Do not use vibration on steep embankments or at steep angles!

Do not vibrate inside buildings and on unstable ground!



Danger to life through slipping or caving in of the machine!



When it is vibrated on the spot, the vibration will be switched off after 30 seconds automatically.

#### Note

Never use vibration while at a standstill! If the large / small vibration function is activated for more than 15 seconds while at a standstill, the machine controller shuts it off automatically.

The high amplitude vibration is only available on a cold machine after 5 minutes of vibration running, after the vibrator lubricant has warmed up. Until then, the machine vibrates only with a small amplitude.

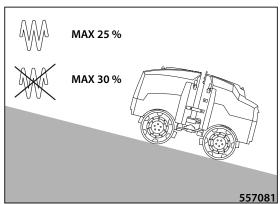


If you activate the vibration function at transport speed, the machine will automatically reduce the speed to working speed.

When the vibration is switched off, the machine will accelerate to transport speed again.

**Warning horn button** 







Only travel directly up or down slopes.

Do not drive across slopes.

Keep your distance to embankments and edges!

Do not drive at an angle into or out of the trench.

Park the machine on slopes only in such a way that it cannot overturn.

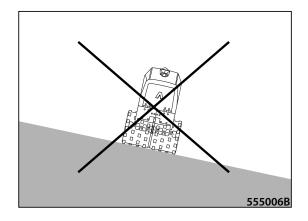
Use the machine on slopes only in such a way that it cannot executive

The machine drums have very poor adhesion on snow and ice. Driving or working on a slope in snow or ice is prohibited.

Damp and loose surfaces reduce the traction of the machine on upward and downward grades considerably. Adapt the speed of the machine to the terrain when driving on grades.

The nature of the ground and weather conditions can negatively affect the climbing ability of the machine.

Never drive on slopes that are steeper than the maximum climbing ability of the machine.



## 2.7.5 Turning off the engine

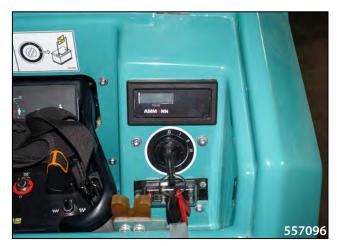
• Switch the switch on the remote control to the "0" position.



• Turn the ignition key to the "0" position.



As long as the "Start-Stop" rocker switch is placed in the "neutral" position, the transmitter remains operational. Always switch off the transmitter during work breaks and after completing work by moving the rocker switch to the "0" position.



## 2.7.6 Machine parking

- Clean the Machine to get rid of any coarse dirt.
- Carry out overall inspection of the Machine and repair any defects that occurred during operation.
- Use scotch blocks to secure the drums.
- Close and lock the protective cover.



Shut down the Machine on flat and paved surface. Confirm there is no potential of natural hazard (land-

# **DEADMAN BUTTON FUNCTIONS**

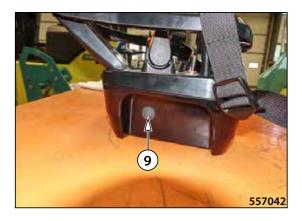
#### 2.7.7 Dead man function

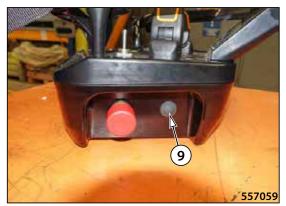
- The purpose of this function is to allow the machine to be operated under special conditions such as loading the machine or working in partially covered trenches.
- The function can also be used when it is absolutely necessary for the operator to operate the machine even though they are in the protected zone. To operate the machine, visual contact between the controller and the operator is required, otherwise no signal transmission will occur.
- The function is only active during both buttons are pressed (9).
- Pressing and holding the buttons activates the acoustic signal and the beacon of the machine.
- The stop zone is the area at a distance of 0–0.5 m from the sensor (10), not from the machine frame! The stop zone is still active regardless of the settings and functions of the machine.
- Switching off the stop zone is indicated on the remote control by an indicator lamp (15).
- When the dead man buttons are released, the machine stops.
- If the machine operator approaches within a distance of less than 0.5 m, the machine stops and switches off the working functions, the indicator lamp starts flashing.
- The function is not available if the machine operator is beyond the maximum range of the remote control.
- The machine cannot be started if the dead man function is active.



When using the dead man function, the protected zone of the machine is deactivated.

Use extra caution. There is a risk of injury or death by being run over by the machine!







# STANDBY MODE FUNCTIONS

#### 2.7.8 Standby mode

The machine has three different types of standby mode.

#### Standby mode 1

#### **Activation conditions:**

The engine is started.

The machine is not receiving any operating command.

#### **Description:**

The engine speed is reduced to idle after 15 sec.

Standby mode is indicated by the beacon.

#### **Duration:**

Standby mode 1 is active for 15 minutes. After 15 minutes the motor is switched off and the machine switches to standby mode 2.

#### **Deactivation:**

Standby mode 1 is deactivated by an operational command, e.g. activation of steering, travel, vibration or by switching to standby mode 2.

#### Standby mode 2

### **Activation conditions:**

Key in the ignition box in the "I" position.

Engine off.

Standby mode 2 occurs after switching from standby mode 1, or when the key is switched to the "I" position, see Chapter 2.1.3.

#### **Description:**

It is possible to start the engine and activate the warning horn.

The electric fuel pump is running.

Standby mode is indicated by the beacon.

The engine can be started in the normal way according to Chapter 2.7.3.

#### **Duration:**

Standby mode 2 is active for 10 minutes. After 10 minutes the motor is switched off and the machine switches to standby mode 3.

#### **Deactivation:**

Standby mode 2 is deactivated by the engine start command or by switching to standby mode 3.

#### Standby mode 3

#### **Activation conditions:**

Key in the ignition box in the "I" position for longer than 10 min.

#### **Description:**

The electric fuel pump is not running.

The beacon indication is off.

Charging of the remote control is possible for a maximum of 2 hours, after which it automatically switches off.

#### **Duration:**

The machine with a fully charged battery lasts 4 days in standby mode (depending on battery state and ambient conditions).

After this time, it may be difficult to start the engine due to low battery voltage.

#### **Deactivation:**

The machine must be started manually using the ignition box or the wake-up signal.

#### Waking up the machine

To wake up the machine from sleep mode, switch the Start/Stop switch to the Start position. Press and hold the dead man button for 10 sec. The machine will switch to standby mode 2.

The machine can also be started using the key in the ignition box.

# **OPENING FRONT AND REAR COWLINGS**

### 2.7.9 Opening the front and rear bonnets



Danger of severe injury through loose clothing being caught and drawn in!

Only open the bonnet when the engine is off.

If trouble shooting makes working on moving parts of engine unavoidable, never wear: Necklaces, bracelets, rings, scarves, ties or other loose items of clothing.

If any of these get caught in moving parts there is a danger of serious injury!

Danger of scalding from hot water / steam!

Only work on a cool engine.

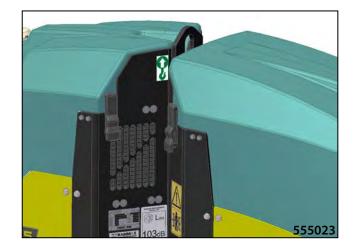
Keep enough distance to the exhaust.

There is one locking device each on the front and back as well as the left and right of the machine.

- Open both catches, on the right and the left.
- · Push gently to lift the bonnet.

#### Note

Two gas struts reduce the force required to open the hood and give it its final position. If you need to exert a greater force to lift the engine bonnet, replace the gas springs. Refer to chap. 3.6.25. Replacement of gas springs.



# **ACE-ECON SYSTEM**

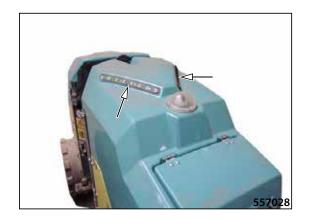
### 2.7.10 ACEecon system

Informs the operator of the condition of the surface compacted by the machine. There is a sensor in the rear drum measuring the degree of compaction. The information about the achieved degree of compaction is displayed by LEDs. The more LEDs are on, the more the surface is compacted. The system is enabled when the vibration function is started.

If the machine passes repeatedly and more LEDs do not light up, the surface is compacted to maximum. The surface can be compacted to maximum before the maximum number of LEDs lights up. There is no increase at a surface that cannot be compacted (e.g. wet clay) even on the LED panel.

#### **LED** panel

- The LED panels will flash shortly in violet when you turn the key in the ignition box. After the machine start-up, both of the panels will go off until the machine starts vibrating.
- If the LED panels start flashing in violet during operation
  of the machine or do not go off after the machine start-up,
  there is a fault. Check cable connections from the sensor to
  the LED panels.
- The degree of surface compaction is indicated by a number of lighting LEDs. The LEDs light in green and they light up gradually with the gradual compaction process.
- If the LEDs light in red, there is a vibration stroke. The surface
  is too stiff and the machine can get damaged if operated
  for a long time in such a condition. This condition can occur also when the machine passes a locally stiff surface, e.g.
  large stone under the surface.



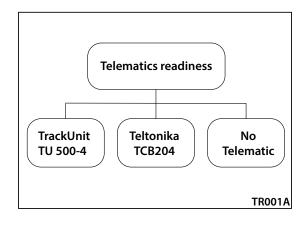
#### 2.7.11 Telematic Readiness

Global positioning system with telemetry that monitors operating systems of the machine (machine start, diesel engine speed, machine consumption, number of engine hours, etc.) ant its current position.

The GPS system allows the geofencing function (machine operation limited to a defined area) and remote machine monitoring which helps finding a stolen machine.

#### Note

The availability and content of the given data depends on the selected manufacturer of the telematics system.



#### 2.7.12. 2D ROPS function

The main purpose of the 2D ROPS function is to prevent the machine from overturning.

If the machine reaches an inclination of 15° (27%), the vibration switches off.

An acoustic signal sounds.

The beacon starts flashing.



If the machine is overturned, the motor will automatically switch off.

Raise the machine back onto the drums as quickly as possible using a crane.

Turn the key to the 0 position, turn it off.

The machine overturning is indicated by the machine overturning indicator lamp (6) on the machine display.

Engine start is blocked and a process is required to unblock.

Contact your dealer for unblocking.







Under no circumstances should you try to restart the engine right away.

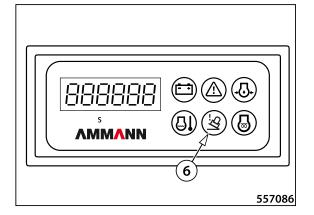
It can cause serious engine damage.

If the machine overturns, contact your dealer.



Operating fluids pose a risk to the environment! Do not allow any liquids into drains, soil or the surrounding environment.

Immediately prevent the spread of any liquids leaking out, e.g. oil, diesel, antifreeze, battery acid.



# **UNIT DAMAGE CHECK**

#### Damage check

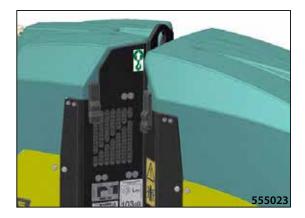
Open the front and rear bonnet.

Disconnect the cable from the (-) terminal of the machine's battery.

Check the machine for any visible damage of individual parts of the machine.



Focus especially on fluid leaks. Empty all damaged containers.





The machine can move on its own between working sites.



When moving on the working site, observe the safety measures applicable to the working site.

When driving for long distances, 1-hour cooling breaks after 3 hours of driving should be taken. Failing that, you are exposed to the risk of damage to the machine for which the manufacturer is not responsible.

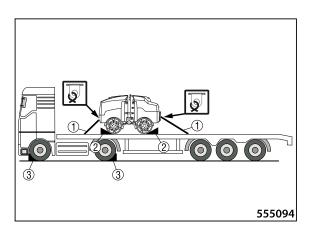
When on the road, the machine should be transported on a vehicle.



When transporting the machine on a vehicle, observe the regulations in force in the given territory.

Make sure the transport carrier is braked and mechanically secured against undesired motion with scotch blocks (3) when loading or unloading.

The machine on the vehicle must be properly tied and mechanically secured against longitudinal and lateral displacement as well as against overturning (1). The drums must be wedged with wedges (2). The maximum permissible force of lashing the machine to the means of transport is 2.5 t.



### Centre of gravity

The centre of gravity relevant for the transport is 460 mm from the ground and approximately in the centre of the machine, depending on how full the fuel and water tanks are.



## 2.8.1 Machine loading

 Use a loading ramp or crane to load the machine onto the transport vehicle.

## 2.8.1.1 Loading the machine using a ramp

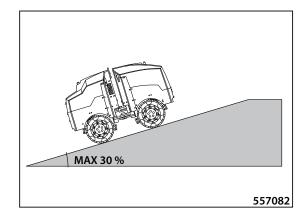
- When loading the machine using a ramp, all safety regulations related to loading of the machine valid in the place of loading must be adhered to. The ramp must have appropriate loading capacity, antislip surface and must be stored on a flat surface. We recommend that you adhere to regulation BGR 233.
- Maximum permissible incline of the ramp is 30 %.



Non-adherence to the prescribed parameters of the ramp may result in damage to the machine.



Pay increased attention when loading the machine. Improper handling can cause serious injury or death.



# TRANSPORTING UNIT

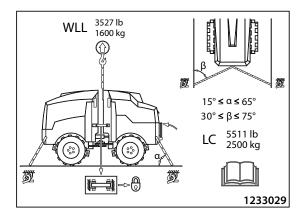
### 2.8.1.2 Loading the machine using a crane

- When loading with crane the Machine is fitted with lifting lugs - refer to the Fig. showing the lifting method.
- The 1-point lifting eye is designed for a WLL of 1.6 tons (Working Load Limit).
- When lifting the Machine the Machine's joint shall be secured against turning.



Before lifting, make sure all screws on the 1-point lifting eye are damage free and securely tightened. There must not be any cracks or deformations on the one-point lifting eye.

Observe the relevant national safety measures when loading the machine with a crane.





Pay increased attention when loading the machine. Improper handling can cause serious injury or death.

# TRANSPORTING UNIT

### How to secure the joint:

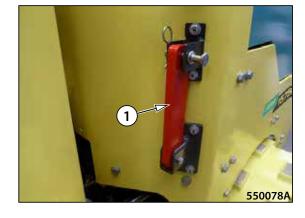
• Lower the arm (1), secure with the safety pin (2) and (3).



Risk of crushing through presence in the pivoting area (danger zone)!

As soon as the machine is aligned, shut if off again.

Do NOT enter the area under the lifted load!



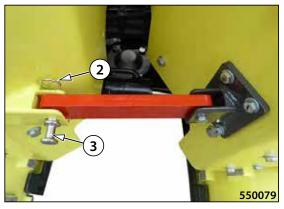


Upon loading completion, please return the safety arm and cotters to their initial position.

Use corresponding, undamaged riggings of sufficient loading capacity.

To sling, please use only the lifting lugs on the Machine designed for that purpose.

Only a trained slinger may carry out the slinging.



# OPERATING PARAMETERS

#### 2.9.1 Machine operation during running-in

When putting a new machine into operation, the machine should not be run at full power for the first 50 hours (driving uphill with vibration).

#### 2.9.2 Machine operation at low temperatures

Compacting in winter season depends on the content of fine particles and water in the soil being compacted. With the temperature declining below freezing point the soil becomes more solid and harder to compact.

It necessary to compact at the temperatures below 0  $^{\circ}$ C (32  $^{\circ}$ F) then it is possible to compact dry soil (and stony loose materials) or make swift compaction of non-frozen materials (before earth freezes through).

Preparation for work under low temperatures:

- · Check concentration of the engine coolant.
- Exchange the engine oil with oil recommended for the range of outside temperatures.
- · Use hydraulic oil of the corresponding cinematic viscosity.
- Use winter fuel.
- · Check the batteries are recharged.

The good condition of the battery is a precondition for good starting under low temperatures. The machine can be used at full power only after the fillings have been heated up to their operating temperatures.



Min. temperature of engine coolant is 60 °C (140 °F). Max. temperature of 100 °C (212 °F).

At temperatures below -13 °C (9 °F), replace the oil in the hydraulic system with VG 32 class hydraulic oil.

Starting of the machine at temperatures below -23 °C (-9 °F) is not possible without preheating of the operating fluids.

# **OPERATING PARAMETERS**

# 2.9.3 Machine operation under high temperatures and humidity

Engine power output decreases with increasing temperature and air humidity. Both power reducing factors are independent on each other:

- a rise in temperature by every 10 °C (18 °F) results in a drop of power output by up to 4 % (at constant humidity),
- a rise in relative humidity by every 10 % results in a drop of power output by up to 2 % (at constant temperature).

#### Note

The maximum permitted oil temperature for VG 46 class oil is 80 °C (176 °F); the maximum permitted oil temperature for VG 32 class oil is 70 °C (158 °F)

In the environment where hydraulic oil temperature remains constantly around 90  $^{\circ}$ C (194  $^{\circ}$ F), we recommend exchanging the hydraulic oil with oil which is one-class denser, with HV 68 cinematic viscosity.

### 2.9.4 Machine operation at higher altitudes

In higher altitude, engine power output decreases as a result of lower atmospheric pressure and specific density of incoming air.

The engine is equipped with an altitude sensor which adjusts fuel injection, eliminating the black smoke effect during operation of the machine at higher altitudes, in accordance with the EPA regulation.

This function is activated automatically at the altitude of 800 m above sea level, and from this altitude up the engine output power is gradually reduced. For instance, at the altitude of 2000 m above sea level, the power output is reduced by 20 % of the maximum power output in regular conditions and the torque is reduced by 30 % (refer to the table).

Altitude (m above sea level)	0	1000	2000	3000
Power output reduction (%)	0	10	20	30
Max. torque reduction (%)	0	20	30	35



The engine power depends on the environment in which the machine is working.

# 2.9.5 Machine operation in very dusty environment

When working in very dusty environment, please shorten the intervals of cleaning and replacing of the air filter elements and shorten the intervals of cleaning of the coolers.

The recommended interval of cleaning is once a week.

# 2.9.6 Driving with vibrations on compacted and hard materials

When operating the Machine with vibration on hard materials (e.g. stony loose material), or with high level of compacting the base material, there can be even loss of contact between the drum and the material compacted (so called vibro-hit). This state will show in the increased vibration transfer into the Machine frame. Its partial elimination is possible via increasing the travel speed or changing the Machine vibration parameters (with the use of lower amplitude).



The driving with vibration on hard (frozen, concrete, overcompacted) surface or on bedrock is forbidden. There is a danger of damage to the machine.

#### 3.1.1 Safety of machine maintenance

# Lubrication, maintenance and adjustment must be carriedpout out:

- · By professionally trained personnel.
- According to safety instructions given in the Operation manual.
- In terms stated in the table of lubrication and maintenance.
- On the machine marked with "Machine in repair" tag.
- On the machine standing on a flat solid surface and secured against motion (by scotch blocks), always with the engine off, the key removed from the ignition box and the wiring disconnected.
- · On cold machine parts.
- After the machine, lubrication points and maintenance places have been cleaned.
- · With the use of suitable, undamaged tools.
- With the use of original spare parts from the catalogue of spare parts.
- At sufficient lighting of the entire machine in a case of poor visibility and at night.
- In such a way that all removed covers and safety elements are reinstalled after the work is completed.
- By retightening of all bolted connections with the torque specified, and checking the connections for tightness.
- With the use of recommended operating fluids stated in the operation manual.



After the adjustment or maintenance is completed, check proper function of all safety devices!

# 3.1.2 Fire protection measures during exchanges of operating fluids

- From the point of fire hazard, the flammable liquids used on the machine are divided into the following hazard classes:
  - class II flammable substances with the point of ignition from 21 °C to 55 °C diesel oil (according to specification from the supplier)
  - class III flammable substances with the point of ignition from 55 °C to 100 °C diesel oil (according to specification from the supplier)
  - class IV flammable substances with the point of ignition from 100 °C to 250 °C mineral oils, lubrication greases
- The place for carrying out an exchange of operating fluids must be situated in such a way that does not interfere with an explosion or fire hazard area.
- It must be identified with "No smoking" and "No open fire" signs and marks.
- The handling area must be dimensioned so that it can catch
  a volume of the flammable liquid equal to the capacity of
  the biggest vessel, transport container.
- The place for exchanging of operating fluids must be equipped with portable fire extinguishers.
- To handle operating fluids, use such vessels like metal barrels, canisters or sheet-metal cans.
- Transport containers must be properly closed during storage
- The vessels must be only with one hole, be always stored with the opening up and secured so that their content cannot flow or drip out.
- The vessels must be identified with indelible inscription indicating the content and flammability class.

# 3.1 Safety and other measures for machine maintenance

#### 3.1.3 Ecological and hygienic principles

When operating or maintaining the Machines the user shall be liable to follow the general principles of health and environment protection according to the laws, ordinances and regulations in individual territories of the Machine use.

### **Hygienic principles**

- Crude oil products, cooling system media, battery media and coating compositions incl. thinners are materials harmful to health. Workers coming into contact with these products during machine operation or maintenance shall be liable to follow the general principles of their own health protection and conform to the safety and hygienic manuals of these products' manufacturers.
- We call your attention to the following in particular:
  - eye protection and skin protection during work with the batteries,
  - skin protection during work with crude oil products, coating compositions or cooling liquids,
  - proper hand washing upon work completion and before any meal; use adequate reparation cream to treat your hands
  - adherence to the instructions given in this Manual.
- Always store the crude oil products, cooling system media and battery media, and coating compositions incl. organic thinners, and also the cleaners and preserving agents, in the genuine, original and properly labelled packages. Do not admit any storage of these materials in unlabelled bottles or in any other vessels with regard to the hazard of mistaken identification (faulty change).
- When skin, mucosa, eyes are accidentally stained, or vapours inhaled, immediately apply the first aid principles. In the event of accidental use of these products get prompt medical attention.
- When working with the Machine in cases where the Machine has platform fitted, cabin windows are left opened, always use ear protectors of adequate type and version.

#### **Ecological principles**



The media of Machine's individual systems, and some of its parts after having been discarded (dismantled, media exchanged) become waste with hazardous properties against the environment.

- This category of waste products includes the following in particular
  - organic and synthetic lubricating materials, oils and fuels,
  - cooling liquids,
  - battery media and the batteries themselves,
  - cleaners & preserving agents,
  - all dismantled filters and filter elements,
  - all used and discarded hydraulic or fuel hoses, rubbermetal and Machine's other elements, made dirty due to the abovementioned products.



The given materials and parts, when scrapped, shall be handled compliant to the respective national regulations on environmental protection, and in line with the health protection regulations, as well.

#### 3.2.1 Engine oil



Engine oil is specified by its performance and viscosity classifications.

#### Performance classification according to

API (AMERICAN PETROLEUM INSTITUTE)

ACEA (**A**SSOTIATION DES **C**ONSTRUCTEURS **E**UROPÉENS DE **A**UTOMOBILE)

#### Viscosity classification

To determine SAE (Society of Automotive Engineers) viscosity class, the ambient temperature and type of operation in place of usage of the machine are decisive.

Permitted oil according to API: CF

Permitted oil according to ACEA: E-3, E-4 a E-5

All season - SAE 15W-40 (e.g. Valvoline, Premium Blue,).

#### Note

Exceeding of the lower temperature limit does not damage the engine, it may only cause starting problems.

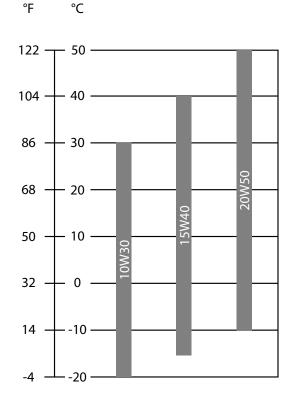
It is suitable to use general-purpose multi-grade oil in order that oil need not be exchanged because of ambient temperature changes.

Use of synthetic engine oils is permited subjekt to the same performance and viskosity limitations of minarel (petroleum) based engine oils. The same oil change intervals must be applied to the synthetic oils that are applied to mineral (petroleum)based engine oils.

For easier start at temperatures below 0  $^{\circ}$ C (32  $^{\circ}$ F), SAE 10W-30 oil is recommended by the engine manufacturer.



Exceeding the upper temperature limit must not last for long, taking into consideration reduced lubricating properties of oil.



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# **MAINTENANCE**

#### 3.2.2 Fuel



Diesel is used as fuel:

CEN EN 590 (2009) ASTM D 975-94: 1-D, 2-D ISO 8217 DMX

#### Note

Engine producer recommends to use fuel with sulphur content less than 0.0015 weight percent.

Water and sediment in fuel should not exceed 200 mg/kg. Fuel ashes should not exceed 0.01 percent by weight.



Therefore use winter Diesel fuel at outdoor temperatures below 0 °C (32 °F).

Mixing diesel with special additives is prohibited.

#### Use of HVO fuel

The EN15940 standard approves the use of hydrotreated vegetable oil (HVO) with no guarantee on the performance level due to the characteristics of the fuel (lower density and calorific value).

#### Use of biofuel (Diesel fuel)

Using the fuel mixture under the trade name of Bionafta is in principle approved by the engine manufacturer for the engine on the machine if it conforms to the specifications under EN 14214 or ASTM D6751. Up to 5% portion of biodiesel is accepted.

Before using Bionafta on the machine, make sure that it is supplied by a reputable supplier who supplies fuels corresponding to the above-mentioned standards.

Always ask the supplier of Bionafta for information concerning the condition under which it can be used.



Guarantee for the engine will be rejected when using Bionafta not conforming to the above-mentioned standards and if the fuel system or engine is damaged as a result of using improper Bionafta!

When using Bionafta, power can be reduced by up to 12% depending on the used mixture of Bionafta. Therefore, do not adjust the engine or the setting of the injection pump for increasing the power in any case. Never mix the fuel mixture at the place of use.

Bionafta has a higher cloud point at a low ambient temperature, which leads to the creation of wax crystals in the fuel resulting in the fuel filter clogging.

When Bionafta is used, it is necessary to shorten replacement intervals of the fuel filter.

When changing over to Bionafta, the action of Bionafta releases corrosion and impurities created on the fuel tank internal walls. Impurities are brought by the fuel to the filter catching them and the filter must be replaced afterwards.

Bionafta has a higher ability to absorb atmospheric moisture, which results in the condensation of atmospheric moisture on the internal walls of the tank and a higher content of water in the fuel and the need for more frequent discharging of water from the fuel filter separators. The possibility of the occurrence of the problem increases in cold weather.

If Bionafta (Biodiesel) is used all the year round, it is necessary to clean the fuel system under the engine operation with a clean diesel fuel for at least 30 minutes before parking the machine for longer than 3 months. Further, it is necessary to drain off the fuel tank, clean it, and either fill it with diesel fuel or minimise the occurrence of moisture and limit the microbiological growth inside the tank. Consult the measures with the fuel supplier.

#### 3.2.3 Coolant



The coolant specification must meet requirements of:

ASTM D6210

**ASTM D4985** 

JIS K-2234

SAE J814C, J1941, J1034 or J2036



To fill the cooling circuit, use the coolant in the mixing ratio of 50%/50% with high-quality water (thermal protection up to -37 °C).

Change the coolant every 2,000 hours, after 2 years at the latest.

#### Note

The machines are filled with a cooling solution with the Bantleon Avia Antifreeze NG coolant, specification SAE J 1034 at the manufacturer's during the production.

It is a coolant based on monoethyleneglycol containing silicates. It does not contain phosphates, nitrates, amines and borates.

There is an Avia NG label placed at the point to fill the coolant into the machine.



Refill the cooling circuit with the same or a completely miscible coolant of the required specification.

If the use of a different, immiscible coolant is necessary, the cooling circuit must be completely drained and cleaned with clean water repeatedly, at least 3 times. However, it is not allowed to use a coolant of a different specification than stated by the engine manufacturer.

The coolant protects the cooling system from freezing, corrosion, cavitation, overheating, etc.

It is forbidden to operate the machine without coolant even for a short time.

It is forbidden to use a coolant of a different than prescribed specification and base. The engine and the cooling system can get damaged and the warranty lost.

Always check the ratio of antifreeze cooling agent in the coolant with a refractometer before the winter season starts.

#### Water quality

Do not use hard water with a higher content of calcium and magnesium, which brings calculus formation, and with a higher content of chlorides and sulphates, which causes corrosion.

The maximum content of compounds of calcium and magnesium is 170 milligrams – hardness of water.

The maximum content of compounds of chlorine is 40 milligrams.

The maximum content of compounds of sulphur is 100 milligrams.

#### **Safety instructions:**

- 1) Protect your hands with protective gloves.
- In case of ingestion immediately seek medical treatment.
- In case of contact with skin or clothing immediately wash the affected area with clean water.
- Do not mix different types of coolants. The mixture can cause a chemical reaction with formation of harmful substances.

#### 3.2.4 Hydraulic oil



#### 3.2.5 Lubricating grease



For use in the hydraulic system of the machine, only high-quality hydraulic oils of output class according to ISO VG 46 HVLP (equal to DIN 51524 part 3 HVLP).

Standardly refill the machines with hydraulic oil of kinematic viscosity 46 mm²/s at the temperature of 40 °C (104 °F) ISO VG 46. This oil is the most suitable one to use in the broadest range of ambient temperatures.

# Synthetic hydraulic oil

Hydraulic system can be filled with synthetic oil, that is completely degradable by microorganisms found in water and soil in case of leak. Hydraulic oil on the basis of HE ester, HEES category according to ISO 15380, can only be used.



When changing over from mineral oil to synthetic or when mixing oils of different brands, always consult the procedure with the oil manufacturer or dealer! For lubrication of the machine, lubricants must be used accord-

ISO 2137

ing to:

DIN 51 502

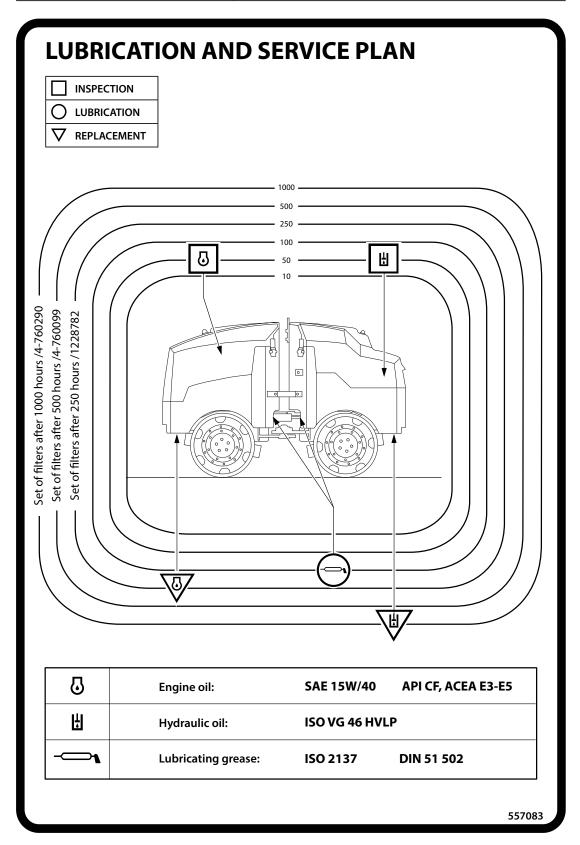
# **MAINTENANCE**

Fills of	Type of fill	Quantity I (gal US)	Brand
Engine	Engine oil according to chapter 3.2.1.	3,4 (0,9)	2412
Fuel tank	Diesel according to chapter 3.2.2.	28 (7,4)	15 ppm s < 15 mg/kg s 3686
Hydrostatic system	Hydraulic oil according to chapter 3.2.4.	16 (4,23)	2158
Engine cooling system - coolant	All year round - anti-freeze liquid according to chapter 3.2.3.	1,2 (0,3)	2152
Joint bearings - joint and steering cylinder	Plastic grease according to chapter 3.2.5.	as required	0787
Vibrator bearings	Plastic grease according to chapter 3.2.5.	lifelong filling	0787

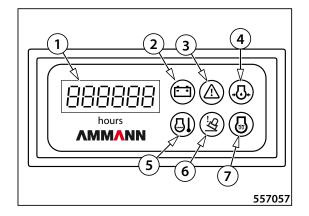
Every 10	hours of operation (daily)
3.6.1	Checking fuel level
3.6.2	Engine oil level check
3.6.3	Engine cooling liquid level check
3.6.4	Hydraulic tank oil level check
3.6.5	Cleaning the hydraulic oil cooler
3.6.6	Air filter check
3.6.7	Cleaning of the water separator
3.6.8	Scrapers
3.6.9	Check the functions of the protected zone and maximum range
3.6.10	Check of drum extension tightening screws
Every 50	hours of operation
3.6.11	Inspection of brakes
3.6.12	Electrical installation check
3.6.13	Battery check
After 50	hours of operation
3.6.15	Check of the fan and engine belt condition
3.6.16	Replacement of engine oil and filter
3.6.21	Exchanging hydraulic oil and filter
Every 10	0 hours of operation
3.6.14	Lubricating steering cylinder, bearing
Every 25	0 operating hours
3.6.15	Check of the fan and engine belt condition *
3.6.16	Replacement of engine oil and filter *
3.6.17	Check of swing support
3.6.18	Check of articulation joint
Every 50	0 hours of operation, but at least once a year
3.6.19	Replacement of fuel filters
3.6.20	Air filter cartridge replacement

Every 10	Every 1000 hours of operation			
3.6.21	Exchanging hydraulic oil and filter *			
3.6.22	Engine cooling liquid change			
3.6.23	Valve clearance adjustment			
3.6.24	Checking the damping system			
Mainten	Maintenance - As Needed			
3.6.25	Replacement of engine cover gas struts			
3.6.26	Cleaning the machine			
3.6.27	Charging of the battery			
3.6.28	Check of the screw connection tightening			
* First after 50 hours				

# 3.5 Lubrication and service plan



Carry out lubrication and maintenance on regular basis and repeatedly in the intervals as per daily reading on the counter of hours actually worked.



This Manual states only the basic information about the engine, other data are given in the Engine Operation and Maintenance Manual which is part of the Documentation supplied with the Machine.



#### Follow also the instructions given in the engine operation and maintenance manual!

Tighten the removed or loosened bolts, plugs, threaded joints of the hydraulics, etc. with tightening torque according to the Chart in par. 3.6.28 unless another value is provided with the respective operation.



Carry out maintenance with the Machine placed on flat, paved surface, and secured against any self-motion, always with the engine off, and key removed from the ignition box and with the wiring cut off (unless otherwise required).

Only carry out lubrication, maintenance and adjustment on a machine marked with "Machine in repair" tag!

Following the first 50 hours of operation of the new Machine (following a major overhaul) carry out as per:

- 3.6.15 Check of the fan and engine belt condition
- 3.6.16 Replacement of engine oil and filter
- 3.6.21 Exchanging hydraulic oil and filter

# **Every 10 hours of operation (daily)**

### 3.6.1 Checking fuel level

- · Open the hood.
- · Check the level in the plastic tank.
- If needed, fill the fuel tank with diesel fuel up to the lower edge of the filler neck.
- The tank holds 28 liters of diesel fuel.



No smoking at work!

Check the tightness of the fuel tank and fuel system.



Retain any fuel flowing out.



#### 3.6.2 Engine oil level check

- Wait approx. 5 min. until oil runs down to the engine sump.
- Take out the oil dipstick (1), wipe it, insert fully back and take it out again to read out the oil level.



- Keep the level within the range of gauge marks pressed in the dipstick. The lower mark L (Low) marks the lowest possible oil level, the upper mark H (High) the highest one.
- Top up the engine oil at one of the two oil filler necks.
- Filler neck on the left-hand side of the engine (1).
- Filler neck on the engine (2).
- · Check the engine for leakage, repair possible causes.
- Check the engine for damaged and missing parts and for changes in appearance.



The total amount of oil in the engine is 3.41 (0.9 US gal).



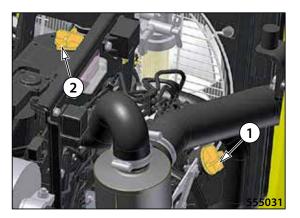
Do not use the engine unless the oil level in the engine is correct.

Check oil when it is cooled down.

Refill the identical type of oil to chapter 3.2.1.



Avoid leakage of oil to the soil.



#### 3.6.3 **Engine cooling liquid level check**

- Let cooling liquid cool down to less than 50 °C (120 °F).
- You can read off the level of coolant on the expansion tank display. The water level must be between the top (FULL) and bottom (LOW) marks.
- Top up coolant as required.

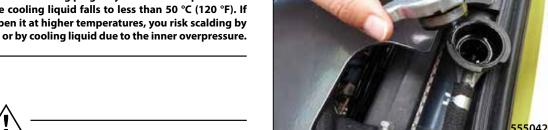
#### Note

The total amount of engine coolant is 1.21 (0.3 US gal).





Dismantle the filling plug only when the temperature of engine cooling liquid falls to less than 50 °C (120 °F). If you open it at higher temperatures, you risk scalding by steam or by cooling liquid due to the inner overpressure.





The level must not fall below the level indicator eyesight. Refill only cooling liquids containing the frost-resistant agents on the identical basis, according to chapter 3.2.3. Do not add additives eliminating untightness of the cooling system to the engine cooling liquid!

Do not refill cold cooling liquid into hot engine. Engine castings might get damaged.

In case of larger losses, find the location of cooling system leaks and repair the cause.

### 3.6.4 Hydraulic tank oil level check

- Always check the hydraulic oil level at operating temperature with the engine running.
- Place the machine on level ground.
- Let the machine continue to idle.
- Check the oil level in the inspection window.
- The ideal oil level is when the gauge is half-full.

#### Topping up hydraulic oil

- Remove the screw lid (1) on the filler neck.
- Refill hydraulic oil if necessary.
- Reinstall the screw lid (1).



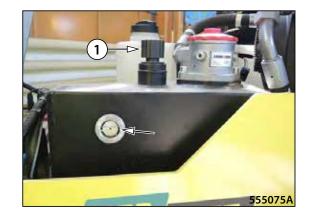
Important: Always grease the O-ring before screwing it in place.

Check oil when it is cooled down.

Refill the identical type of oil to chapter 3.2.4.



Avoid leakage of oil to the soil.



### 3.6.5 Cleaning the hydraulic oil cooler

Check the cooling ribs of the hydraulic oil cooler for dirt and clogging.

Clean the ribs with water or blow them out with compressed air.

In case of work in very dusty conditions clean the radiator daily. Clogged radiators will result in lower cooling capacity and increasing temperatures of engine cooling liquid and hydraulic oil.



Do not use cleaner with too high pressure so as not to damage radiator honeycombs.

In case of contamination of the radiator by oil products, use a cleaning agent and proceed according to the manufacturers instructions! Find the cause of contamination!

No smoking at work!

Check the tightness of the hydraulic circuit.



Follow environmental standards and regulations when cleaning the machine!

Clean the machine in a site equipped with an intercepting system for cleaning agents so that the soil and water sources are not contaminated!

Do not use forbidden cleaning agents!



#### 3.6.6 Air filter check

- If a red ring appears on the soiling display (1) during operation of the machine, you must:
  - replace the air filter insert according to chap. 3.6.20.



• Check the air intake for: Soiling: clean the intake opening.



Clean the exit slit, press to remove any dust trapped.

#### Note

Possible dust trapped in the dust valve is automatically emptied during operation of the machine.



Replace the dust valve immediately if it is damaged!



Order number: 1227914



#### 3.6.7 Cleaning of the water separator

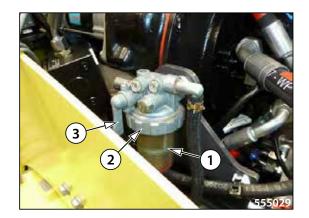
- If the red ring leaves the bottom, pour out water from the separator.
- Close stop cock (3).
- Unscrew the filter housing (2).
- Clean filter element (1).
- Screw the filter housing (2) on.
- Open stop cock (3).
- Turn the ignition on. The fuel pump bleeds the system automatically.



No smoking at work!
Check the tightness of the water separator.



Avoid leakage of liquid to the soil.



# 3.6.8 Scrapers

 Before driving, adjust the drum scraper so that there is a clearance of about 5 mm between the drum and the scraper.



# 3.6.9 Check the functions of the protected zone and maximum range

• Turn the key in the ignition box to the "I" position – machine electronics connected, engine not running.



#### The machine must not be started!

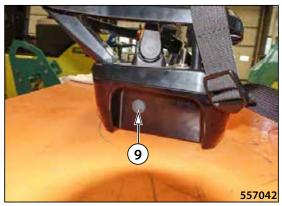
- Gradually move closer with the remote control to a distance of less than 2 metres to the rear, front and side of the machine from the sensor.
- The protected zone indicator lamp (13) on the remote control must always light up. At the same time, check that the beacon is lit correctly.
- Gradually move the remote control more than 20 metres away from the rear, front and side of the machine from the sensor.
- The safe zone indicator lamp (14) on the remote control must always light up. At the same time, check that the beacon is lit correctly.



If the remote control is inoperative or the safe zone indicator lamp (13) or the safe zone indicator lamp (14) does not illuminate on the display unit, it is forbidden to operate the machine until the fault is rectified.

In order to use the remote control properly, follow the instructions given in Chapter 2.6.2.

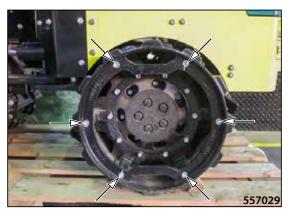






# 3.6.10 Check of drum extension tightening screws

- Check tightening of screws of drum extension.
- Tightening torque is 133 Nm (98 lb ft).



### **Every 50 hours of operation**

### 3.6.11 Inspection of brakes

The function of the brakes must be checked periodically.

The cable / connector Y9, which must be disconnected for the brake test, is located at the front under the hood.



Put the machine into the work gear.

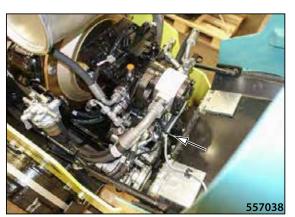
Disconnect connector Y9 from the connector housing at the magnet. \\

Use the sensor to activate the forward and reverse travel function.

If a brake is defective, the corresponding drum will rotate.



If the brake is damaged, the machine must not be operated until the fault is rectified!



### 3.6.12 Electrical installation check

Check cables, connectors, protective hoses and their attachments for damage, in particular if they are near hot surfaces and moving parts of the machine including the engine. Replace damaged parts. Use only original spare parts.

### 3.6.13 Battery check

- · Stop the engine.
- · Clean the surface of batteries.
- Check the condition of poles and terminals (1) and clean them. Slightly wipe terminals with grease.

#### **MAINTENANCE-FREE BATTERY**

In case of a maintenance-free battery (the battery has no freely accessible plugs), only the no-load voltage on terminals is checked. The batteries cannot be replenished. If the no-load voltage is 12.6 V and more, the battery is fully charged. If the no-load voltage is below 12.4 V, the battery should be charged immediately. After the battery is charged, leave it to stand for 2–3 hours and then measure the voltage again. It is recommended to be mounted 24 hours after charging.

#### Note

The no-load voltage is the voltage measured at the terminals of the battery which was at rest for at least 12 hours – was neither charged nor discharged.





Keep the batteries dry and clean.

Do NOT disconnect battery while the engine runs.

When handling with the battery, always follow battery Manufacturer's Manual!

Use rubber gloves and eye protection aids when handling the battery.

Use proper clothing to protect your skin against any electrolyte stain.

When there is eye contact with electrolyte immediately flush affected eye with large amounts of water for a few minutes. Get prompt medical attention.

When there is electrolyte ingestion, drink max amount of milk, water, or solution of calcined magnesia in water.

During skin contact with electrolyte, remove clothing, including shoes, flush affected points as soon as possible with soap water or solution of soda and water. Get prompt medical attention.

Do NOT eat, drink or smoke while at work!

After work is completed, wash your hands and face thoroughly with water and soap!

Do NOT check a wire is energized by touching Machine frame.

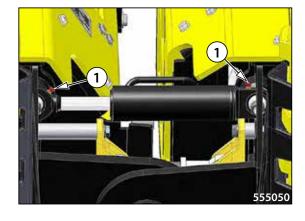
Disconnect the battery before its repair, or when about to handle the wires and electric devices within the wiring



# **Every 100 hours of operation**

# 3.6.14 Lubricating steering cylinder, bearing

- Rotate the hydraulic cylinder steering fully to the stop in order to grease the cylinder.
- Steer the machine briefly to the right and the left. This causes the bearing to be unloaded.
- Clean the grease nipple (1) before greasing.
- · Connect the grease gun to the grease nipple.
- Press grease into the bearing until it visibly begins to ooze out.
- Put the protective cover back on.



#### Note

Regrease the bearing after every cleaning  $\slash$  steam cleaning of the machine.

### **Every 250 operating hours**

The set of filters after 250 operating hours can be ordered under the order number 1228782. For the list of all spare parts, see the table in the end of this publication.

# 3.6.15 Check of the fan and engine belt condition



#### First carry out after 50 hours.

 Check the ventilator visually. In case of any damage (e.g. missing parts of the material, cracks, changes in shape etc.) replace the ventilator.

#### Fan

Order number: 1-952338

Check visually the belt, for intersecting crakcks. Longitudinal (direction of belt length) cracks that intersect with traverse cracks are not acceptable. Replace the belt if it is frayed or has pieces of materiál missing.



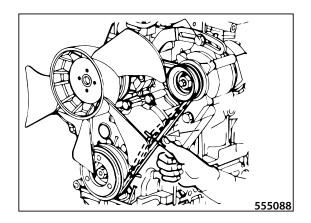
The engine must be stopped for check of tightness of the belt.

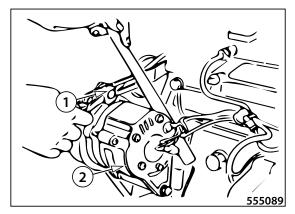
Use your thumb to press the belt by the force of 100 Nm. Check the slack of the belt at the point illustrated in the picture. It should be between 10-14 mm.

#### Belt

Order number: 1183743

- If needed, tighten the belt by releasing the bolt (1) and shifting the alternator (2).
- Let the engine run for five minutes and then check the belt for correct tightness.





# 3.6.16 Replacement of engine oil and filter



### First carry out after 50 hours.

#### **Draining engine oil**

The engine oil drain (1) is located under the chassis at the front left.

Place a container under the drain.

Open the union by turning it anti-clockwise (size 27 wrench).

The oil starts to flow out immediately.



### Replacement of engine oil filter

Loosen the filter (1) by hand or using a filter wrench.

The oil starts to flow out immediately. Its best to place a rag under it beforehand.

Replace oil filter.

Install in accordance with instructions (see filter packaging or filter housing).

Screw the complete filter back in place.

### **Engine oil filter**

Order number: 1-954075

#### Note

After refilling, start the engine for 2 - 3 min. Check tightness of drain plug and filter.

Stop the engine, wait for approx. 5 min. until oil runs down to the engine sump. Then check the level with oil dipstick.



- · Refill engine oil through one of two filling ports.
  - Oil filling port on the left engine side (1)
  - Oil filling port on the engine (2).
- Keep the level within the range of gauge marks pressed in the dipstick. The lower mark shows the lowest possible oil level, the upper mark the highest possible oil level.

#### Note

The total amount of oil in the engine is 3.41 (0.9 US gal).



Beware of scalding when draining hot oil. Let oil cool down to less than 50  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  (122  $^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).

Follow the fire safety measures!



Use recommended filters - see Spare parts catalogue. Use recommended oil - see chapter 3.2.1.



Collect drained oil; do not let it soak into the ground. Used oil and filters are environmentally dangerous waste - have them liquidated.

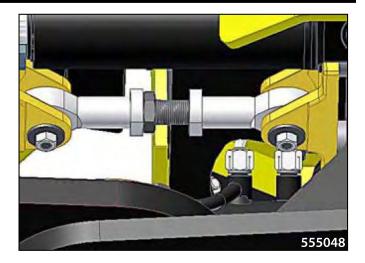


# **MAINTENANCE**

# 3.6.17 Check of swing support

Check the swing support once a year for excessive play. Lift the machine with a crane for 1-point lifting eye.

Visually check the clearance of the pendulum bearing by applying pressure on the machine alternatively upwards and downwards.



# 3.6.18 Check of articulation joint

Check the articulation joint once a year for excessive play. Lift the machine with a crane for 1-point lifting eye.

Visually check the clearance of the articulated joint by applying pressure on the machine alternatively upwards and downwards.



# Every 500 hours of operation, but at least once a year

The set of filters after 500 operating hours can be ordered under the order number 4-760099. For the list of all spare parts, see the table in the end of this publication.

### 3.6.19 Replacement of fuel filters

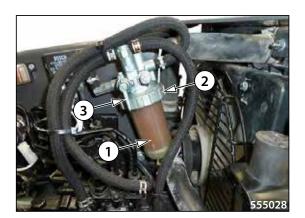
- Close stop cock (3). Move to OFF (C).
- Unscrew the filter housing (2).
- Remove the old filter element (1).
- · Replace the O-ring.
- Insert new filter element (1).

#### **Fuel filter element** Order number: 1-954197

#### O-ring

Order number: 76-10210355520

- Screw the filter housing (2) on.
- Open stop cock (3). Move to ON (O).



# 3.6 Individual Operations of Maintenance

- Close the stop valve (3).
- Unscrew the filter housing (2).
- Replace the O-ring.
- Replace the filter cartridge (1).

#### **Fuel filter element**

Order number: 1-954195

# O-ring

Order number: 76-10210355520

- Reinstall the filter housing (2).
- Open the stop valve (3).
- Turn the ignition on. The fuel pump vents the system automatically.



Use original filters required.

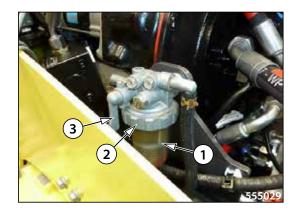
No smoking at work!

Do NOT tighten the filters with force.



Retain any fuel flowing out.

Store used filters inside separate container, and hand over for their disposal.



### 3.6.20 Air filter cartridge replacement

If a red ring appears on the soiling display (1) during operation of the machine, you must replace the cartridge, however at the latest after 500 engine hours. In case of work in a very dusty environment, shorten the filter element replacement intervals.



The manufacturer recommends that the elements should not be cleaned due to a decrease in the filtration capacity by up to 40 % and possible damaging of elements resulting from the cleaning.



• Remove the wing nut (2) with the cover.





• Unscrew another winged nut.



• Remove the main cartridge of the air filter (3).



# 3.6 Individual Operations of Maintenance

• Unscrew the nut and replace the filter cartridge.

Filter element

Order number: 1300309



· Install a new main cartridge. Tighten the winged nut.

Air filter element

Order number: 1300308

#### Note

If the machine is used on very dusty surfaces, the air filter must be checked for clogging once per week.

When replacing the cartridges, take care that no dirt enters the suction hose.









Do not clean the inside of the cleaner by pressure air; dust might get into the engine inlet piping.

Use original elements only.

When washing the machine, make sure water cannot pour into the air cleaner.

In case of absorbing water, exchange main element. Dry the cleaner body.

Replace defective vacuum valve immediately!

Do not operate the machine with damaged cleaner body or cover.

#### **Every 1000 hours of operation**

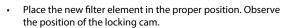
The set of filters after 1000 operating hours can be ordered under the order number 4-760290. For the list of all spare parts, see the table in the end of this publication.

### 3.6.21 Exchanging hydraulic oil and filter



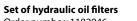
#### First carry out after 500 hours.

- Replacing the hydraulic oil filter
- Remove the filter lid.
- Unlock the filter element.
- Lift the filter element out of the filter housing.
- Dispose of the filter element in an ecologically appropriate manner.

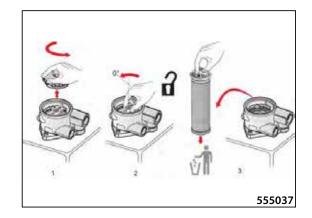


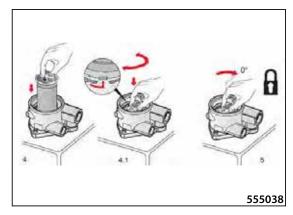
Turn the filter element fully clockwise to the stop.

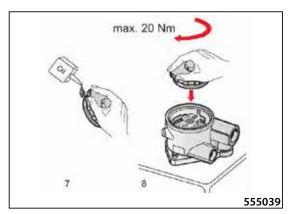
# Order number: 1182946



- Lightly oil the sealing ring on the filter lid.
- Put the filter lid in place.
- Tighten the lid with a torque wrench (max. torque, 20 Nm).







#### Draining the hydraulic oil

#### Note

Only drain the hydraulic oil at operating temperature.

Residues in the tank will be flushed out with the oil.

Place a container (with at least a 30 liter capacity) under the hydraulic oil drain.

Remove the hydraulic oil tank lid (1).



Remove the plug (2) from hydraulic tank.

Allow the oil to drain into the container.

Install the screw plug (2).

Tighten the screw connection hand tight.

Tighten the screw connections in the hydraulic tank hand tight.



### Filling the hydraulic circuit:

Fill hydraulic oil through the port into the tank.

Replace the venting filter (1) for a new one.

### **Breather filter**

Order number: 1242184

Apply thin film of oil on the sealing ring in the lid.

Install new filter in the tank.





Exchange oil when it is warm, preferably after the ma chine stops.

Let drained oil cool down to less than 50 °C (122 °F). Refill the identical type of oil.

#### 3.6.22 Engine cooling liquid change



Remove the filling plug only after the temperature of the engine coolant drops below 50 °C (120 °F). If you remove the plug at a higher temperature, there is a risk of scalding caused by steam or coolant due to internal overpressure.



#### Note

The total volume of the engine coolant is 1.2 litres (0.32 US gal).

- Open the cooling system by removing the overpressure plug on the expansion tank.
- Fill the cooling system through the opening in the expansion tank.



The level must not drop below the lower mark.

Refill only with a coolant containing antifreeze agents on the same basis according to Chapter 3.2.3.

Do not put any additives for the repair of cooling system leakage into the engine coolant!

Do not refill cold coolant into a hot engine. There is a danger of damage to the engine castings.

In case of larger losses, find out where the cooling system leaks and repair the cause.



Prevent coolant from soaking into the ground.





# 3.6 Individual Operations of Maintenance

### 3.6.23 Valve clearance adjustment

 Call YANMAR service department to adjust the engine valves. For contact points, please refer to Engine Operation and Maintenance Manual.

#### Note

Further regular maintenance (check of injection and venting of the crankcase after 1500 engine hours, emission check after 3000 engine hours) should be consulted with Yanmar service.

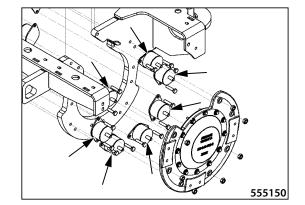
### 3.6.24 Checking the damping system

 Check the condition of the rubber-metals, the strength of the bond between metal and rubber.



Replace if damaged.

Check the tightness of screws and nuts.



Drum rubber-metal

Order number:1217092

#### **Maintenance - As Needed**

#### 3.6.25 Replacement of engine cover gas struts

Gas struts are maintenance-free! They require no maintenance such as lubrication. They are designed for the respective requirements and work trouble-free for many years. When the gas springs fail to fulfil their function, replace them for new ones.

Gas springs (2 pcs) Order number: 1205428



Before you begin replacing the gas struts, secure the engine bonnet against spontaneous fall.

There is a risk of injury!

#### Removal

- · Use a screwdriver to lift the clips.
- Pull the gas strut away from the ball joint.

#### Installing

- The new gas struts can easily be installed by pressing them onto the ball joint.
- · The clamp must be seated securely afterward.

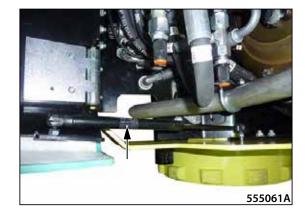


Gas struts should not be installed if they have been damaged through mechanical manipulation.

Use genuine parts only!



If gas struts are no longer needed, they must be disposed of in an environmentally appropriate manner.



### 3.6.26 Cleaning the machine

- Clean the machine from major impurities after finishing your work.
- Perform overall cleaning regularly at least once in a week.



Blind all openings into which the cleaning agent might penetrate (e.g. engine inlet opening) prior to pressure water washing. Remove these blinders after washing the machine.

Do not expose electric parts or insulation material to direct water or steam flow. Always cover such materials (inside of the alternator etc.).

Work with stopped engine.

Do not use aggressive and highly inflammable cleaning agents (e.g. petrol or highly inflammable materials).



Follow environmental standards and regulations when cleaning the machine!

Clean the machine in a site equipped with an intercepting system for cleaning agents so that the soil and water sources are not contaminated!

Do not use forbidden cleaning agents!

#### 3.6.27 Charging of the battery

- · Remove the battery from the machine to charge.
- Only use chargers with an appropriate rated voltage. Check that the charger is strong enough to charge the battery not too strong to charge with excessive current.
- Read and observe the operating manual of the charger manufacturer.
- Check that the ventilation holes in the battery cover are not dirty or clogged and that gases can escape freely.
- Connect the positive terminal (+) of the battery to the positive terminal of the charger.
- Connect the negative terminal (-) of the battery to the negative terminal of the charger.
- Turn on the charger only after connecting the battery.
- Charge the battery with current corresponding to one tenth of the battery capacity.
- After charging, first turn off the charger and then disconnect the cables from the battery.
- The battery is fully charged, if:
  - electric current and voltage remain constant in the case of voltage-controlled chargers,
  - the charging voltage in the case of current-controlled chargers does not increase within two hours, the automatic charger turns off or switches to maintaining charge.



Use rubber gloves and eye protection devices when handling the battery.

Use suitable clothing to protect your skin against contact with the electrolyte.

After eye contact with the battery electrolyte, immediately flush the affected eye thoroughly with running water for several minutes. Then seek medical advice.

After ingestion of the electrolyte drink large quantities of milk, water or suspension of magnesium hydroxide in water.

In case of skin contact with electrolyte, remove your clothing and shoes, wash the affected skin immediately with soap and water or with solution of water and soda. Then seek medical advice.

Do not eat, drink and smoke while working!

After completing the work, wash your hands and face thoroughly with water and soap!

Do not check that a wire is live by touching the machine frame.



When working with the battery always follow instructions of the battery manufacturer!

Never charge a frozen battery or battery with a temperature above 45 °C.

Stop charging if the battery is hot or leaking acid.

Check that the ventilation holes in the battery cover are not dirty or clogged and that gases can escape freely. If the ventilation holes are clogged, gases can accumulate inside the battery and irreversibly damage it.

Never make direct conductive connection between both poles of the battery to avoid a short circuit and a risk of explosion of the battery.



Do not turn the battery upside down, the electrolyte can flow out.

If the electrolyte is spilled, wash the affected area with water and neutralize with lime.

Hand over the old inoperative battery for disposal.

# 3.6.28 Check of the screw connection tightening

• Check regularly that no bolted connections have been slackened. Use torque spanners to tighten.

	Torque					Torque				
	For 8,8 B	olts (8G)	For 10,9 B	olts (10K)			For 8,8 B	olts (8G)	For 10,9 E	Bolts (10K)
Thread	Nm	lb ft	Nm	lb ft		Thread	Nm	lb ft	Nm	lb ft
M6	10	7,4	14	10,3		M18x1,5	220	162,2	312	230,1
M8	24	25,0	34	25,0		M20	390	287,6	550	405,6
M8x1	19	14,0	27	19,9		M20x1,5	312	230,1	440	324,5
M10	48	35,4	67	49,4	]	M22	530	390,9	745	549,4
M10x1,25	38	28,0	54	39,8		M22x1,5	425	313,4	590	435,1
M12	83	61,2	117	86,2		M24	675	497,8	950	700,6
M12x1,25	66	48,7	94	69,3		M24x2	540	398,2	760	560,5
M14	132	97,3	185	136,4	]	M27	995	733,8	1400	1032,5
M14x1,5	106	78,2	148	109,1		M27x2	795	586,3	1120	826,0
M16	200	147,5	285	210,2		M30	1350	995,7	1900	1401,3
M16x1,5	160	118,0	228	168,1	1	M30x2	1080	796,5	1520	1121,0
M18	275	202,8	390	287,6						

Values given in the Table are the torques at dry tread (at coefficient of friction = 0,14). Such values do NOT apply to a greased thread.

### Table of torques used for cap nuts with sealing "O" ring - hoses

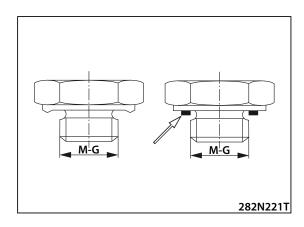
			Torques for cap nuts incl. "O" rii				ring - hoses		
			Nm			lb ft			
Spanner Size	Thread	Pipe	Nominal	Min	Max	Nominal	Min	Max	
14	12x1,5	6	20	15	25	15	11	18	
17	14x1,5	8	38	30	45	28	22	33	
10	16.15	8	45	20		22	20	20	
19	16x1,5	10	45	38	52	33	28	38	
22	10	50	50 20	22	42				
22	18x1,5	,5 12 51 43 58	58	38	32	43			
24	20x1,5	12	58	50	65	43	37	48	
27	22x1,5	14	74	74 60	88	55	44	65	
27		15	74						
30	24x1,5	16	74	60	88	55	44	65	
32	26x1,5	18	105	85	125	77	63	92	
36	202	20	135 115 155	155	155 100	85	114		
30	30x2	22		155					
41	36x2	25	166	140	192	122	103	142	
46	30X2	28	100	140	192	122	103	142	
50	42x2	30	240	210	270	177	155	199	
	45x2	35	290	255	325	214	188	240	
50	522	38	220	200	200	243	207	200	
	52x2	42	330	330 280	380			280	

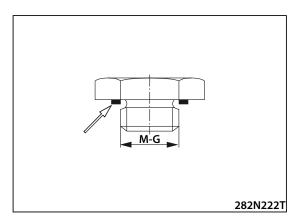
Chart for torques of necks with sealing edge or with flat gasket

Chart for torques of	plugs with	flat gasket
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	Neck Torques			
G -M	Nm	lb ft		
G 1/8	25	18		
G 1/4	40	30		
G 3/8	95	70		
G 1/2	130	96		
G 3/4	250	184		
G 1	400	295		
G 11/4	600	443		
G 11/2	800	590		
	•			
10 x 1	25	18		
12 x 1,5	30	22		
14 x 1,5	50	37		
16 x 1,5	60	44		
18 x 1,5	60	44		
20 x 1,5	140	103		
22 x 1,5	140	103		
26 x1,5	220	162		
27 x 1,5	250	184		
33 x 1,5	400	295		
42 x 1,5	600	443		
48 x 1,5	800	590		

	Plug Torques			
G-M	Nm	lb ft		
G 1/8	15	11		
G 1/4	33	24		
G 3/8	70	52		
G 1/2	90	66		
G 3/4	150	111		
G 1	220	162		
G 11/4	600	443		
G 11/2	800	590		
10 x 1	13	10		
12 x 1,5	30	22		
14 x 1,5	40	30		
16 x 1,5	60	44		
18 x 1,5	70	52		
20 x 1,5	90	66		
22 x 1,5	100	74		
26 x1,5	120	89		
27 x 1,5	150	111		
33 x 1,5	250	184		
42 x 1,5	400	295		
48 x 1,5	500	369		





# 3.7 Defects



Usually, defects are caused by incorrect operation of the machine. Therefore, in case of any troubles read again properly through the instructions given in the operation and maintenance manual for the machine and engine. If you cannot identify the cause, contact a service department of an authorised dealer or the manufacturer.



Troubleshooting in hydraulic and electric systems requires knowledge of these systems; therefore a service department of an authorised dealer or the manufacturer should be called to solve these problems.

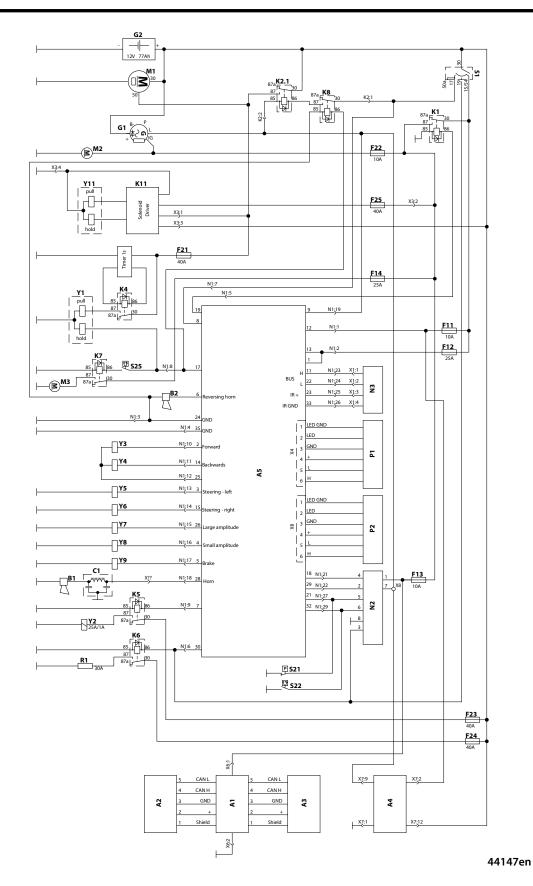
# **NOTES**

# **ELECTRICAL WIRING DIAGRAM LEGEND**

### 3.8.1 Wiring diagram

#### Legend:

- A1 Display ACEecon
- A2 Display ACEecon
- A3 Sensor, ACEecon
- A4 Monitoring device
- A5 Control unit
- B1 Horn
- B2 Reversing horn
- C1 Noise suppressing filter
- F11-14 Fuses
- F21-25 Fuses
  - G1 Alternator
  - G2 Battery
  - K1 Ignition relay
  - K2.1 Start-locking relay
  - K3 Time relay
  - K4 Pull solenoid relay
  - K5 Working speed relay
  - K6 Glowing relay
  - K7 Hydraulic oil cooler relay
  - K8 Immobilizer relay
  - K11 Solenoid exciter relay
  - M1 Starter
  - M2 Fuel pump
  - M3 Hydraulic oil cooler
  - N2 Display
  - N3 Remote control
  - P1 Front sensor
  - P2 Rear sensor
  - R1 Pre-heating
  - S1 Ignition switch
  - S21 Engine oil pressure sensor
  - S22 Coolant temperature sensor
  - S25 Hydraulic oil temperature sensor
  - Y1 Pull/holding solenoid
  - Y2 Working speed valve
  - Y3 Forward travel valve
  - Y4 Reverse travel valve Y5 Left-steering valve
  - Y6 Right-steering valve
  - Y7 High-amplitude vibration valve
  - Y8 Low-amplitude vibration valve
  - Y9 Parking brake valve
  - Y11 Holding valve



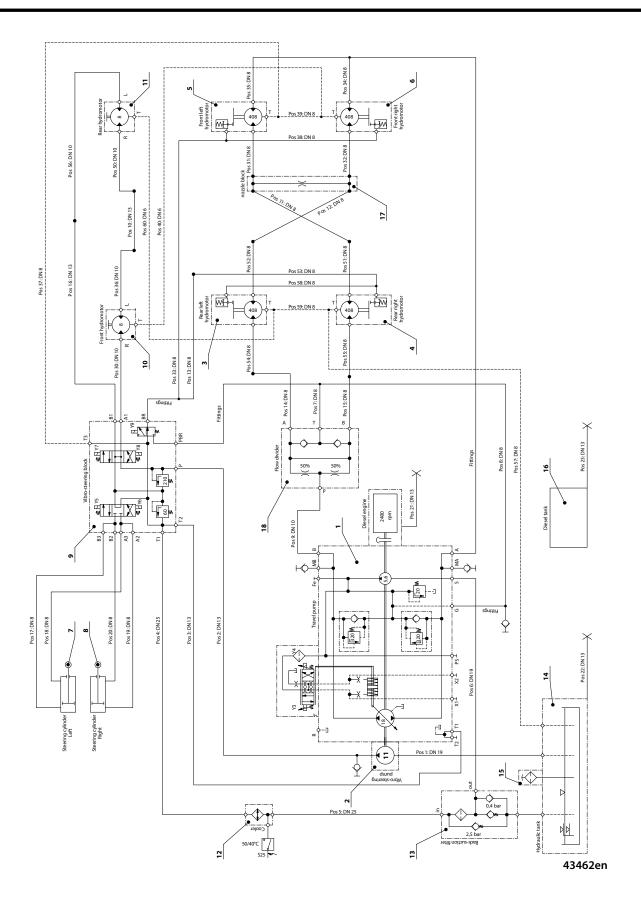
# **HYDRAULIC SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAM LEGEND**

#### 3.8.2 Hydraulic system diagram

# Legend:

- 1 Drive pump
- 2 Vibro-steering pump
- 3 Drive motor, rear left
- 4 Drive motor, rear right
- 5 Front left drive motor
- 6 Front right drive motor
- 7 Left steering cylinder
- 8 Right steering cylinder
- 9 Vibro steering/brake valve
- 10 Vibro motor, front
- 11 Vibro motor, rear
- 12 Oil cooler
- 13 Return-line suction filter
- 14 Hydraulic oil tank
- 15 Filler, ventilation filter
- 16 Diesel tank
- 17 Nozzle block
- 18 Flow divider

# **HYDRAULIC SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAM**



# 3.8.3 Table of spare parts

Chapter	Spare part	Order No.				
Every 10 hours of operation (daily)						
3.6.6	Dust valve	1227914				
Every 250 operatin	g hours					
3.6.15	Fan	1-952338				
3.6.15	Belt	1183743				
3.6.16	Engine oil filter	1-954075				
Every 500 hours of	operation, but at least once a year					
3.6.19	Fuel filter element	1-954197				
3.6.19	O-ring	76-10210355520				
3.6.19	Fuel filter element	1-954195				
3.6.20	Filter element	1300309				
3.6.20	Fuel filter element	1300308				
Every 1000 operati	ng hours					
3.6.21	Set of hydraulic oil filters	1182946				
3.6.21	Breather filter	1242184				
3.6.24	Drum rubber-metal	1217092				
Maintenance - As Needed						
3.6.25	Gas springs (2 pcs)	1205428				

# **NOTES**

# **OPERATION MANUAL**

# **HERE'S HOW TO GET HELP**

# PLEASE HAVE THE MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBER ON-HAND WHEN CALLING

# **UNITED STATES**

Multiquip Inc.

(310) 537- 3700 6141 Katella Avenue Suite 200 Cypress, CA 90630

E-MAIL: mq@multiquip.com WEBSITE: www.multiquip.com

#### **CANADA**

Multiquip

(450) 625-2244 4110 Industriel Boul. Laval, Quebec, Canada H7L 6V3 E-MAIL: infocanada@multiquip.com

#### **UNITED KINGDOM**

Multiquip (UK) Limited Head Office

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